Technology Roadmaps What Value for PSMC?

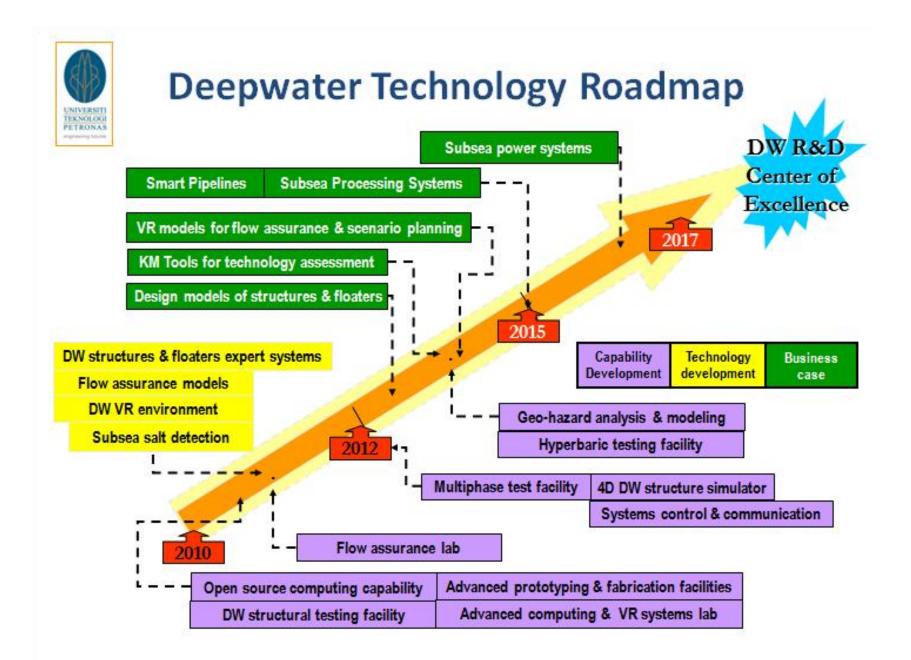
LMI PSMC – Mesa, AZ Dec 3-6, 2013

The Purpose of Technology Roadmapping

- Product planning
 - This is the most common type of a technology roadmap; linking the insertion of technologies into products.
- Program planning
 - This type is more directed to the implementation of strategy and related to project planning.

Technology Roadmap

- A plan that matches goals with specific technology solutions.
- Applies to a new product, process, or emerging technology.
- Helps reach a consensus about needs and the technologies required to satisfy those needs.
- Provides a mechanism to forecast technology developments and provides a framework to plan and coordinate technology developments.



Process

Technology roadmapping fits into corporate strategic planning, technology planning, and business development.

Three critical elements should be connected:

- needs,
- products
- technology.

MISSION	FUNCTIONS	CAPABILITIES (major)	TECHNOLOGIES (major)
Border security Inf Ma Communication Training and exercise Detection, Identification and authentication and authentication • Develop training, education and simulation facilities, Description: With the use of scenario and situation modeling, computer asided training, and simulation	Situation Awareness & Assessment (including Surveillance)	 Land wide area surveilance (Incl. border lines and Large regions) of people and vehicles Information availability, correlation and fusion Cross-analysis of databases, integrated visa/rumigration facilities control systems BLUE Wide Area Surveillance (EEZ and Beyond) in wide areas through active and passive means. Land small area surveillance of people, equipment and vehicles in controlled areas Permote detection of shipping containens Contrarity, coverage, performance (incl. UN); secure data link) Small area surveillance (Forts and Harbours) Areadopment and application analysis. Singli area surveillance of people, databases, integrated visa/rumigration facilities control systems Small area surveillance (Forts and Harbours) Areadopment and application analysis. Semantics, topology: development of topologies and ontologies to facilitate face schange based on semantic translations and common definitions contents. Semantics, topology: development of topologies and ontologies to facilitate functions systems. Semantics, topology: development of topologies and ontologies to facilitate functions definitions declinates and and regregional billy between current and future systems, domain different systems (i.e. civil and military) including data access control and data exchange systems (i.e. civil and military) including data access control and data exchange without source availability. 	FRID based tracing Digital signal processing technology Image / pattern processing technology Surveilance and maxigation satellities Data and information management technology (DB,) Urmarned land / sea / air webicles
unma • Sm De	detection of manned and need, UAV and light aircraft (II Blue area (Ports and Harbours) tection of large and small (fast) boats and aimmers Drugs, explosives, Viri, CBRN detection. Very fast early warning. After alert checking of type and identification. • Detection of people attempting to enter illege • UNDERWATER 3D, Detection of underwater at regulated borders (harbours). • Land Small area – detection of potential vehicle threats • Motion sensor sy • Hyper-spectral / multi-spectral processing. • Explosive detection sensors • Helicopters • S&R / IS&R equipment • Acoustic sensors • Rodar sensors	Earth Autonomous ervation small sensors	Figure 3 Border security - overview diagram of the main functions, capabilities and technologies

Preliminary Steps

1. satisfy essential conditions,

2. provide leadership / sponsorship

3. define the scope and boundaries

Essential Conditions

1. A need for the technology roadmap,

2. Input and participation from several different parts of the organization

Leadership / Sponsorship

- Committed leadership
 - time and effort is involved in creating the technology roadmap.
- Leadership and sponsorship
 - should come from one of the participants
- Roadmap

- used to make resource allocation decisions.

Define the scope and boundaries for the technology roadmap

• A vision that the roadmap can support

• Boundaries and the scope of the roadmap

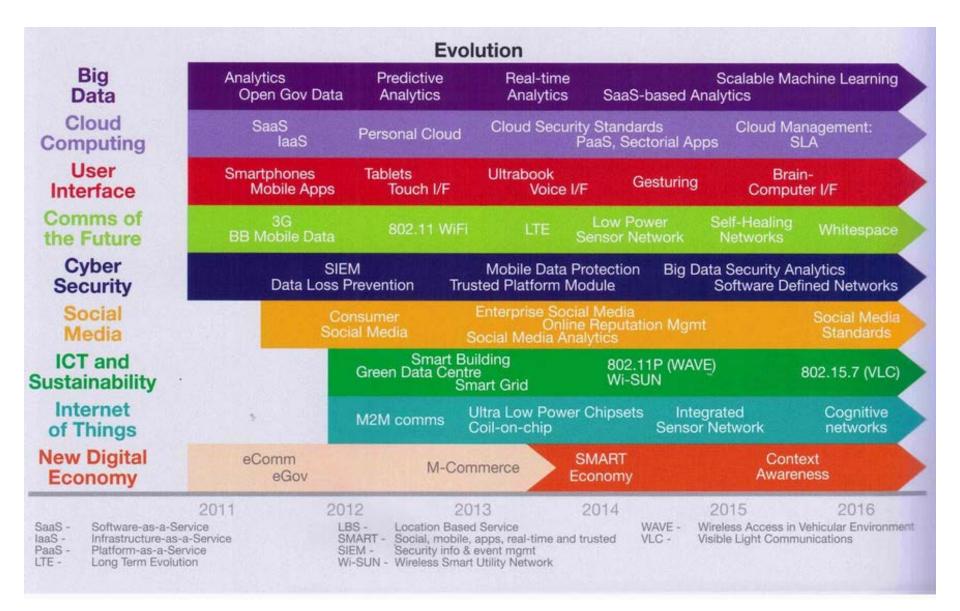
• Planning horizon and the level of details

7 Steps of Development

1. Identify the "product" - focus of the roadmap,

2. Identify critical system requirements and targets,

- 3. Specify major technology areas,
- 4. Specify the technology drivers and targets,
- 5. Identify technology alternatives and timelines,
- 6. Recommend technology alternatives to be pursued
- 7. create the technology roadmap



Identify the "product" that will be the focus of the roadmap

- Common product needs are identified and should be agreed on by all the participants.
- Acceptance of all groups for the process.
- In case of uncertainty of the product needs scenario-based planning can be used to determine the common product needs.

Identify the critical system requirements and their targets

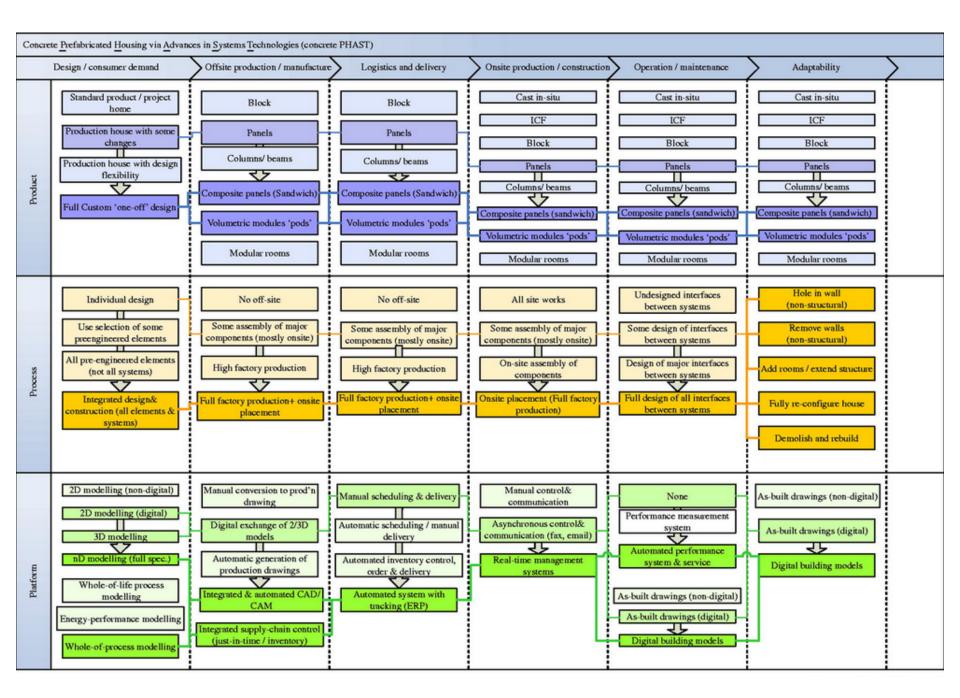
• Critical system requirements provide the overall framework for the technology roadmap.

• Requirements can have targets like reliability and costs.

Specify the Major Technology Areas

• These are the areas which can help achieve the critical system requirements

 Technology areas may include several different technologies



Specify the technology drivers and their targets

- Critical system requirements are transformed into technology drivers (with targets)
- Drivers are the critical variables that will determine which technology alternatives are selected.
- Drivers depend on the technology areas but they relate to how the technology addresses the critical system requirements.

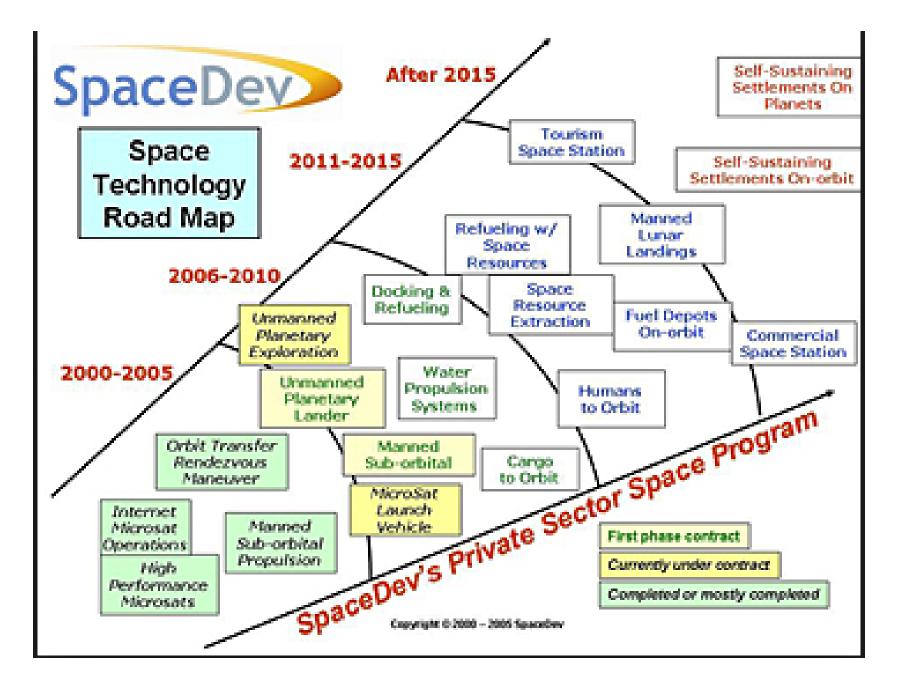
Identify Technology Alternatives and their Timelines

 Technology drivers and their targets are specified and the technology alternatives that can satisfy those targets are specified

• For each of the alternatives a timeline is estimated for how it will mature with respect to the technology driver targets.

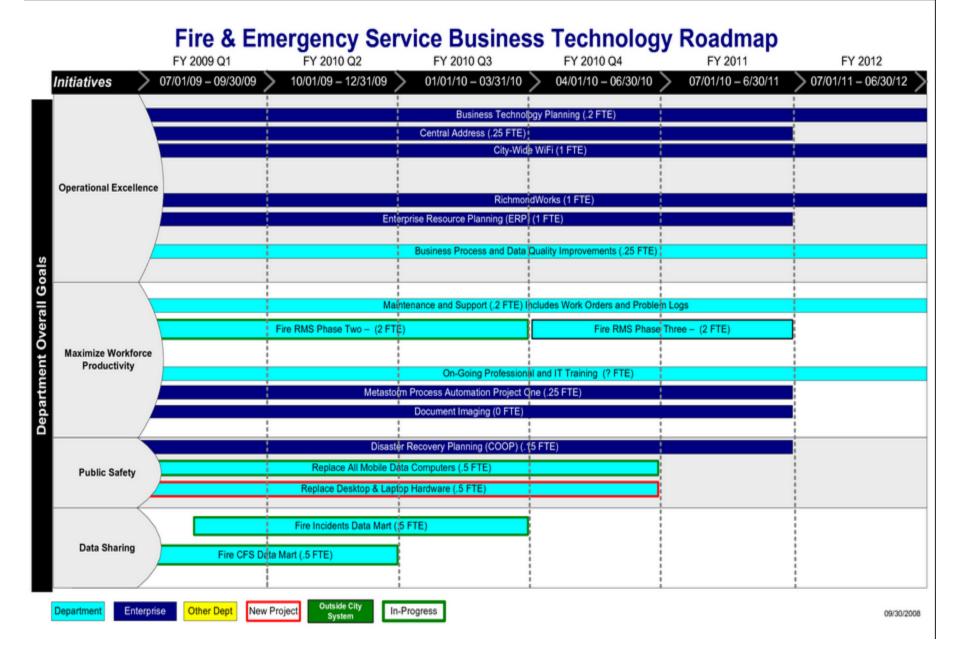
Recommend the technology alternatives that should be pursued

- Alternatives may differ in costs and timeline
- These alternatives will be pursued
- Trade-offs aremade between different alternatives for different targets, performance over costs and even target over target.



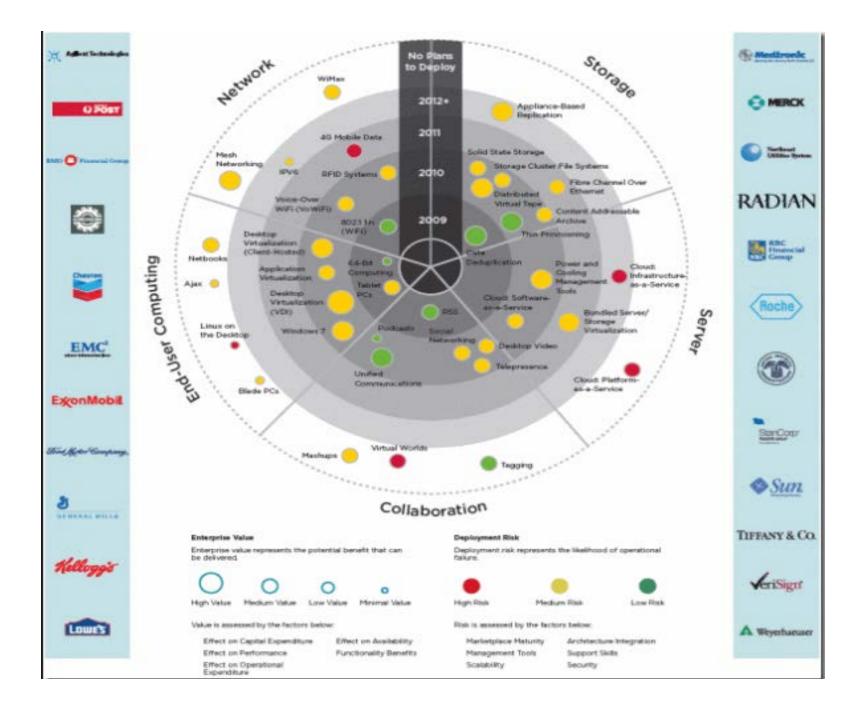
Technology Roadmap Report

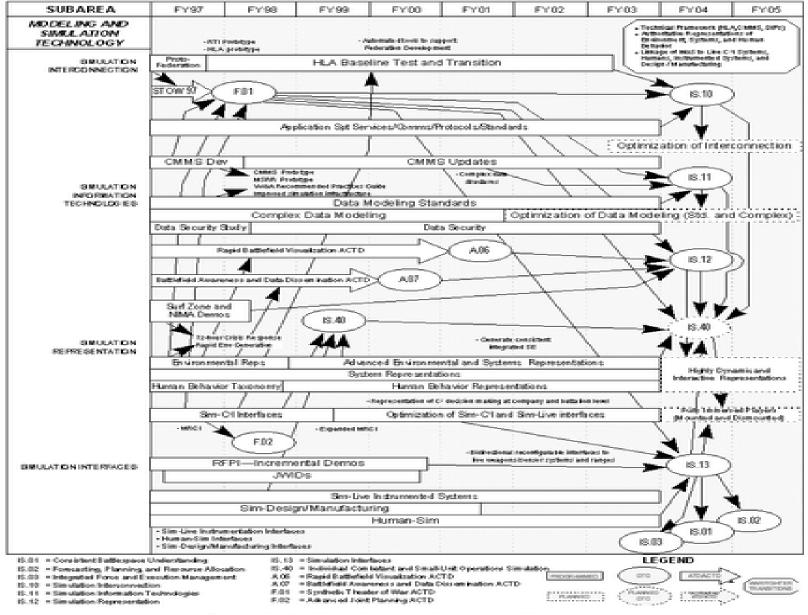
- Identification and description of each technology area
- Critical factors
- Unaddressed areas
- Implementation recommendations
- Technical recommendations.



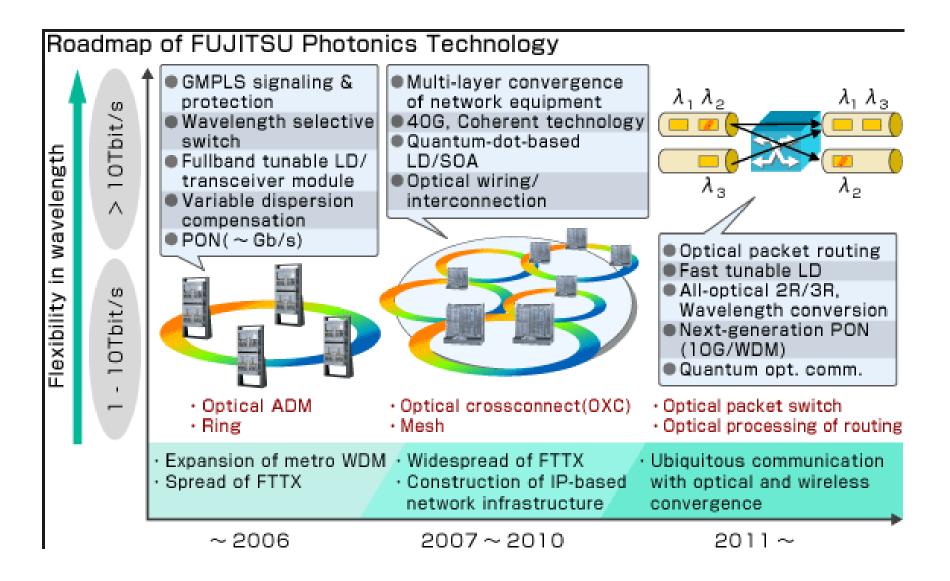
Knowledge and skills required

- Requires certain knowledge and skills
- Some participants must know the process of technology roadmapping.
- Group-process and interpersonal skills required
- Process includes a lot of discussion
- May need a facilitator.



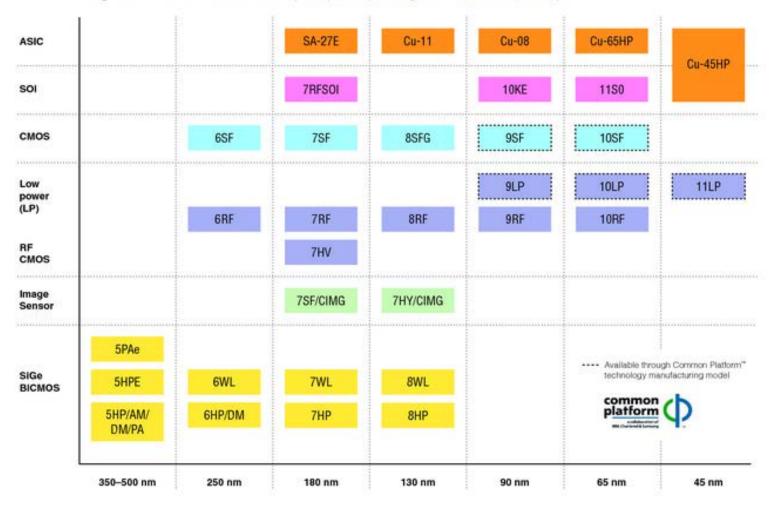






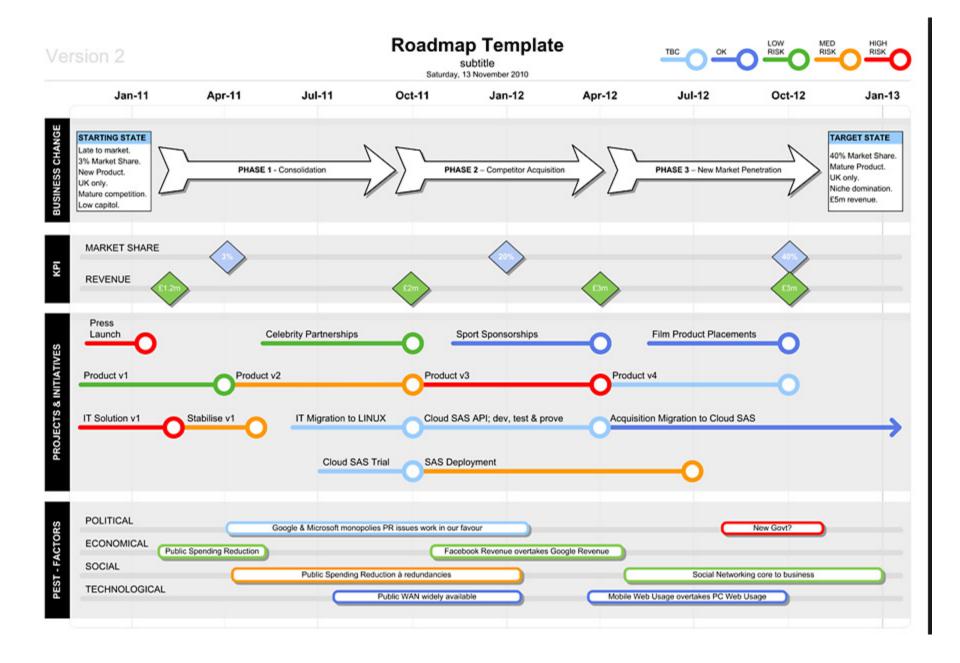
IBM Semiconductor technology roadmap

View the Power.org Power Architecture Processor Roadmap at http://www.power.org/resources/devcorner/roadmap.



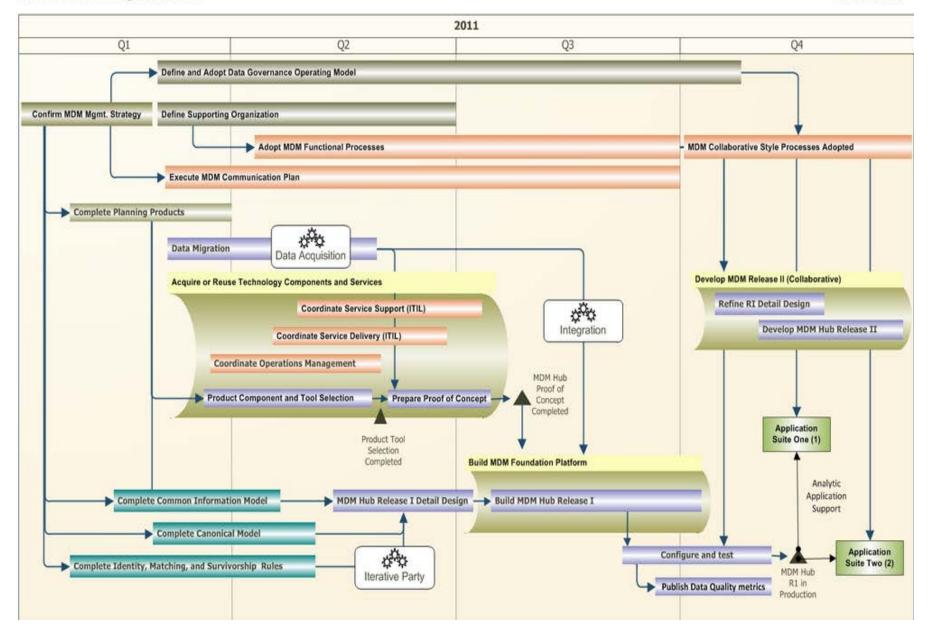


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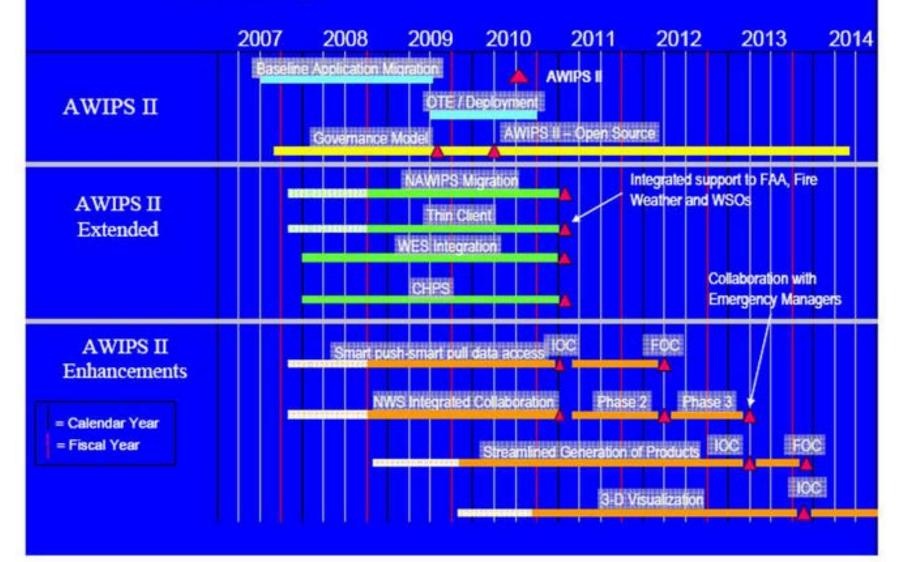


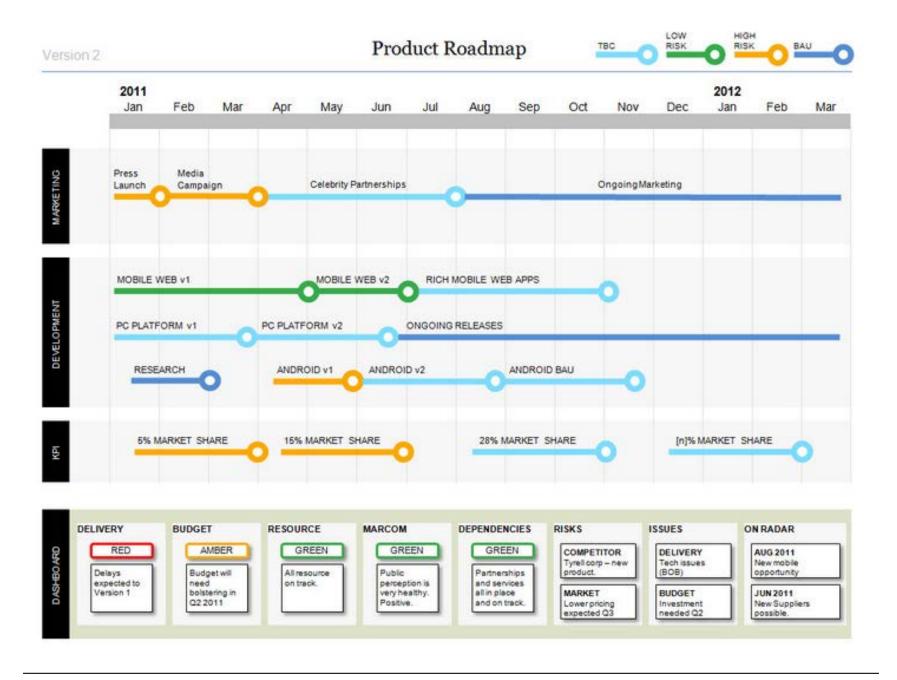
Master Data Management Plan

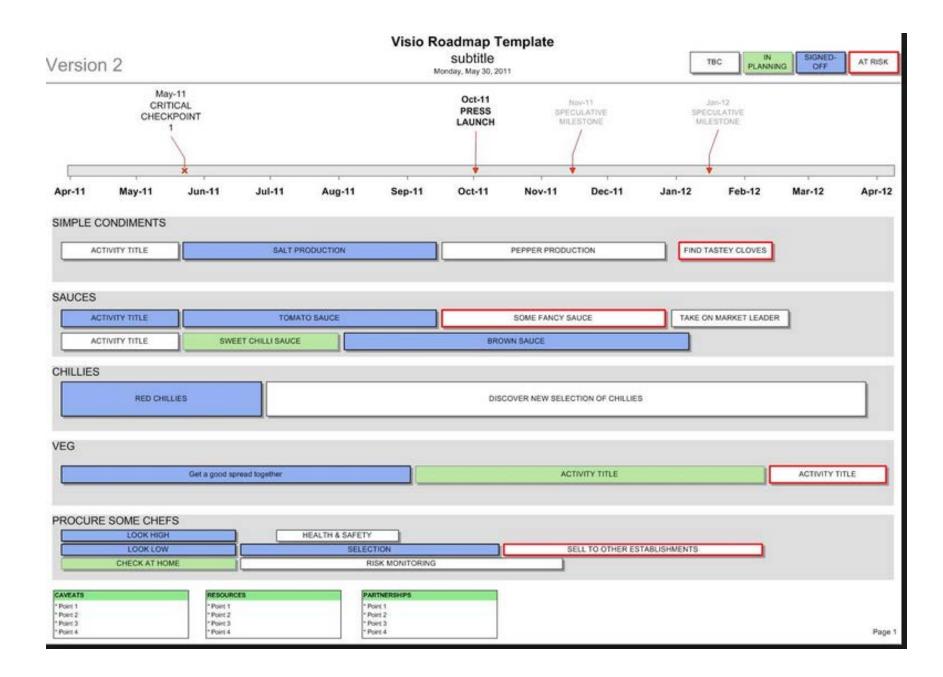
December 2010



AWIPS Technology Infusion Roadmap

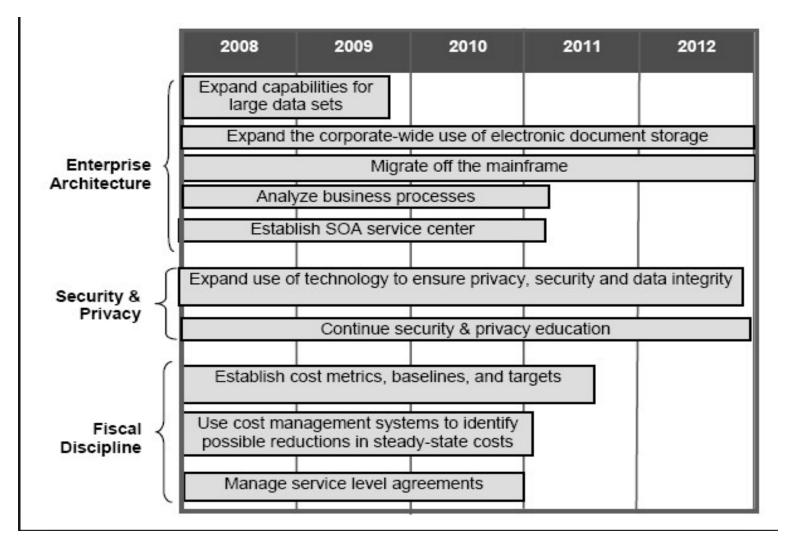






Useful or Not?

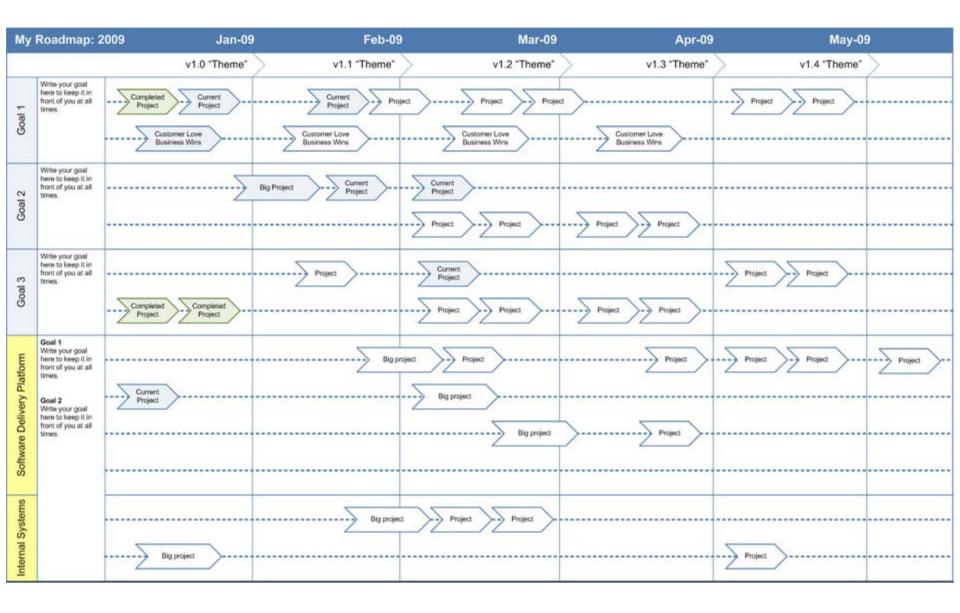
Discussion

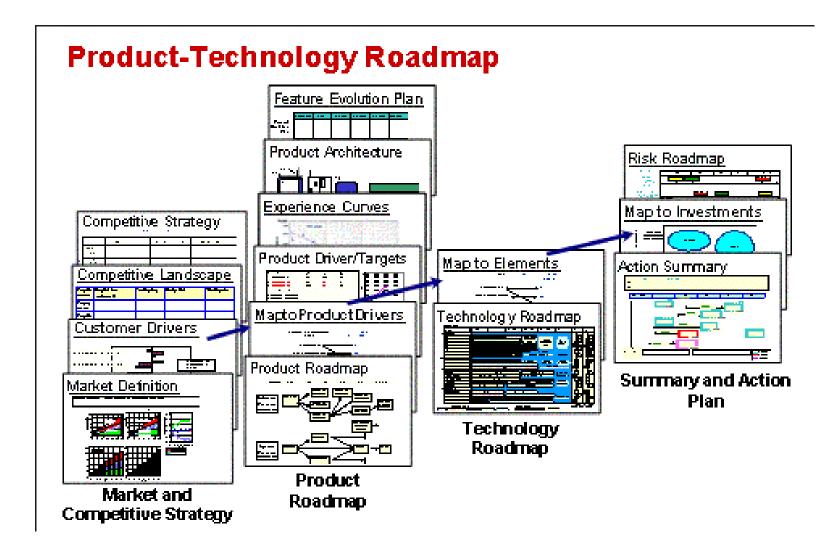


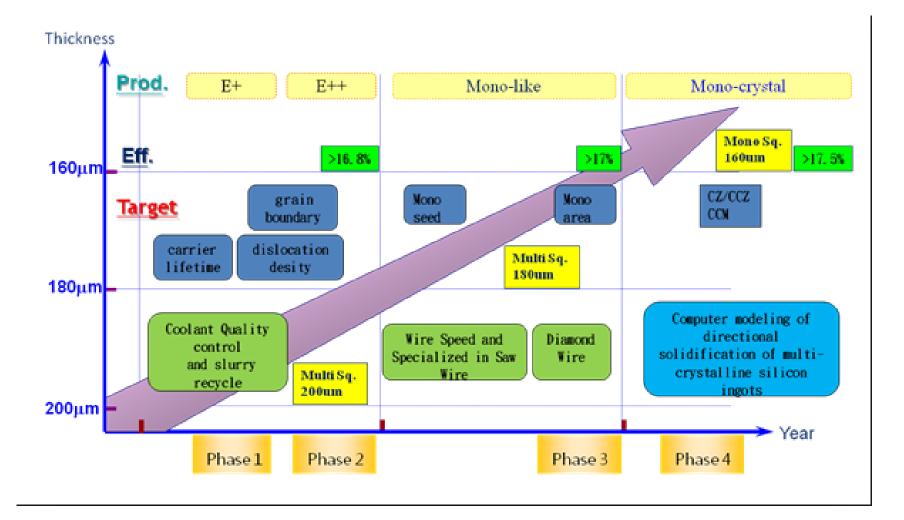
Roadmap Questionaire

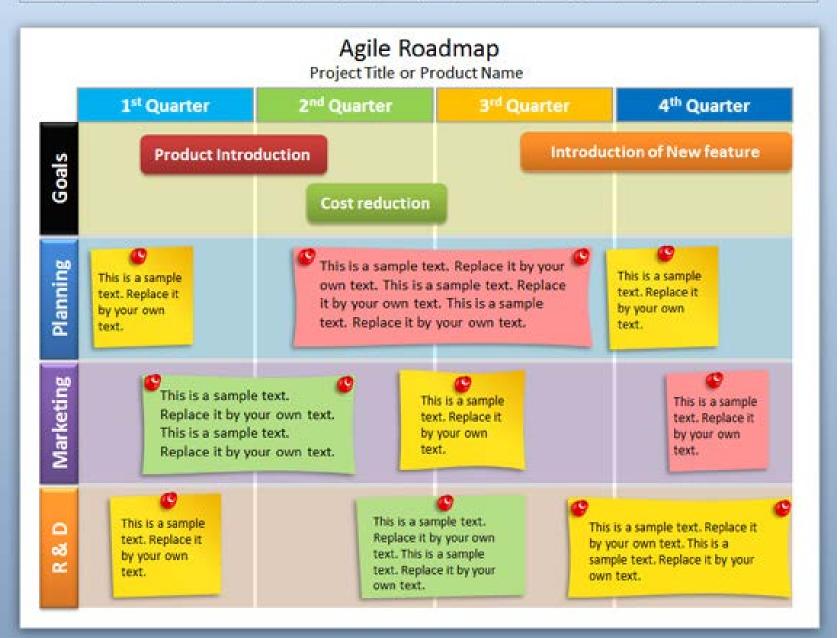
Your Company name:							
Field your company is working in: (please tick a box)	materials	tools	technology	water,cells or modules	other, please state		
I would like to get more involved in the roadmap activity	yes	no					
I would like to get information, if there are any news	yes	no	1				
Name :							
email for contact:							

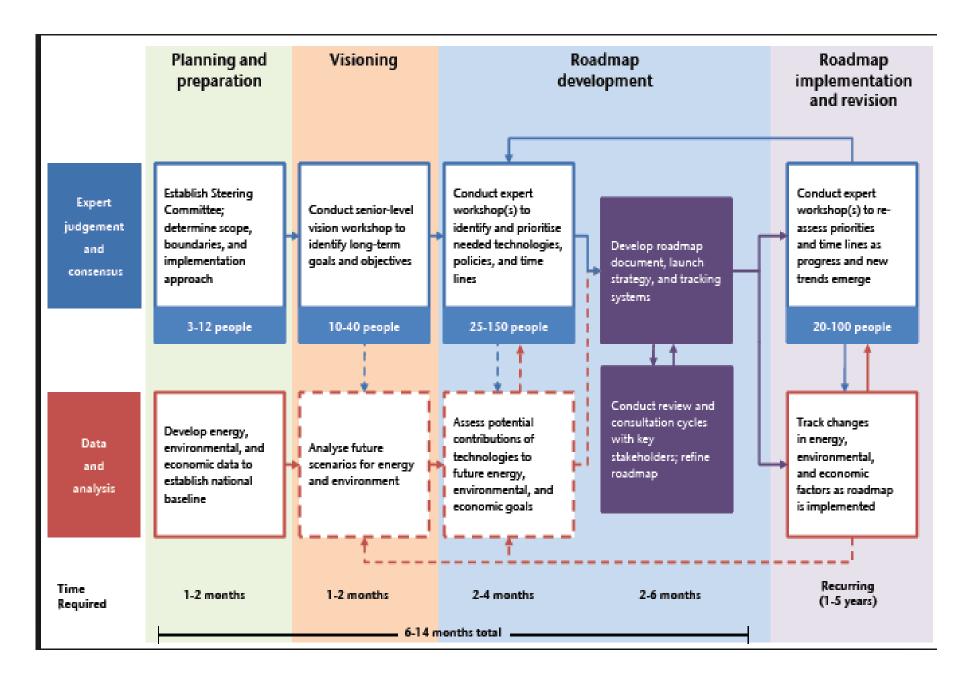
			Road	map Foru	um - give	e us you	ır view			
Your priority 1 important 2 interesting 3 not needed		2009	2010	2011	2013	2015	2017	2020	Remarks	Your comment
	Materials									
	Wafer Geometry									
	Thickness mono (µm)	180	180	160	140	130	110	100	Average of as cut thickness, measured according to Din EN 50513,	
	Your view on data									
	Thickness multi incl. ribbon [µm]	180	180	160	145	135	120	100		
	Your view on data									
	TTV [μm]	27.5	27.5	25	17.5	17.5	15	12.5	Total thickness variation measured according to Din EN 50513	
	Your view on data									
	Larger wafer than 156mm x 156mm	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Yes= 1/No=0	
	Your view on data								Please suggest size in comment.	
	Status rating wafer	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	see legend below	
	Your status rating								See regend below	
	-									
	Heavy metals in metallization ink [yes/no]	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Yes= 1/ No=0 heavy metals shall be added	
	Your view								on purpose. Traces smaler 0,001% shall be	
	Deduce de Intelli	A s should	he circulter	ath and and	Lee 0040					
	Reduce Ag [g/cell] Ag should be significantly reduced from 2013 on									
	Your view									
	Which materials to replace Ag ?									
	Additionally								Should there be additional parameter like	
	Your view	_							e.g. minority carrier lifetime for wafer or	
	Your view	_							like e.g. replacement of harzardous	
	Your view	_							chemicals ? Please make your suggestion	
	Your view									
					Process					
		_							percentage of incoming products including	
									handling that exhibit mechanical damage	
	mechanical yield loss	2.5	2	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	handling that exhibit mechanical damage after process referring to above given water	
	mechanical yield loss Status rating yield loss with colour	2.5	2	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	after process referring to above given water	
	mechanical yield loss Status rating yield loss with colour Your view on status rating	2.5	2	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	handling that exhibit mechanical damage after process referring to above given water see legend below	
	Status rating yield loss with colour	2.5	0	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	after process referring to above given water	
	Status rating yield loss with colour Your view on status rating Your view on data	2.5	0	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	after process referring to above given water	
	Status rating yield loss with colour Your view on status rating	2.5	2	1.5	1.3	1.14	0.9	0.9	after process referring to above given water	

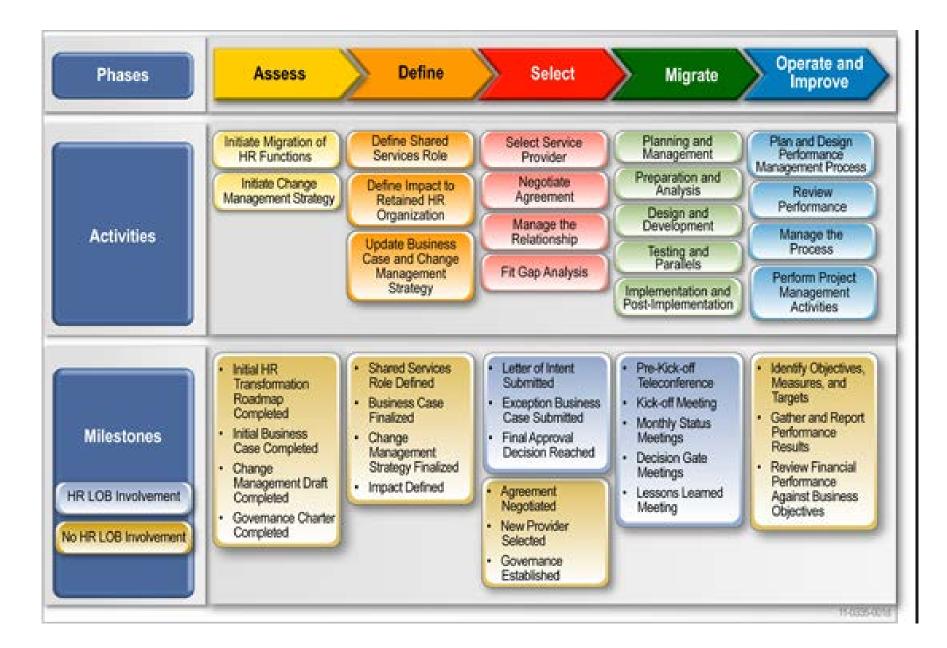


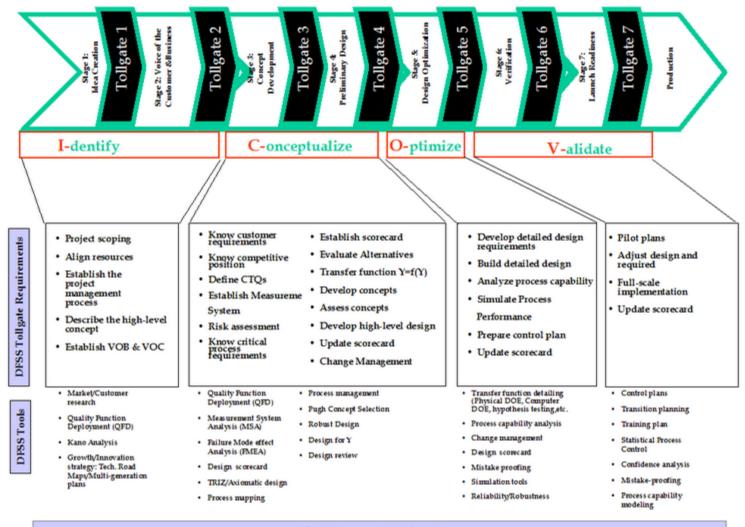












Risk Assessment & Mitigation

