January 23, 2019

MEMORANDUM FOR FEDERAL CATALOGING COMMITTEE (FCC) MEMBERS

SUBJECT: Administrative Approved Cataloging Data Change (ACDC) 0012, Creation of New
           Data Record Number (DRN) GLN_9568 for Global Location Number (GLN)

       We are forwarding the attached approved administrative change, which documents the addition of a new Data Record Number (DRN) GLN_9568 for the Global Location Number (GLN) as requested by the National Directors on Codification Allied Committee 135 (AC/135) via Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) J3. The requested DRN was created on January 18th, 2019.

       Addressees may direct questions to the Cataloging Data Standards (CDS) Team at EBSO.CDS@dla.mil.

                              HEIDI M. DAVEREDE
                              Director
                              Enterprise Business Standards Office

Attachment
As stated

cc:
FCC Secretariat

Attachment to Administrative ACDC 0012 Creation of New Data Record Number GLN_9568 for Global Location Number

1   ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

1.1   ORIGINATING SERVICE/AGENCY:

Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) J3

Allied Committee 135 (AC/135) - **Panel A tracking number: NCSCR 132-08**

1.2   POINTS OF CONTACT:

Chris Asselin, DLA J3, Christopher.asselin@dla.mil

Woodrow Haroff, DLA J3, Woodrow.haroff@dla.mil

1.3   EXPEDITED HANDLING REQUIRED: NO

1.4   ADMINISTRATIVE CDC ELIGIBLE CODE TABLE CHANGES: N/A

2   IMPACT

2.1   TARGET SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION DATE

Change is administrative in nature. The request for the creation of this NATO only Data Record Number (DRN) was requested and approved via the Allied Committee 135 (AC/135). This change documents the creation of the requested DRN as of January 18, 2019.

2.2   AFFECTED PUBLICATIONS AND/OR TRANSACTIONS

☑	Publications/Transaction	Correlating Volume
	Document Identifier Codes (Input/Output Fixed Length)	Volume 8
	Document Identifier Codes (Input/Output Variable Length)	Volume 9
	Cataloging Data Element or Dictionary	Volume 10
	Federal Logistics Information System (FLIS) Edits and Validations	Volume 11
	Data Dictionary, Standard Federal Supply Class (FSC) Data	Volume 12
	Major Organizational Entity (MOE) Rule Data	Volume 13
	Cataloging Transaction	N/A
X	General Cataloging Data Standard	N/A

2.3 AFFECTED SYSTEMS

☑	System Requiring Change
	Characteristics / Taxonomy
	eCAT
X	FLIS
	FLIS Portfolio Workbench (FPW)
	Provisioning Module
	WebFLIS
X	Other (Service/Agency Systems)
	Schema XML Element; AC/135 Schema; FLIS Report

2.4 AFFECTED DB2 TABLES

This change requires an update to a viewable data within FLIS. It also requires the inclusion of the new data element in a report generated by DLA J62. No DB2 Tables are affected by this change.

3 REQUESTED CHANGE

3.1 BRIEF OVERVIEW OF CHANGE

This change documents the addition of a new Data Record Number (DRN) GLN_9568 for the Global Location Number (GLN) as requested by the National Directors on Codification Allied Committee 135 (AC/135) via Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) J3.

3.2 REQUESTED CHANGE IN DETAIL

The Data Record Number (DRN) is a four position numeric code assigned to a data element in the Federal Logistics Information System (FLIS) or the FLIS Portfolio Workbench (FPW) Customer Data Schema. The DRN is utilized for edits and validations of data within transactions or Hypertext Markup Language (XML) schemas, and allows the transmitted data to be both viewable and reportable within FLIS.

The Allied Committee 135 (AC/135) requested the creation of a new DRN for a data element called the Global Location Number (GLN). This DRN will be used within an XML Based Schema to convey information between FLIS and/or international or North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Cataloging customers.

The Global Location Number (GLN) is managed by the GS1 standards body. The GLN code enables organizations to uniquely identify locations, provide physical location of assets, electronic messaging between customers and suppliers, and several other business processes. This identifier is compliant with ISO/IEC 6523. It is frequently used in Electronic Data Interchange (EDI).

Locations identified with GLN could be a physical location such as a warehouse or a legal entity such as a company or customer or a function that takes place within a legal entity. It can also be used to identify something as specific as a particular shelf in a store. Being able to identify locations with a unique number is a key to many business processes. The GLN is used in electronic messaging between customers and suppliers, where location advice is important. GLN is also used within companies to identify specific locations both electronically in a database and physically where the GLN can be produced in a bar code or GS1 Electronic Product Code (EPC) tag.

As the request for a new DRN for GLN was pre-coordinated and approved by AC/135 (Panel A tracking number: NCSCR 132-08), it meets the eligibility for Administrative ACDC processing. This Administrative ACDC also serves as documentation of AC/135's approval.

See enclosure for information to be added to FLIS and made viewable in reports generated by J62.

3.3   REASON FOR CHANGE
The addition of DRN GLN_9568 allows international users to transmit the GLN Code via XML transactions. The GLN performs many business processes that aid NATO countries in uniquely identifying locations. Failure to add this element would result in validation issues and prevent the code from being conveyed back and forth.

3.4   REVISIONS TO CATALOGING DATA AND TRANSACTION STANDARDS
No impact on Cataloging Data and Transaction Standards.

ENCLOSURE

Information to be added to FLIS and made viewable in reports generated by J62 for DRN GLN_9568.

DRN	GLN_9568
Host/COBOL Name:	GLN-9568
DB2 Element Name	No DB2 Tables Associated with this DRN
Format (FV, Type, LG)	Fixed, Numerical, 14
Clear Text Name of the Host/COBOL Name	GLOBAL LOCATION NUMBER
Clear Text DRN Definition:	A code allocated to Manufacturers, Non-Manufacturers and Organisations by a GS1 Member Organisation to identify their locations. GLN is a key concept in Electronic Data Interchange (EDI).
Segment	8-XML