



LOGISTICS AND  
MATERIEL READINESS

## OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

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WASHINGTON, DC 20301-3000

DLM 4000.25, Volume 4, May 4, 2018  
Change 9

### DEFENSE LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM VOLUME 4, MILITARY STANDARD BILLING SYSTEM - FINANCE CHANGE 9

I. This change to DLM 4000.25, Defense Logistics Management Standard (DLMS), Volume 4, April 11, 2012, is published by direction of the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Supply Chain Integration under the authority of DoD Instruction (DoDI) 4140.01, "DoD Supply Chain Materiel Management Policy," December 14, 2011. Unless otherwise noted, revised text in the manual is identified by ***bold, italicized*** print. Exceptions are when an entire chapter or appendix is replaced, a new one added, or an administrative update is made. Administrative updates in Change 9 include the following: Abbreviations such as etc., e.g., and i.e. are incorporated inside the parentheses. Occurrences of "shall" are changed to "will" per a style change for DoD issuances. References to "(DLA) Transaction Services" are changed to "Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS)" and "DLA Logistics Information Services" to "Logistics Information Services. In addition, minor typographical and similar editing errors in previous versions have been corrected.

II. This change includes Approved Defense Logistics Management Standards (DLMS) Changes (ADC) published by Enterprise Business Standards Office memorandum:

A. ADC 1151 dated September 14, 2017. Removes references to specific record retention periods for documents/transactions, and advises the Components to retain data created as a result of DLMS business processes in accordance with the DODI 5015.02, DOD Records Management Program. Revises Chapter 2 and Chapter 6.

B. ADC 1213A dated September 7, 2017. Corrects a gap in the DLMS 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply transaction, for Materiel Return Program (MRP) credit (legacy Document Identifier Code FTB functionality). The DLMS 812L procedures include a scenario where the billing office approves the MRP credit, but the credit is pending and there is not an assigned credit bill number. For the DLMS 812L, American National Standards Institute (ANSI) X12 syntax rules require an entry in the data element field for the bill number. This change defines how to accommodate the syntax requirement even though a bill number is not yet available for the MRP credit. Revises DLMS IC 812L and the legacy DIC FTB.

III. The list below identifies the chapters, appendices, or other files from the manual that are updated by this change:

**Added or Replaced Files**


Change History Page

Change Letter

Chapter 2

Chapter 6

IV. This change is incorporated into the on-line DLM 4000.25 series of manuals and the PDF files containing the entire set of change files on the publications page of the Defense Logistics Managements Standards Website: [www.dla.mil/does/dlms-pubs](http://www.dla.mil/does/dlms-pubs)



for

Jan Mulligan  
Performing the Duties of  
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense  
for Supply Chain Integration

# VOLUME 4 – Military Standard Billing System - Finance

## PROCESS CHANGE HISTORY

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
221A	8/3/2011	<p><b>Revised Procedures associated with the DLMS Enhancement for Communication of Unit Price.</b>                      This change revises procedures for DLA Transaction Services Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS) conversion mapping from DLMS to MILS legacy 80 record position formats to block the perpetuation of any price exceeding 7 positions (5 digits' dollars and 2 digits' cents), and block the perpetuation of any price consisting of all "9"s. The change allows the Navy ERP to accept items whose price is larger than \$100,000. Revises DLMS Supplements 511R, Requisition, 511M, Requisition Modification, 527D, Due-in/Advance Receipt /Due Verification, 527R, Receipt, Inquiry, Response and MRA, 536L, Logistics Reassignment Management Data, 810L, Logistics Bill, 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply, 812R, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request, 846D, Logistics Reassignment Transfer and Decapitalization, 856S, Shipment Status, and 869F, Requisition Follow-Up.</p>	0

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
274	4/1/2008	<p><b>DLMS and DLSS Changes to Support Army Exchange Pricing. This change makes changes to support Army Exchange Pricing.</b> Army Managed National Stock Numbered (NSN) items that are on an existing or planned national repair program, will have an Exchange Price (EP), which represents the Latest Repair Cost plus a recovery rate. Essentially, those nationally repaired items will be issued at a discounted price based upon an expected return. If EP items are not returned within the established timeline (Delta Delay Days), the process will generate a Delta Bill (SP minus EP), which would result in a net cost of the full Standard Price to the customer. The Exchange Price will only be applicable to Army EP customers. All other customers will be charged the Standard Price. Revises Chapter 2 and Appendix 2.5.</p>	0
275	4/3/2008	<p><b>Administrative Changes to Eliminate Override Procedures for DLMS Supplements 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply and 812R, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request.</b> This change modifies the 812L and 812R DLMS Supplements to clearly identify as an enhancement (not approved for current use) the use of Table 1 Code Source Information in cases where the Agency code is applicable to all Table 2 iterations. This change also removes the use of override procedures for Code Source information, as override is no longer recognized as recommended procedure.</p>	0
280	8/8/2008	<p><b>PQDR/SDR/TDR Credit Tracking.</b> This change to MILSBILLS will allow for better tracking of credits for PQDRs, SDRs and TDRs. Revises Chapter 4, Appendix 2.3, and Appendix 2.5.</p>	0

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
289	10/21/2009	<b>Revisions to Security Assistance Program Procedures, Modification of the Definition of the Security Assistance Type of Assistance and Financing Codes (MILSTRIP/Supply) and Policy Change to Billing Procedures.</b> This change accommodates the inclusion of a paragraph on the timeframe for shipments using a Required Availability Date (RAD), the use of extended Required Delivery Dates (RDDs), a paragraph regarding possible storage charges for materiel awaiting Notice of Availability (NOA) responses, and some minor changes to program names and acronyms. Revises Chapter 2.	0
290	6/24/2008	<b>Administrative Revisions to the DLMS Supplements 810, Logistics Bill, 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply and 812R, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request.</b> This change adds additional qualifier codes to DLMS Financial Supplements and to make administrative changes to achieve consistency among the Supplements. Revises DLMS Supplements 810L Logistics Bill, 812L Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply and 812R Logistics Bill Adjustment Request, and Chapter 2, DLMS Billing.	0
294	7/31/2008	<b>Elimination of Treasury Suspense Account F388.</b> Eliminated Treasury Suspense Account F3885, which was a suspense account used to temporarily hold unmatched financial transactions. Treasury stated that this account is no longer authorized for use. Revises Chapter 5, Interfund Billing System Procedures, and Appendix AP2.2, Fund Codes.	0
315	1/5/2009	<b>Administrative Change to DLMS Note for Fund Code in DLMS 810L, Logistics Bill.</b> This change modifies the DLMS Supplement 810L to incorporate an administrative change to correct an incorrect DLMS note regarding the qualifier DG (Fund Code), which incorrectly states that the fund code may not be used with Interfund bills.	0

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
324	6/24/2009	<p><b>DLMS Procedures for Materiel Returns from National Inventory Management Strategy (NIMS) Sites and Industrial Sites under Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC).</b> This change documents procedures for materiel returns to DLA as partially implemented under the National Inventory Management Strategy (NIMS) and as planned in support of the 2005 Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) decision. The change addresses communications among customers, the distribution depot, and the DLA ICP, along with establishing new procedures for authorizing and processing customer credit. Finalization of the returns procedures required recurring DLMSO interaction with the BRAC team to achieve correct business rules and documentation of these rules in the applicable DoD manuals. Revises Chapter 2.</p>	0
328	7/28/2009	<p><b>“Off-Line” Requisition Processing: Internet Ordering Application Request for Component Verification of Funds Availability and Recording of the Financial Obligation.</b> This change requests an interface be established between the various internet ordering applications and the applicable Component financial application, so that fund availability can be checked before allowing the requisition to be processed, and, as a separate, subsequent action, establish the associated obligation within the applicable financial system. Revises Appendices AP2, Verification of Funds Request, and AP3, Verification of Funds Reply; DLMS Supplement 9DS) Revision of 511R, Requisition.</p>	0
332	7/8/2009	<p><b>Intra-Navy Exchange Price Billing for Depot Level Repairables.</b> The purpose of this change is to map the Navy’s current billing transactions for depot level repairables (DLRs) under the Navy Carcass Tracking program to the DLMS Supplement 810L, Logistics Bill. This change will support the Navy migration to DLMS, and will support mapping in a mixed DLMS/MILS environment. Revision to DLMS Supplement 810L, Logistics Bill.</p>	0

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
346	10/26/2009	<b>DLMS Interfund Billing System Procedures.</b> This change publishes procedures for DoD 4000.25-M, Defense Logistics Management System (DLMS) Volume 4 (Finance), Chapter 5 - Interfund Billing System Procedures.	0
350	11/16/2009	<b>Navy Budget Project for Billing.</b> The purpose of this change is to map the Navy's current MILS billing transactions for the Summary Bill to the DLMS Supplement 810L, Logistics Bill by including a DLMS qualifier called "budget project identifier" for Navy "budget project". This change will support the Navy migration to DLMS, and will support mapping in a mixed DLMS/MILS environment.	0
435	10/3/2011	<b>Use of Referential Data to Support Standard Financial Information Structure (SFIS).</b> This changes provides for the Component and Agency preferred solution of exchanging SFIS accounting data elements using referential data keyed on a fund code. DLA Transaction Services will develop and host an expanded fund code table on DAAS, which will be the master reference table for SFIS data to be maintained. The ADC also modifies specified DLMS transactions to add Business Partner Number (BPN) as an authorized DLMS enhancement, which may be an issue for non-DoD buyers and sellers to accommodate. Revises DLMS Supplement (DS) 511R, Requisition, 511M Requisition Modifier, 869F, Requisition Follow Up, 180M Material Returns Reporting, 517M, Material Obligation Validation, 867I, Issue, 940R, Material Release, 856S, Ship Notice/Manifest, 842 A/W Supply Discrepancy Report, 810L, Logistics Bill, 517G, Government Furnished Material (GFM) Validation, 527D, Due in/Advance Receipt/Due Verification, 527R, Receipt, Inquiry, Response and MRA, 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply, 812R, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request , 842A/R Standard Supply Discrepancy Report Reply, 867D, Demand Reporting, 869A, Requisition Inquiry/Supply Assistance Request, 869C, Requisition Cancellation, 945A, Material Release Advise, and 947I, Inventory Adjustment (Applies to 4010 as well).	0

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
450	2/14/2012	<b>Elimination of the DLMS Request for Implementation Date Procedures for Component System Changes.</b> The RFID letter/process, as currently published in the DoD 4000.25 family of manuals is eliminated. Implementation dates will be requested at the time of issuance of the PDC. The revised procedure will incorporate the request for and negotiation of an agreement upon implementation dates embedded in the PDC/ADC process. Revises Chapter 1	0
469	2/23/2012	<b>Consolidating MILSBILLS into DLMS Volume 5, Finance.</b> This change consolidates and updates chapters of DoD 4000.25-7-M (MILSBILLS) with the DoD 4000.25-M (DLMS) Finance volume to enable DLMS Volume 4 to be a single manual for DLMS/MILS logistics billing. Revises DLMS Volume 4.	0
1009A	8/6/2014	<b>DLMS Enhancements for Requisitioning to Improve Use of Mark-for Addressing, Expand Authorized Priority Designator Validation, Correct EMALL Purchase/Credit Card Format Rules, and Require Distribution of Status for Requisitions associated with Purchase/Credit Card Payment.</b> This change establishes revised procedures for formatting the DLMS requisition transactions with impact to multiple functional processes. It also establishes XP fund code on the Fund Code to Billed Office DoDAAC table to denote DOD EMALL credit card billing for all Components and Agencies. Revises Chapter 2, Billing Procedures and DLMS Implementation Conventions (ICs) 511M, 511R, 856S, 869A, 869F, 870S, 940R, and 945A.	4



ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1043A	8/20/2014	<p><b>Revised Procedures for Department of Defense (DOD) Standard Line of Accounting (SLOA)/Accounting Classification to Support Transaction Rejection Requirements.</b> Amends ADC 1043 guidance regarding rejection transactions returned when DLMS transactions include discrete SLOA data elements that do not correspond to the entries in the SFIS Fund Code to Fund Code Account Conversion Table for the Fund Code in the transaction. Revises Chapter 6, Defense Automatic Addressing System and DLMS 824R, 180M, 511M, 511R, 517M, 810L, 842A/W, 856S, 867I, 869F, and 940R.</p>	4
1043B	10/1/2014	<p><b>Revised Procedures for Department of Defense (DOD) Standard Line of Accounting (SLOA)/Accounting Classification to Modify Business Rules for Beginning Period of Availability Fiscal Year Date.</b> Amends ADC 1043 to revise the business rules within the DLMS and the Web Fund Code Application to allow the SLOA data element, Beginning Period of Availability Fiscal Year Date, to be used in DLMS transactions to represent Program Year when the Availability Type Code is X, which indicates No Year, non-expiring funds. Revises Appendix 4, Web Fund Code Master File Layout and DLMS 180M, 511M, 511R, 517M, 810L, 842A/W, 856S, 867I, 869F, and 940R.</p>	4

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1043C	12/22/2014	<p><b>Administrative Corrections for SLOA Data the 810L Logistics Bill and other DLMS ICs.</b> Amends ADC 1043 to remove SLOA data element Budget Line Item from the header, as it has no apparent applicability to the header (summary bill), corrects DLMS notes erroneously applying or omitting references to the line of accounting data elements being modifiable in certain ICs, and changes DLMS 810L loop 2/FA1/350 from mandatory to used, as non-interfund bills may not provide SLOA data and lack of data would cause the transactions to fail. Revises the DLMS 511R, 517M, 810L, 842A/W, 867I, 869F, and 940R ICs. Also accomplishes administrative changes to the DLMS 140A, 180M, 511M, 511R, 517G, 517M, 527D, 527R, 536L, 567C, 650A, 650C, 810L, 812L, 812R, 824R, 830D, 830R, 830W, 842P, 846A, 846C, 846D, 846F, 846I, 846P, 846R, 846S, 856N (4010 &amp; proposed 4030 versions), 856R (4010 &amp; 4030 versions), 856S, 867D, 867I, 869A, 869C, 869F, 870L, 870M, 870N, 870S, 888A, 888I, 888W, 940R, 945A (4010 and 4030 versions), and 947I (4010 and 4030 versions). ICs removing an obsolete reference to an Accounting Classification Appendix.</p>	5
1043D	7/1/2015	<p><b>SLOA Data Element Sub-Allocation Holder Identifier Subsuming Limit/Subhead Data Element.</b> Subsumes the Limit/Subhead data element into the Sub-Allocation Holder Identifier data element included in the Standard Financial Information Structure (SFIS) Fund Code to Fund Account Conversion Table and changing the data element name from Limit/Subhead to the abbreviated Sub-Allocation in the Web Fund Code application data entry screens and reports. It also changes the Sub-Allocation Holder Identifier on the DLA default appropriation value in MILSBILLS Appendix 2.2 from "5999" to "5CBX". Revises Chapter 4, Adjustment Procedures, AP1.1, Fund Code to Fund Account Conversion Table, AP2.2, Fund Codes, and AP 4, Web Fund Code Master File Layout.</p>	5

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1043E	10/5/2015	<p><b>Invalid Fund Code Edit and Remove Suspense Account F3885.</b> Extends Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS) edits for invalid or missing fund codes to include transactions with Signal Codes A, B, J, and K and one scenario pertaining to Signal Codes C and L that had previously been omitted. Revises Chapter 5 Interfund Billing System Procedures, Chapter 6 Defense Automatic Addressing System, and Appendix 2.2 Fund Codes.</p>	6
1068B	10/23/2014	<p><b>Revised Procedures for Requisitioning via DOD EMALL and GSA Internet Ordering: Component Verification of Funds Availability.</b> Establishes enhancements and revises routing rules for adoption concurrent with the implementation of the procedures for verification of funds availability established under ADC 1068 and employed by DOD EMALL and GSA Advantage/GSA Global for eCommerce. This change also documents a deviation from approved procedures for de-obligation of funds currently in use between GSA Advantage and the Army Funds Control Module (FCM). Revises Chapter 7, Verification of Funds Availability Web Call for Requisitions Submitted via Internet Ordering Applications and Appendix 2.11, Funds Verification Codes.</p>	4

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1084	11/25/2015	<p><b>New Procedures for Non-Manager Owned Suspended Stock Stored in DLA Distribution Locations.</b> Allows credit to be issued for non-manager owned suspended stock stored at a DLA Distribution location when a stock screening request results in identification of non-compliant materiel. This change leverages existing procedures for processing of the Stock Screening Request, Storage Quality Control Report (SQCR), SDR, and Materiel Release Order (MRO) to accomplish the necessary steps to recognize, suspend, provide notification of suspected non-conforming materiel, provide credit to the materiel owner if the materiel is determined to be non-compliant, and transfer ownership to the manager—all with minimal system impact to existing systems and procedures. Updates Chapter 4 Adjustment Procedures, Appendices 2.3 Billing Advice Codes, and 2.5 Type of Bill Codes.</p>	6
1103	8/20/2014	<p><b>Revise DLMS 824R, Reject Advice, to Include Rejections of Logistics Bills, Clarify use for Rejection of DLMS MILSTRIP Transactions, and Document Administrative Updates.</b> Modifies the DLMS 824R to expand the scope to include rejection of logistics bills and make administrative adjustments to convert the supplement into an implementation convention (IC) and to reflect current element use by DLA Transaction Services. Revises Chapter 2, Billing Procedures; Chapter 6, Defense Automatic Addressing System; Appendix 2.12, Other Codes; and Appendix 3, Record Formats. Revises DLMS 824R</p>	4
1134	7/17/2014	<p><b>Administrative Corrections to MILSBILLS.</b> Corrects the record positions for the quantity field in the legacy DIC FJR/FJS format and other typographical corrections discovered in DLM 4000.25, Volume 4. Revises Chapter 3, Processing and Payment of DLMS Bills and; Chapter 4, Adjustment Procedures; and Appendix 3, Record Formats.</p>	4

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1151	9/14/2017	<p><b>Update to Document Retention Periods in DLM 4000.25 Series of Manuals (Finance/Supply).</b> Removes references to specific record retention periods for documents/transactions, and advises the Components to retain data created as a result of DLMS business processes in accordance with the DODI 5015.02, DOD Records Management Program. Revises Chapter 2, Billing Procedures, and Chapter 6, Defense Automatic Addressing System</p>	9
1160	1/19/2016	<p><b>Procedures for Recommending and Authorizing Credit for Validated SDRs, Associated Reply Code Revisions, and Required use of the Reason for Reversal Code in Issue Reversals (Finance/Supply/SDR).</b> Clarifies procedures to prepare supply discrepancy report (SDR) replies when used to request/report a financial adjustment for a validated discrepancy; updates available SDR reply codes; updates DLMS guidance for use of the issue reversal transaction and establishes a requirement to include an issue reversal reason code for all Components as a DLMS enhancement; expands the scope of available codes beyond those currently used; clarifies requirement for generation of the prepositioned materiel receipt (PMR) for directed discrepant materiel returns and tracking for the return shipment; updates Military Standard Billing System (MILSBILLS) procedures to formally document the option to provide credit to the billed activity for discrepant shipments prior to storage activity receipt of the returned discrepant materiel. Revises Chapter 4, Adjustment Procedures.</p>	7

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1203	1/30/2017	<b>Supply Discrepancy Report (SDR) Procedures for Packaging Discrepancies at Foreign Military Sales (FMS) Freight Forwarder or Component Retail/Tactical Level Activities including Estimated/Actual Repackaging Cost.</b> Documents procedures for processing DLMS SDRs submitted for reimbursement of repackaging costs. These procedures are primarily applicable to (a) FMS shipments frustrated at the freight forwarder facility due to packaging and documentation discrepancies and (b) retail/tactical activity discrepant receipts where repackaging is required prior to storage or distribution. Revises Chapter 2, Billing Procedures.	8
1204	4/11/2016	<b>Notification Procedures for Mass Billing Errors.</b> Provides procedures for billing offices to notify their Finance Process Review Committee (FPRC) representatives of significant or mass billing errors, who in turn will assist in coordination with appropriate Component FPRC representatives and the FPRC Chair. Revises Chapter 2 Billing Procedures.	7
1213	11/21/2016	<b>Clarification of Bill Numbers in DLMS.</b> Clarifies the processing of logistics Interfund bills to limit the length of bill numbers to five characters in DLMS variable length transactions in accordance with DLM 4000.25, Volume 4 and explains which bill numbers to include in adjustment requests and replies. Revises Chapter 6, Defense Automatic Addressing System. Revises DLMS ICs 810L, 812L, and 812R.	8

ADC Number	Date	Change Description	Version
1213A	9/17/2017	<p><b>Clarification of Bill Numbers in DLMS for Materiel Returns Program (MRP) Credit (Finance).</b> Corrects a gap in the DLMS 812L, Logistics Bill Adjustment Request Reply transaction, for Materiel Return Program (MRP) credit (legacy Document Identifier Code FTB functionality). The DLMS 812L procedures include a scenario where the billing office approves the MRP credit, but the credit is pending and there is not an assigned credit bill number. For the DLMS 812L, American National Standards Institute (ANSI) X12 syntax rules require an entry in the data element field for the bill number. This change defines how to accommodate the syntax requirement even though a bill number is not yet available for the MRP credit. Revises DLMS IC 812L and the legacy DIC FTB</p>	9
1233	8/4/2016	<p><b>Administrative Update to the Defense Logistics Manual (DLM) 4000.25 Series of Manuals Front Matter Page Numbering and Definitions for DLMS Supplement and Implementation Convention.</b> Revises the page numbering of the "front matter" (Foreword, Process Change History, Table of Contents, Acronyms and Abbreviations, Definitions and Terms, References) in the DLM 4000.25 series of manuals to prepend an alphabetic indicator to the page numbers in each section of the front matter. Each page number will begin with an abbreviation of that section's name. Revises the front matter of the manual.</p>	7

## **C2. CHAPTER 2**

### **BILLING PROCEDURES**

#### **C2.1. CRITERIA FOR BILLING**

C2.1.1. Shipments from Stock. Billing will be effected on the basis of drop from inventory or performance of services. Exceptions are as follows:

C2.1.1.1. Security Assistance. Billings for security assistance will be effected upon constructive delivery.

C2.1.1.2. Petroleum, Oil, and Lubricants (POL). Billings for bulk POL shipments may be billed after notification of receipt or 15 calendar days after the date of shipment or issue, whichever occurs first.

C2.1.1.3. Perishable Subsistence Chill and Freeze Items. Billings for perishable subsistence chill and freeze items will be effected upon drop from inventory. Billings for fresh fruits and vegetables will be effected upon receipt of an issue transaction from DLA Troop Support.

#### **C2.1.1.4. Drawdowns**

C2.1.1.4.1. Materiel requisitioned under authority of Section 506 of the Foreign Assistance Act, as amended (i.e. , when the Foreign Military Sales (FMS)/Grant Aid (GA) type of assistance code is C), may not be billed until funds are appropriated, with the exception of Working Capital Fund activities. Although Section 506 does not provide obligation or disbursing authority, it does permit the drawdown of existing DoD stocks subject to an appropriation to be made at a later date. Since there is no assurance that DoD accounts will be reimbursed, the transfers cannot be recorded as accounts receivable. Therefore, issues under Section 506 will be treated as transfers without reimbursement. The transfer without reimbursement will be reversed when appropriations are received to reimburse the DoD account for the transfer. Section 506 draw downs of General Services Administration (GSA) or other non-DoD stocks are not authorized.<sup>1</sup>

C2.1.1.4.2. All requests for Defense Working Capital Fund (DWCF) activities (to include transportation) will include a funding source, allowing DWCF

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<sup>1</sup>Section 552 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 allows the President to "direct the drawdown of commodities and services from the inventory and resources of any agency of the United States Government". Under DLMS, except for the use of DoD (Section 506) or any agency (Section 552) assets, drawdowns under both sections are identified and treated similarly.



activities to be reimbursed by the Military Departments without delay. Orders will not be accepted without a funding source. Refer to DoD 7000.14-R, "Department of Defense Financial Management Regulations (FMRS)", Vol. 12, paragraph 230502 and Vol. 11B, paragraph 110106.A.).

C2.1.2. Direct Deliveries of Materiel from Contractors. When an inventory item is out of stock, is not carried, or has otherwise been requested via direct delivery of materiel from a vendor, the billing will be effected upon notification of receipt of materiel by the customer or notification of shipment by the vendor.

C2.1.3. In-Storage Visibility Lateral Redistributions. When an Integrated Materiel Manager/Inventory Control Point (IMM/ICP) laterally redistributes materiel, reimbursement to the reporting activity and billing to the requisitioning activity will be effected upon notification of receipt by the requisitioning activity.

C2.1.4. In-Storage Visibility Procurement Offset. When materiel is returned to the IMM/ICP to offset or preclude procurement, reimbursement to the returning activity is authorized upon receipt, inspection, and acceptance of materiel as evidenced by the IMM/ICP's generation of a creditable Materiel Receipt Status.

C2.1.5. Customer Asset Report Credits. Materiel Return Program (MRP) credits are authorized upon receiving notification that materiel authorized for return under creditable procedures has been received in the offered condition and quantity.

C2.1.6. Materiel Services. Billings for services related to materiel shipments and returns not included in the materiel price are authorized after the services are rendered.

C2.1.7. Obligations for Requisitioned Materiel. Establishing an obligation for the proper amount under the requisition document number is essential for the timely and automated processing of interfund bills. Failure to do so is a violation of financial management procedures and may delay processing and increase workload for both DFAS and submitting Component personnel. DoD Components that either (1) establish business processes for requisitioning outside their customer's Component sponsored supply system, e.g., via internet ordering applications, or (2) authorize their own Component personnel to satisfy requirements through the use of external ordering processes, will support adherence to standard DoD financial business processes.

C2.1.7.1 DoD Components may authorize manual recording of the financial obligation by the customer as a separate action until such time as an automated interface between the ordering application and a Component-sponsored financial system is available. Where an interface is not available, external ordering applications will alert users to comply with their Component-directed financial procedures.

C2.1.7.2 Procedures for on-line internet ordering application real-time verification of funds availability and funds availability response for are provided under DLMS Vol 4, Chapter 7.

## C2.2. PREPARATION OF BILLS

C2.2.1. General. Bills will be prepared within 30 calendar days of the criteria provided in section C2.2 and must identify each shipment, delivery, service performed, or refund earned.

C2.2.2. Materiel Billing and Credit Amounts. In general, billings for materiel will be at the standard price in effect at the time of shipment, and credit adjustments (refunds) will be at the price originally billed. Exceptions are identified in the following subparagraphs. Billings and credits for services or allowances related to materiel shipments will be processed as prescribed by section C2.5.

C2.2.2.1. Lateral Redistribution Credits. Reimbursements for materiel laterally redistributed will be processed at the standard price in effect at the time of shipment. Credits may be fully or partially reversed by the IMM/ICP when a validated discrepancy report documents the materiel was not shipped in a condition or quantity warranting full credit.

C2.2.2.2. In-Storage Visibility Procurement Offset and MRP Credits. Credits will be processed at the acquisition cost in effect at the time of receipt. Credits may be lower if, in the opinion of the IMM/ICP, the received materiel is not in a condition and/or quantity to warrant full credit.

C2.2.2.3. Quality Deficiency Reports. When the original requisition number cannot be identified, the credits will be at the current standard price.

C2.2.2.4. Materiel Returns to DLA from Industrial Sites under Base Realignment and Closure Retail Storage and Distribution/Inventory Management and Stock Positioning, and National Inventory Management Strategy<sup>2</sup>. A variation of the MRP program is used for processing materiel returns to DLA from selected sites in support of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Retail Storage and Distribution (SS&D)/Inventory Management and Stock Positioning (IMSP) and the National Inventory Management Strategy (NIMS). Standard MRP DLMS/MILSTRIP transactions do not apply. No credit for packaging, crating, handling, or transportation (PCH&T) will be provided.

C2.2.2.4.1. Industrial Sites. DLA managed materiel returned by an industrial customer at BRAC industrial sites will be accepted into DLA inventory

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<sup>2</sup> DLA is required to request approval of new procedures supporting BRAC/NIMS allowing full materiel credit for returns regardless of asset position with no credit for PCH&T.

regardless of DLA wholesale asset stock position. Credit will be processed based upon a receipt of the returned materiel corresponding to a sale to Service maintenance (identified by DoD Activity Address Code (DoDAAC) series/internal customer group) for the same materiel and condition completed within the 60-day period prior to the date on the return. Up to 100 percent credit will be processed at the full selling price of the item on the original order(s) used as reference for return quantity less than or equal to the quantity on the reference order(s). DLMS/MILSBILLS Billing for Issue from Stock (DLMS 810L/DIC FA2) will be used to provide credit under modified business rules. Credit for any quantity returned over the original amount, in a different condition code from the original sale or unmatched is subject to DLA ICP stock position using business rules equivalent to the MRP for determining whether to provide credit/credit amount contained in DoDM 4140.01, "DoD Supply Chain Materiel Management Procedures," February 10, 2014. The Service's financial system will be notified of any resulting credit via a DLMS/MILSBILLS Materiel Returns Program Credit (DLMS 810L/DIC FD2).

C2.2.2.4.2. National Inventory Management Strategy Sites. Credit for materiel returns from a NIMS site customer will be processed based upon the return receipt. The DLA ICP will process the receipt and determine whether a sale has occurred for the same materiel, condition code, and customer within a 60-day time frame reflecting the exact same document number as the receipt (return) document. If there is an exact matching sale, the customer will receive credit equal to the original sale. Credit for any quantity returned over the original amount, in different condition code from the original sale or unmatched is subject to credit/credit amount from C2.2.2.4.1. The Service's financial system will be notified of any resulting credit via a DLMS/MILSBILLS Materiel Returns Program Credit (DLMS 810L/DIC FD2).

### C2.2.3. Method of Billing

C2.2.3.1. Bills arising from transactions containing a National Stock Number (NSN) within the DoD will be collected through the Military Standard Billing System (MILBILLS) interfund billing procedures when supported by the supply and accounting systems. The provider will not accept a Military Interdepartmental Purchase Request (MIPR) if interfund can be used. Manual billing (e.g., the XP fund code) will not be used unless approved by the Deputy Chief Financial Officer. For intragovernmental interfund disputes, follow the dispute process outlined in Chapter 4.<sup>3</sup> Billings to DoD offices must be under interfund procedures except as provided below.

C2.2.3.2. Billing will be under noninterfund procedures when:

C2.2.3.2.1. The bill-to office is non-DoD (Bill-To Service Code is numeric, G, or Z).

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<sup>3</sup> From DoD 7000.14-R, Volume 4, Chapter 3 Receivables, Paragraph 030504.B (November 2009)

C2.2.3.2.2. The bill-to office is a DoD contractor (Bill-To Service Code is C, E, HG, L, Q, SD, or U).

C2.2.3.2.3. The bill-to office is DoD (Bill-To Service Code is alpha other than C, E, G, HG, L, Q, SD, U, or Z) and the fund code requires noninterfund billing (normally XP fund code).

C2.2.3.2.4. The bill-to office is another-DoD Component (Bill-To Service Code is H) and the fund code is not identified as a valid fund code.

C2.2.3.2.5. The bill-to office is Army & Air Force Exchange Service (AAFES) (Bill-To Service Code is H followed by an X).

C2.2.3.2.6. The bill-to office is SC4210, representing DoD EMALL, and the fund code is XP. This combination indicates billing via customer-provided Government purchase card or corporate credit card. No other use is authorized.<sup>4</sup>

C2.2.3.2.7. DAAS will reject bills when they fail any of the edits. See Chapter 6.2 for information about the routing and editing of bills processed through DAAS. Rejected bills will be reported back to the originating activity using DLMS 824R (Reject Advice Transaction) citing the applicable Reject Advice Code from DLM 4000.25-2, MILSTRAP, Appendix 2.8. Rejected bills may include a narrative description indicating the reason for rejection, in addition to the Reject Advice Code. Billing offices will correct the rejected bills and resubmit them to the DAAS. Billing offices will ensure that all appropriate adjustments for rejected billings and interfund collections are made to seller accounting records.

C2.2.3.3. Method of Billing Summary. Billing methods are summarized in Table C2.T1.

Table C2.T1. Method of Billing

<u>Condition Number</u>	<u>Billed DoDAAC Begins With:</u>	<u>And Fund Code is:</u>	<u>Then the Billing Method is:</u>
1	C, E, G, HG, HX, L, Q, SD, U, Z, or numeric	Any	NON INTERFUND
2	Any Service code	XP or otherwise designates noninterfund	NON INTERFUND

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<sup>4</sup> Refer to ADC 1009A.

<u>Condition Number</u>	<u>Billed DoDAAC Begins With:</u>	<u>And Fund Code is:</u>	<u>Then the Billing Method is:</u>
3	H	Not identified as eligible for interfund billing	NON INTERFUND
4	SC4210	XP	Government purchase card or corporate credit card (Reserved for DoD EMALL requisitions)
5	Anything other than conditions described by 1, 2, 3, or 4		INTERFUND

#### C2.2.4. Determining Bill-To Parties

C2.2.4.1. Billed Party. Ordering activities will identify a billed party DoDAAC for all requisitions or other orders, including nonreimbursable orders.

C2.2.4.2. Billed Party Not Identified. Item managers or other providers of goods and services will reject requisitions or other orders when a valid billed party is not identified. In the event an order comes through without a valid bill-to party, billing offices will designate the ordering or submitting activity as the bill-to party if, for whatever reason, they are unable to identify a valid billed party. The Service Security Assistance Control Office will be designated as the bill-to party for unidentifiable security assistance requisitions. The Service control offices are: Army–W25P02, Navy–N65916, and Air Force–FG2303.

C2.2.4.3. The mailing address for noninterfund bills will be the clear text address prescribed for billing (TAC 3 if assigned; otherwise TAC 1) in the DoDAAD (DLM 4000.25, Defense Logistics Management Standards Manual, Volume 6, Chapter 2). The routing for interfund bills will be based on the billing Communication Routing Identifier (COMMRI).

C2.2.5. Nonreimbursable Bills. Materiel issued under nonreimbursable procedures must be reported to the billed office using the Notice of Nonreimbursable Issue (810L/DIC FE\_).

#### C2.2.6. Interfund Bills

C2.2.6.1. Use of Interfund. If the bill is paid under interfund procedures, the billing office will report the collection to its servicing finance center on its seller interfund report. A separate interfund bill will be prepared for billings applicable to a bill-to DoDAAC and treasury symbol.

C2.2.6.2. An interfund bill consists of a Summary Billing Record (DS 810L, DIC FS\_) and one or more detail billing records, but must not contain more than 495 records in total. Noninterfund records must not be included on the same bill.

C2.2.6.3. Interfund bills are forwarded to DAAS electronically for editing and further routing to the offices billed as described in Chapter 6. Only billings routed by DAAS will be eligible for interfund collection as prescribed in Chapter 5.

C2.2.6.4. Separate detail billing records, selected from the Appendix 3 series appendices, will be prepared for each shipment or delivery supporting the summary billing record.

C2.2.6.5. The fund code (see Appendix 2) provides procedures for converting fund codes to appropriations charged.

C2.2.6.6. A separate interfund (or noninterfund) bill will be prepared:

C2.2.6.6.1 when the billed office DoDAAC or fund code changes,

C2.2.6.6.2. when the net amount of the bill (net amount of the detail billing records) equals or exceeds 10 million dollars,

C2.2.6.6.3. when the number of billing records (summary plus detail billing records) exceed 495 records, or

C2.2.6.6.4. when there are different Security Cooperation Customer Codes.

C2.2.6.7. The recommended standard for interfund bill numbers appears in Table C2.T2.

Table C2.T2. Standard Interfund Bill Numbers

<u>If the Billing Month Is:</u>	<u>The 1st Position of the Bill Number Will Be:</u>	<u>If the Billing Month Is:</u>	<u>The 1st Position of the Bill Number Will Be:</u>
January	A or B	July	N or P
February	C or D	August	Q or R

<u>If the Billing Month Is:</u>	<u>The 1st Position of the Bill Number Will Be:</u>	<u>If the Billing Month Is:</u>	<u>The 1st Position of the Bill Number Will Be:</u>
March	E or F	September	S or T
April	G or H	October	U or V
May	J or K	November	W or X
June	L or M	December	Y or Z
The remaining four positions of the bill number will be alpha or numeric (characters A-Z or 0 or 9). The bill number must be unique within the billing month.			

**C2.2.7. Noninterfund Bills**

C2.2.7.1. When an activity is unable to use electronic data interchange (EDI) methods (i.e. DLMS 810L), it may use the SF 1080, "Voucher for Transfers between Appropriations and/or Funds," or other form approved by the Treasury Department, such as GSA Form 789, "Statement, Voucher, and Schedule of Withdrawals and Credits" as the billing document for noninterfund bills.

C2.2.7.2. An original of the noninterfund billing will be provided to the billed office. Noninterfund billings will, at a minimum, be supported by the following information<sup>5</sup>: document order number, description of the article or services, delivery or other performance date, quantity, and price. The document order number and description will usually be satisfied by the requisition document number and NSN. The delivery or performance date is the same as the day of year prescribed for the detail billing record appropriate for the issue or service.

C2.2.7.3. Billing offices may, at their option and with the customer's concurrence, provide automated support for noninterfund billings using the G series billing records. These billing records will be transmitted electronically to DAAS, which will pass the records to the billed office by the best means available. Hard copy billing documents are not required.

C2.2.8. Standard Line of Accounting/Accounting Classification. The Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) identified Standard Financial Information System elements that make up the Standard Line of Accounting (SLOA)/accounting

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<sup>5</sup> Though not required, to facilitate the resolution of billing or payment disputes involving noninterfund bills, billing offices should also include electronic contact information on the bill.

classification elements.<sup>6</sup> These SLOA elements are included in DLMS bills. Some elements may be acquired referentially through the authoritative data source SFIS Fund Code to Fund Account Conversion Table maintained at DAAS. Updates to the fund code table are accomplished by Component Fund Code Monitors designated in writing by their respective Components.

### C2.3. **RESERVED**

### C2.4. **CORRECTION OF ERRONEOUS BILLINGS**

C2.4.1. **Billing Forwarded to Customer.** When a billing office finds it has issued an invoice containing one or more erroneous billing lines, it will correct the erroneous billing line in a later invoice. Normally, billing offices are expected to reverse and reissue only the erroneous billing line, not the entire invoice. The corrections will be processed as soon as practical and will not await customer requests for adjustments.

C2.4.2. **Billing Rejected by DAAS.** Billings rejected by DAAS must be corrected and resubmitted to obtain reimbursement. Corrective procedures will include preserving the accounting records along with records of causative research to maintain the audit trail and the validity of the records. For example, in-transit interfund collections and paid accounts receivables related to the rejected bills will have to be reversed.

C2.4.3. **Notifications.** Billing offices will advise their Finance PRC representative of significant or mass billing errors and their planned corrections. Finance PRC representatives will assist in coordinating with billed offices and will apprise the impacted primary/alternate PRC members of the situation via e-mail. Notify the PRC Chair simultaneously at Enterprise Business Standards Office Finance (financehq@dla.mil). Note that some financial systems may reject bills resubmitted with the same billing number.

C2.5. **CANCELLATIONS.** When a provider accepts a customer's request to cancel a requisition or other order, any billings generated for that requisition will be reversed in the next billing cycle. When the cancellation involves diverting materiel back to stock, the billing will be reversed upon receipt of the materiel. Any charges related to the cancellation, such as contract termination costs, will be billed under noninterfund procedures.

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<sup>6</sup> Joint Deputy Chief Management Officer and Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) Chief Financial Officer memorandum of September 14, 2012, subject "Department of Defense Standard Line of Accounting/Accounting Classification."



## C2.6. BILLING FOR ACCESSORIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

### C2.6.1. DoD Shipments

C2.6.1.1. Purpose. Accessorial and administrative costs may be invoiced using either interfund or noninterfund reimbursement methods. However, in all cases, billing will be accomplished in the same manner as the materiel. DoD 7000-14-R, Volume 6, provides the DoD policy for billing accessorial and administrative costs.

C2.6.1.2. Normal Charges. Unless otherwise indicated on ordering documents or transactions, accessorial costs incurred for supply items requisitioned by DoD Activities will be charged to the same funds as the materiel.

C2.6.1.3. Retail Loss Allowance. DoD 7000.14-R, volume IIB, requires the DWCF to grant a discount for retail losses to retail stock funds based upon net issues after authorized credits or offsets have been applied. These discounts are to provide funds for losses experienced at the retail stock fund level. Retail loss discounts will not be granted for sales to commissaries and customers of retail or installation level stock fund activities. However, retail loss discounts are authorized for all military clothing items sold to Military Exchanges.

### C2.6.1.4. Packing, Crating, Handling, and Transportation (PCH&T)

C2.6.1.4.1. Reimbursements for packing, crating, and handling costs for (a) IMM/ICP directed lateral redistributions, (b) IMM/ICP authorized MRP and sales returns, and (c) IMM/ICP directed procurement offset returns associated with In-Storage Visibility (ISV) will be a percent of the materiel credit price. The rate will be 3.5 percent for consumable items and 1 percent for repairable items. Billing offices will use the Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings record format to support these billings and reimbursements.

C2.6.1.4.2. Reimbursements for transportation costs for (a) IMM/ICP directed lateral redistributions, (b) IMM/ICP authorized MRP and sales returns, and (c) IMM/ICP directed procurement offset returns associated with ISV will be for an amount equal to the IMM/ICP's cost recovery rate for second destination transportation included in the selling price of the materiel and will be supported by a Billing for Transportation record format.

C2.6.1.4.3. Billing offices will use the Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings to support reimbursements for authorized repackaging based upon a validated Supply Discrepancy Report under Volume 2, Chapter 17.<sup>7</sup>

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<sup>7</sup> Refer to ADC 1203

C2.6.1.4.4. Billing offices will use the Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings or other appropriate record to support billings and reimbursements for other authorized PCH&T, administrative, or accessorial charges.

C2.6.1.4.5. Reimbursement for PCH&T will not be provided for materiel returns to DLA industrial sites under BRAC SS&D/IMSP, or NIMS sites<sup>8</sup>. Refer to C2.2.2.4.

## C2.6.2. GSA Shipments

C2.6.2.1. General. GSA will assess accessorial and administrative costs on shipments to the Department of Defense as indicated in this section.

### C2.6.2.2. Transportation Charges

C2.6.2.2.1. Paid by GSA. GSA will pay transportation charges on stock items to:

C2.6.2.2.1.1. Consignees in the CONUS, and, where scheduled, surface commercial transportation services are available in Hawaii, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the southeast peninsula of Alaska, central Alaska (rail belt), and Kodiak Island.

C2.6.2.2.1.2. A U.S. port of embarkation for overseas destinations not included in subparagraph C2.6.2.2.1.1.

C2.6.2.2.2. Paid by Customer. GSA will not pay transportation charges for shipments of special order program (nonstock) items, purchased free on board (FOB) origin. GSA will, however, prepay and bill the agency as a separate item for:

C2.6.2.2.2.1. Transportation charges to a CONUS destination or a U.S. Port of Embarkation on F.O.B. origin items.

C2.6.2.2.2.2. Transportation charges from a CONUS destination or a U.S. Port of Embarkation to consignees in Hawaii, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Southeast Peninsula of Alaska, Central Alaska (rail belt), and Kodiak Island.

C2.6.2.2.2.3. Transportation charges billed under interfund procedures will be billed using the Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings record.

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<sup>8</sup> DLA is required to request approval of new procedures supporting BRAC/NIMS allowing full materiel credit for returns regardless of asset position with no credit for PCH&T.

### C2.6.2.3. Export Charges

C2.6.2.3.1. Surcharge will be assessed at the rate of 10 percent of the value of the materiel ordered and shipped to customers overseas from GSA wholesale distribution centers and vendors when unique DoD marking/packing requires the shipment be physically handled by a GSA export packing facility. The export surcharge will be billed as follows:

C2.6.2.3.2. A flat fee of \$5 administrative charge per requisition line will be assessed for export shipments not physically handled by a GSA export packing facility.

C2.6.2.3.3. The export services performed on shipments for customers overseas may vary by customer location, commodity, mode of shipment, and other criteria and include: monitoring and expediting delivery to meet required delivery date; over packing and documenting dangerous/hazardous shipments; challenging air eligible shipments; unitizing, consolidating, and palletizing cargo; arranging for seavans to source load cargo and document shipments for delivery to ports of embarkation; and others.

C2.6.2.3.4. GSA will annually review actual costs to perform export services and, as appropriate, propose changes in the above rate for use throughout each fiscal year. The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) will be advised sufficiently in advance for appropriate program and budget planning.

## C2.7. BILLING FOR PROGRESS AND ADVANCE PAYMENTS

### C2.7.1. Progress Billings

C2.7.1.1. Purpose. Progress payments may be billed via interfund whenever the order received from the customer specifies that progress billings via interfund are authorized. Documentation of the agreement by the customer to allow progress billing via interfund may be used in lieu of a specific provision on each order.

C2.7.1.2. Billing Basis. Billings made for progress payments will be based upon documentary evidence of satisfactory performance and must not exceed the amount of the customer order.

C2.7.1.3. Offsets. The billing office will offset billing lines for deliveries against all outstanding progress billings related to those deliveries. Billing lines will be reported for both the sales price of the shipment and the amount of the progress billing being liquidated. The billing method elected for the progress payment will also be the method used to invoice for the delivery.

C2.7.1.4. Multiple Progress Billings. Although multiple progress billings may have been submitted against an order, a single recoupment billing may be reported for the total amount of the progress billings.

#### C2.7.2. Advance Billings

C2.7.2.1. Applicability. Advance billings may not be billed via interfund. When authorized, advance funding will be satisfied via noninterfund and by the use of appropriation level, rather than project or order level, advances.

C2.7.2.2. Application of Advances. Received advances must be returned or applied to accounts receivable before the end of the fiscal year.

### C2.8. INTO-PLANE FUEL SALES

C2.8.1. Applicability. These procedures apply to DoD into-plane issues (sales) of fuels to DoD aircraft except when other billing procedures are specified by the terms of an inter-Service support agreement.

C2.8.2. Reimbursable Issues. Reimbursable issues (sales) of fuel into DoD planes by DoD activities will be billed at the standard price in effect at the time of issue.

C2.8.3. Contractor Fuel Issues. Contractor into-plane fuel issues will be billed at the standard price applicable to each such issue.

C2.8.4. DWCF Billing. Billing offices funded by the DWCF will grant credit for DoD aircraft defueling based on supply defueling slips at DWCF prices.

C2.8.5. Credits. Credits will be given for contractor into-plane defueling of DoD aircraft based on a defueling slip at the standard price given for each defueling.

C2.8.6. Into-plane fuel bills will use the Billing for Into-Plane Issues record format.

### C2.9. HAZARDOUS MATERIEL and WASTE BILLINGS

C2.9.1. Users of DLA's hazardous materiel and waste disposal services will provide DLA with a disposal turn-in document (DD Form 1348-1A, "Issue Releases/Receipt Document," or 1348-2, "Issue Release/Receipt Document with Address Label") as prescribed by DLM 4000.25. Since these services are provided on a reimbursable basis, the order will be funded in accordance with the standards prescribed by DoD 7000.14-R. The order will generally authorize DLA to use the interfund billing system to reimburse themselves for these services.

## C2.9.2 General<sup>9</sup>

C2.9.2.1. General policies and procedures governing hazardous materiel's and waste disposal within the Department of Defense are prescribed by DoD 4160.21-M, "Defense Materiel Disposition Manual," August 18, 1997. DLA Disposition Services (formerly the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service) is authorized to bill for these services under interfund billing procedures and will use the Billing for Decentralized, Noncatalogued, and Nonstocked Items billing record.

C2.9.2.2. Requestors of services wanting to dispose of hazardous waste and materiel must follow the procedures in DoD 4160.21-M and Chapters 3 and 5 of MILSTRIP DLM 4000.25-1. These procedures require preparation of a disposal turn-in document (DTID) in accordance with instructions prescribed by MILSTRIP<sup>10</sup> and provide it to the DLA Disposition Services Field Office (formerly Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office (DRMO)). The DLA Disposition Services Field Office will provide the generator with a receipt copy of the DTID at the time of turn-in.

## C2.9.3. Hazardous Waste Disposal

C2.9.3.1. Hazardous waste disposal services are provided on a reimbursable basis and generators must, therefore, contact their servicing finance office to ensure that funds are obligated for these services. Prior to actual turn-in and disposal, the cost of hazardous waste disposal services may be estimated by referring to the contract governing the materiel being disposed of. The estimated cost of the disposal must be obligated under the DTID number. Contact the DLA Disposition Services Field Office for assistance in estimating the cost.

C.2.9.3.2. The DLA Disposition Services Field Office will provide the generator with copies of the disposal manifest (DD Form 1155) and any modifications as the disposal request is executed and modifications are agreed to. The DLA Disposition Services Field Office will also provide the generator with a certified copy of disposal for each DTID. Generators must advise their servicing finance office when estimated amounts obligated at the time of turn-in or execution are lower than actual amounts indicated on these documents.

C2.9.3.3. Establishing an obligation for the proper amount under the DTID document number is essential for the timely and automated processing of interfund charges. Failure to do so is a violation of financial management procedures and will

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<sup>9</sup> The "background" information in this subsection is provided to assist financial personnel in understanding their responsibilities with regard to hazardous waste and materiel disposal services. Any conflicts between information contained in this subsection and procedures prescribed by MILSTRIP or DoD 4160.21-M will be resolved by following MILSTRIP procedures.

<sup>10</sup> Appendix 3.49 Transfers To DLA Disposition Services Field Office on DD Form 1348-1a Issue Release/Receipt Document, or DD Form 1348-2, Issue Release/Receipt Documents With Address Label.

delay updating generator accounts and increase workload on both DFAS and generator personnel.

#### C2.9.4. Hazardous Materiel Disposal

C2.9.4.1. Unlike hazardous waste, disposal of hazardous materiel may not result in any charges to the generator. Therefore, unless you are certain you will incur disposal charges, generators should not obligate turn-ins of hazardous materiel. After receipt of the hazardous materiel DTID, the DLA Disposition Services Field Office must advise the generator if disposal costs that are the responsibility of the generator will be incurred. The following determines whether or not the generator will be charged for disposal of hazardous materiel.

C2.9.4.2. There will be no disposal costs charged to the generator if the DLA Disposition Services Field Office can dispose of the hazardous materiel through an existing contract or believes the materiel can be reutilized, transferred, donated or sold.

C2.9.4.2.1. DLA Disposition Services Field Offices will provide the generator with a monthly Disposal Funding Status Report of the DTIDs that were successfully reutilized.

C2.9.4.2.2. Generators who have open hazardous materiel disposals in process will contact the DLA Disposition Services Field Office if they fail to receive a monthly Disposal Funding Status Report.

C2.9.5. When the preceding condition does not apply, the hazardous materiel becomes hazardous waste, the disposal will be on a reimbursable basis, and hazardous waste disposal procedures apply. Funding for this hazardous waste disposal must be provided to the DLA Disposition Services Field Office within 5 workdays of notification. The DLA Disposition Services Field Office must not proceed with the disposal of the now classified hazardous waste until funding is confirmed by the generator.

### C2.10. GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION UNIQUE BILLINGS

#### C2.10.1. Automotive Vehicles

C2.10.1.1. GSA is authorized to use the interfund billing system to invoice DoD activities for automotive vehicles purchased under a category one (reimbursable) MIPR. DoD activities submitting a MIPR must do so in accordance with paragraph 8.7008 of the DoD Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, which requires activities to provide DLMS requisition data for each line-item to be delivered to each ship-to address.

C2.10.1.2. For purposes of identifying and validating charges, GSA will support interfund billings for automotive vehicles with a single line item billing register.

The register must show, in addition to the information shown on the billing record, the full MIPR number under the columns headed "STOCK NUMBER."

#### C2.10.2. GSA Customer Supply Center Billing Procedures

C2.10.2.1. GSA bills DoD customers for Customer Supply Center (CSC) billings using either a customer provided MILSTRIP document number or a constructed pseudo-document number. The document number is constructed from the ordering DoDAAC of the customer provided at the time the account was opened, the Julian day the order was placed, and the last four positions of the ticket number. GSA will treat all line items requisitioned as a single order, with or without multiple line items, and bill for the order under the constructed document number if the customer doesn't provide a MILSTRIP document.

C2.10.2.2. GSA CSC interfund bills will be supported by the GSA CSC Billing record.

C2.10.2.3. Noninterfund bills will be supported by the Single Line Item Billing Register. The register must include the customer provided MILSTRIP document number in the stock number field.

C2.10.2.4. GSA offers its customers the option of having its CSC billings billed to a Government purchase card. Activities having difficulties with interfund or SF 1080 billings of CSC supplies may want to consider this option.

#### C2.11. ARMY EXCHANGE PRICING PROCESS

C2.11.1. The Army interim approach to the Exchange Pricing interim is a multi-system functionality implementation. Exchange Pricing employs a dual pricing system for a repairable NSN item based upon Standard Price (latest acquisition cost plus recovery rate) and Exchange Price (latest repair cost plus cost recovery rate) and a "buy one–return one" relationship with the customer (i.e., a qualified exchange pricing customer buys at the EXCHANGE PRICE and pays a penalty if a reparable is not turned-in within a specified period of time from the issue date). This process is applicable to Army customers and Army-managed materiel only; other Services will continue to pay Standard Price and receive 65 percent credit exchange upon receipt of carcass by the Army Primary Inventory Control Activity (PICA).

C2.11.2. Once an item of supply is identified for a national repair program and the National Item Identification Number (NIIN) has an established Exchange Price, all requisitions for the items will be priced at the Exchange Price if the customer is an authorized Exchange Price customer.

C2.11.3. When a requisition submitted to the Supply Support Activity (SSA) is processed by the Standard Army Retail Supply System (SARSS), SARSS will determine if both the customer DoDAAC is an Exchange Price customer, and the NIIN

has an established Exchange Price indicator. As this transaction is processed through the Army supply system, middleware, Funds Control Module (including Exchange Price Tracking) Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS), Commodity Control Supply System (CCSS), and Army Logistics Modernization Program (LMP), the Exchange Price indicator will be used to identify the transaction as Exchange Price related. All the legacy systems will continue processing the MILS transactions; LMP will process DLMS transactions that are converted by DAAS.

C2.11.4. All related supply transactions prepared by the Army will carry and perpetuate the Exchange Price Indicator. The following transactions will be impacted as a result of the Exchange Price implementation: Requisition; Requisition Modifier; Requisition Follow-up; Materiel Release Order; and Supply Status. The returns process will also process Exchange Price related transactions. The Materiel Receipt transaction will be generated by SARSS for all returns of Exchange Price NIINs, and will include an Exchange Price Type of Credit indicator for Unserviceable credit when applicable and an Exchange Price Conversion Indicator to identify the need to provide credit according to the pre Exchange Price credit policy, which will last for 60 calendar days following Exchange Pricing implementation.

C2.11.5. If the return has an un-repairable condition code or the item is not returned within the established timeframe (Delta Delay Days), the national level systems (LMP, CCSS) will create an obligation adjustment based on the receipt from Middleware Funds Control Module of a Materiel Returns Supply Status (Delta Bill Trigger) transaction. As a result of processing the delta bill trigger the national systems will create the logistics/interfund bill transaction with an Exchange Price Indicator and Type Bill code to identify the specific type of Exchange Price bill to the Army financial system.

## C2.12. NAVY EXCHANGE PRICING PROCESS

C2.12.1. The Navy uses a two tier pricing system for selling Depot Level Repairable (DLR) materiel to Navy customers. The Navy sells DLRs to other Services at full (standard) price and then provides carcass value credit when the carcass is returned. This is the same method the Air Force and Army use when selling repairable items to the Navy. The Standard Price is the price representing the full value of the DLR item, and is the price charged when a Not Ready for Issue (NRFI) unit (also referred to as a 'Carcass') is not turned in. The Net Price (also referred to as Exchange Price) is the price that includes the cost of repairing a DLR item, and is the price charged to customers when a NRFI unit has been or will be turned in. Navy customers indicate on their requisitions whether a NRFI unit is available for turn in via the Advice Code, and they are then charged Net or Standard Price accordingly.

C2.12.2. Received requisitions indicating that a carcass will be returned are tracked in the Navy's Carcass Tracking System. This system monitors these requisitions and matches them with carcass returns as they occur. This system also generates follow ups to customers who have not returned their carcasses as promised.



Ultimately, the system will trigger an additional charge to the customer if the carcass is not returned. Navy uses the term “Carcass Charge” for this additional billing, which represents the difference in value between Standard Price and Net (Exchange) Price. This additional billing is also referred to as a Delta Bill. If the customer returns the carcass after receiving the Carcass (Delta) Bill, then the additional billing is reversed, resulting in a Carcass Charge Reversal (Credit Delta Bill). Navy customers may also return excess DLRs for credit. The credit can be Standard, Net, or Carcass value.

C2.12.3. Under legacy format Defense Logistics Standard Systems (DLSS)/MILSBILLS billing, the Navy ICPs use the Sales Price Condition Code to indicate to customers that a bill is either Net (Exchange) Price or Carcass (Delta) Price. Once operational, the Navy’s ERP will replace the Navy ICP’s DLSS/MILSBILLS billing system with a DLMS based system. Since DLMS does not utilize a Sales Price Condition Code, Navy will use a combination of Stock Exchange Code and Type of Bill Code to indicate on the bill whether the price charged is Standard, Net, or Carcass price. DAAS will convert Navy bills back to DLSS/MILSBILLS format for any Navy customers unable to accept DLMS formats.

**C2.13. INCLUSION OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL NUMBERS ON DLMS LOGISTICS BILLS.** Suppliers may bill on partial shipments with identical quantities under the same document number, which makes the bills appear as duplicates. Including the Transportation Control Number (TCN) on the DLMS Logistics Bill will resolve that problem. Partial shipment codes are part of the TCN structure in accordance with DTR 4500.9-R, “Defense Transportation Regulation”. Accordingly, reporting activities will include the TCN in DLMS Logistics Bill transactions. This is a DLMS enhancement, which may be implemented without prior authorization.

## **C6. CHAPTER 6**

### **DEFENSE AUTOMATIC ADDRESSING SYSTEM**

C6.1. GENERAL. This chapter describes Defense Logistics Management Standards (DLMS) Finance related procedures and processes for the Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS). DLM 4000.25-4, "Defense Automatic Addressing System" provides additional information regarding support furnished by DAAS.

#### **C6.2. MILITARY STANDARD BILLING SYSTEM PROCESSING**

##### **C6.2.1. Requirement to Route Bills to DAAS**

C6.2.1.1. As indicated in Chapter 2, sellers will route all interfund and automated "G" series noninterfund billing records to DAAS for editing, retention, and further routing to billed offices.

C6.2.1.2. Only interfund bills passing MILSBILLS prescribed edits and routed by DAAS are eligible for reporting to the Treasury Department and interfund reimbursement.

C6.2.1.3. All billing records will be electronically routed to DAAS.

##### **C6.2.2. Bill Editing and Billed Error Rejection**

C6.2.2.1. DAAS will edit and reject any bill that fails any of the following edits:

C6.2.2.1.1. The record count (positions 5-7 of the legacy 80 column card format) of the summary billing record equals the actual count of the supporting detail billing records.

C6.2.2.1.2. The bill-to Department of Defense Activity Address Code (DoDAAC) (positions 30-35) of the summary billing record is a valid DoDAAC, and is authorized for use as a bill-to party in accordance with the DoDAAC authority code, as outlined in DoD 4000.25, "Defense Logistics Management Standards" Volume 6 (DoD Logistics Systems Interoperability Support Services), Chapter 2 – Department of Defense Activity Address Directory. Note that DoDAACs are deleted to prevent requisition transactions from being processed through DAAS. Once the delete effective date has passed, the DoDAAC will remain on the DoDAAD master file for five years before the record is physically removed from the master file, and bills with the bill-to authorized in accordance with the DoDAAC authority code will not reject as invalid during this period. After the five year period, deleted DoDAACs are removed from the DAAS database, and subsequent bills will reject as invalid DoDAACs.

C6.2.2.1.2.1. The bill-to DoDAAC of the summary billing record is authorized for use as a bill-to party. An unauthorized United States Air Force (USAF) bill-to activity is identified by its structure.

C6.2.2.1.2.1.1. DoDAAC begins with FT or FF indicating a non-appropriated funded activity,

C6.2.2.1.2.1.2. DoDAAC begins with FA or FY, or

C6.2.2.1.2.1.3. The first position of the DoDAAC is an "F", followed by one numeric character in position two, and an alpha character in position three.

C6.2.2.1.3. The amount (positions 65-73) of the summary billing record equals the sum of the amounts (positions 65-73) of the supporting billing records.

C6.2.2.1.4. The bills are identified as interfund and authorized to be billed under interfund procedures.

C6.2.2.1.5. The bill-to is one of the following F numeric or F numeric alpha DoDAACs.

C6.2.2.1.5.1. F (Numeric) (Numeric) (Numeric) (Numeric)  
(Numeric)

C6.2.2.1.5.2. F (Numeric) (Numeric) (Numeric) (Numeric) (Alpha)

C6.2.2.1.5.3. F (Numeric) (Numeric) (Alpha)

C6.2.2.1.5.4. FA series

C6.2.2.1.5.5. FF series

C6.2.2.1.5.6. FT series.

C6.2.2.1.6. Discrete values for the Standard Line of Accounting data elements in the transaction match data elements from the SFIS Fund Code to Fund Account Conversion Table for the Fund Code in the transaction.

C6.2.2.1.7. Fund code is not valid on the SFIS Fund Code to Fund Account Conversion Table for the Service/Agency Code.

C6.2.2.1.8. The bill number does not conform to the rules described in Chapter 2, Table C2.T2.

C6.2.2.2. Rejected bills will be reported back to the originating activity using DLMS 824R (Reject Advice Transaction) citing the applicable Reject Advice Code from

DLM 4000.25-2, MILSTRAP, Appendix 2.8. Rejected bills may include a narrative description indicating the reason for rejection, in addition to the Reject Advice Code. In addition, the second record position of the Reject Advice Code will be inserted in rp4 of the MILSBILLS legacy DIC FS\_/GS\_ Summary Bill and displayed in MILSINQ, hyperlinked to the narrative reason for rejection.

C6.2.2.2.1. Originators may retrieve any rejected bills within one hour of original submission to DAAS. When appropriate, billing offices will correct and resubmit rejected bills.

C6.2.2.2.2. Billing offices must ensure that adjustments for rejected billings are properly recorded in their seller accounting records.

C6.2.2.3. Upon successful completion of the bill edits, DAAS will:

C6.2.2.3.1. Route billings to the billed office by the best available means.

C6.2.2.3.2. Ensure that electronically routed bills are routed to the billing communications routing identifier (COMMRI) code assigned to the billed office DoDAAC.

C6.2.2.3.3. Ensure that non-electronically routed bills are mailed to the clear-text address of the billed DoDAAC identified for billing.

C6.2.2.4. DAAS will forward images of interfund summary billing records to the seller's Central Accounts Office (CAO).

C6.2.3. Bill Retention. ***Long term retention should be in accordance with DoDI 5015.02, DoD Records Management Program.***

### C6.3. BILL COPY RETRIEVAL

C6.3.1. Copies of bills may be retrieved in any of the following ways:

C6.3.1.1. MILSINQ. Images of bills may be retrieved from DAAS through their web-based MILSBILLS Inquiry (MILSINQ) process. See section C6.5.

C6.3.1.2. Retransmission Request. Bills may also be retrieved from DAAS by submitting a Request for Retransmission of Interfund Bill (DLMS 812R/Document Identifier Code (DIC) QB1).

C6.3.1.2.1. DAAS will retransmit a copy of all bills matching the billing office DoDAAC and bill number provided on the request. Although unlikely, it is possible that DAAS will find and retrieve a current and prior year bill matching the prescribed retransmission criteria.

C6.3.1.2.2. The retransmission request may also be requested via the Internet as part of the MILSINQ process.

C6.3.1.3. Telephone Request. DAAS will accept telephone requests (937-656-3247 or DSN 986-3247) for copies. Telephone requests are limited to no more than five bills and the service will be terminated if abused.

C6.3.2. Only copies of bills routed by DAAS and within the record retention period may be retrieved through the methods described in C6.3.1 above. However, whenever DAAS does not find a matching bill, it will create and forward a request for copy of bill (DLMS 812R/DIC FAE billing record, with Billing Advice code 41) to the billing office.

C6.3.2.1. Billing offices failing to respond to requests for copies of interfund bills received within the record retention period will be directed by their Service or Agency headquarters to reverse the billing. Billed offices will absorb all charges in the manner prescribed by their Service or Agency when the record retention period has elapsed and they have failed to obtain copies of the bill(s).

C6.3.2.2. Forward a billing adjustment reply (DLMS 812L, DIC FAR) with Billing Status code DA to advise the requesting office that they have referred their bill retransmission (copy) request to the seller.

#### C6.4. FUND CODE TABLES.

1. Fund code tables appear on the Defense Logistics Management Standards Website Volume 4 page.

#### C6.5. MILITARY STANDARD BILLING SYSTEM INQUIRY PROCESS

##### C6.5.1. General MILSINQ Information

C6.5.1.1. MILSINQ is a process established by DAAS to allow its customers to remotely query the DAAS MILSBILLS database as an alternative to the DLMS 812R and DIC QB1 retransmission (send a copy of the bill to me) means of obtaining billing information from DAAS. MILSINQ may also be used for the Military Standard Requisitioning and Issue Procedures (MILSTRIP) materiel obligation validation process.

C6.5.1.2. Bills may be queried by the billing DoDAAC or billed DoDAAC and may be narrowed to a particular billing month or bill.

C6.5.1.3. Once identified, the bills can be viewed, printed, saved to a local PC, or retransmitted (copy sent by DAAS to a designated recipient).

C6.5.1.4. MILSINQ is available at the MILSINQ Website<sup>1</sup>. Users will generally be logged off systems after 5 minutes of idle time.

## C6.6. MILITARY STANDARD BILLING SYSTEM-RELATED REPORTS

### C6.6.1. Introduction

C6.6.1.1. As part of its logistics information data services, DAAS accumulates data from MILSBILLS records it routes and generates reports for MILSBILLS use. The reports cover the preceding 12 months.

C6.6.1.2. The following MILSBILLS-related reports are available from the MILSINQ Website.

C6.6.1.2.1. Interfund billing adjustments by billing office (Routing Identifier Code (RIC) sequence).

C6.6.1.2.2. Interfund bills by billed office (DoDAAC sequence).

C6.6.1.2.3. Interfund bills by billed office (DoDAAC within Service).

C6.6.1.2.4. Interfund bills by billing office (DoDAAC within Service).

C6.6.1.2.5. Interfund bills by billing office (RIC sequence).

C6.6.1.2.6. Interfund bills by route to COMMRI (COMMRI sequence).

C6.6.1.2.7. Interfund bills rejected by DAAS (RIC sequence).

C6.6.1.2.8. Interfund bill retransmission requests.

C6.6.1.2.9. In-storage Visibility Redistribution (ISVR) credit report 'Lateral Redistribution.'

C6.6.1.2.10. Rejected interfund bills by billed office (Service sequence).

C6.6.1.2.11. Rejected interfund bills by billing office (DoDAAC within Service).

### C6.6.2. Interfund Billing Adjustments By Billing Office Routing Identifier Code

C6.6.2.1. This report provides each billing office RIC with data related to billing adjustment requests and responses. With the exception of DIC QB1, all

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<sup>1</sup> If the application is not accessible from your browser, contact your local Internet support office for assistance in configuring your telnet application for your browser.

adjustment requests processed by DAAS during the indicated reporting month and year are included. Figure C6.F1 shows an example of this report.

Figure C6.F1. Interfund Billing Adjustment Example

1		DECEMBER 1999		LIDS REPORT OF BILLING ADJUSTMENTS BY BILLING OFFICE					PAGE 2		
BILLING RI CODE	TOTAL REQUESTS	NUMBER REQUESTS BY BILLING ADVICE CODE				TOTAL REPLIES	NUMBER OF REPLIES BY BILLING STATUS CODE				OTHER
		(19 / 41)	(11/14/15)	(14)	OTHER	(AN / DP	(CA / DB)	(DD)	(EL / EN)		
FBC	6		6								
FBE	100		97	1	2						
FLB	4		4								
FLG	2		2								
FLI	105		101	11	13						
FPE	6		6								
FPO	11		11								
FPR	2		2								
FPC	104		99	7	4						
FCE	2		2								
F TOTAL	567		496	24	47						
GLD	1			1							
GGG	7			5	2						
GAO	42			1	41			2		35	
GFO	12			4		10		7		6	
GGG	212				211	204				204	
GKO	1				1						
GHO	4			2	2	10		11		2	
GMP	2				2						
GPO	6				6						
GSL	1		1					1			
GSA	5,509		41	5,121	107	11,909		11,796	11	151	
GTO	2				2					2	
G TOTAL	5,799		42	5,126	461	12,147		11,757	22	464	
HHB	44				44						
H TOTAL	44				44						
HAB	179					179					
HAB	17				18	9					
HBE	192				190	4					
HPE	232			2	213	17					
H TOTAL	620			2	419	189					
NOI	573		1	104	468	561		10		561	

C6.6.2.2. Total number of requests and replies are provided for each billing RIC, with subtotals for each listed RIC series (first position of RIC) and a grand total for the report. Request details include numbers by advice code groupings and reply details include numbers by billing status code groupings.

C6.6.3. Interfund Bills By Billed Office. This report provides each billed office (BILLED DODAAC) with the number of interfund bills (NO. BILLS), the number of detail billing records (NO. DETAILS) that supports the bills, and the value (\$ VALUE) of interfund bills processed by DAAS during the report month. The report provides a page break, a total (SUBTOT) for each service, and a total (TOTAL) for the report. Figure C6.F2 shows an example of this report.

Figure C6.F2. Interfund Bills by Billed Office Example

1DECEMBER 1999 LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLED OFFICE					PAGE	1
BILLING						
RI CODE	NO. BILLS		NO. DETAILS		\$	VALUE
194213	1		54			2,472.43
-SUBTOT	1		54			2,472.43
1DECEMBER 1999 LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLED OFFICE					PAGE	2
BILLING						
RI CODE	NO. BILLS		NO. DETAILS		\$	VALUE
CL0KX1	1		16			2,044.67
-SUBTOT	1		16			2,044.67
1DECEMBER 1999 LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLED OFFICE					PAGE	3
BILLING						
RI CODE	NO. BILLS		NO. DETAILS		\$	VALUE
F03000	20		153			2,318,452.27
F04406	21		100			2,675,259.23
F2570H	9		43			536,524.95
F60700	15		68			1,899,856.28
F72300	14		72			734,389.81
F75800	2		3			567.12
FA2303	50		103			265,332.51
FB2027	9		20	-		20,082.47
FB2029	7		61			12,049.52
FB2037	9		64			13,122.88
FB2039	5		14			7,521.66

C6.6.4. Interfund Bills By Billing Office. This report provides each billing office (BILLING RI CODE) with the number of interfund bills (NO. BILLS), the number of detail billing records (NO. DETAILS) that support the bills, and the value (\$ VALUE) of interfund bills processed by DAAS during the report month. The report provides a page break, a total (SUBTOT) for each Service, and a total (TOTAL) for the report.

C6.6.5. Interfund Bills Rejected By DAAS. This report identifies, in a summarized form for each billing office, the number, value, and reasons why interfund bills were rejected by DAAS. Figure C6.F3 shows an example of this report.



Figure C6.F3. Interfund Bills Rejected Example

1 DECEMBER 1999		LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILLS REJECTED BY D&SUC					PAGE 1	
BILLING	--- \$ VALUE OF SUMMARY ---	---- CC 5-7 NOT EQUAL ----		----- CC 30-35 NOT -----		----- T O T A L S -----		
RI CODE	NOT EQUAL TO DETAILS	TO DETAILS		IN DOD&AF				
	NUMBER	\$ VALUE	NUMBER	\$ VALUE	NUMBER	\$ VALUE	NUMBER	\$ VALUE
AK2					1	10,475.41	1	10,475.41
AK3			3	22,955.67			3	22,955.67
BL6					1	1,492.32	1	1,492.32
B46					2	15,496.86	2	15,496.86
CO8					1	76.03	1	76.03
CB6			2	23,312.78	1	545.00	3	22,767.78
GO0					1	1,047.23	1	1,047.23
MPB			1	3,822.78			1	3,822.78
M32					3	23,480.00	3	23,480.00
M35					2	9,483.50	2	9,483.50
MB2					19	31,817.94	19	31,817.94
MD2					50	56,460.14	50	56,460.14
MM2					27	50,116.88	27	50,116.88
MUA					7	1,123.53	7	1,123.53
MU2					1	3,218.42	1	3,218.42
M22					10	704.24	10	704.24
PL2					7	2,756.32	7	2,756.32
PT2					19	6,887.27	19	6,887.27
S9D	1 -	492.10					1 -	492.10
S9P					1	821.90	1	821.90
SCA					1	26,347.23	1	26,347.23
- TOT	1 -	492.10	6	50,091.23	154	100,379.45	161	149,978.58

C6.6.6. Interfund Bill Retransmission Request. This report summarizes the number of interfund bill retransmission requests and outcomes for the requests by billing RIC. Figure C6.F4 shows an example of this report.

Figure C6.F4. Interfund Bill Retransmission Request

1 DECEMBER 1999		LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILL RETRANSMISSION REQUESTS PAGE 1			
RECIPIENT	DOD&AC	TOTAL REQUESTS	# RETRIEVED	# UNWATCHED	# REJECTED
	062ANG	3	3		
	074LSD	11	11		
	081KJK	10	10		
	- TOTAL	24	24		
1 DECEMBER 1999		LIDS REPORT OF INTERFUND BILL RETRANSMISSION REQUESTS PAGE 2			
RECIPIENT	DOD&AC	TOTAL REQUESTS	# RETRIEVED	# UNWATCHED	# REJECTED
	F02700	5	5		
	F26100	15	15		
	F62200	5	5		
	F63400	7	7		
	F71600	9	9		
	F74800	7	7		
	F91111	233	233		
	F82300	1	1		
	- TOTAL	233	233		
	- GRAND TOT	262	262		

C6.6.7. Interfund Bills By Route-To COMMRI Code. This report provides a monthly summary of interfund bills by "route-to" COMMRI code for bill route by DAAS, the number of interfund bills (NO. BILLS), number of detail billing records (NO. DETAILS), and the dollar value of the bills (DOLLAR VALUE) are summarized by Service for each billed-to DoDAAC (BILLED DODAAC) within a communications office to which bills are routed (COMMRI) by DAAS during a month.

C6.6.8. In-storage Visibility Redistribution Credit Report. This is a report of laterally redistributed materiel and ISV procurement offset reimbursements. It shows the number and dollar value of credits for materiel, transportation, packing, crating, and handling by DoDAAC and/or RIC receiving the credit. See Figure C6.F5 for an example of this report.

Figure C6.F5. In-storage Visibility Redistribution Credit Report

DODAAC		RIC	MATERIEL (FD2)		TRANS (FQ2)		PCH (FR2)		TOTALS	
	L/I			\$ VALUE	L/I	\$ VALUE	L/I	\$ VALUE		
ANK	0		0.00		26	2,926.14	26	1,393.72	72	4,289.87
E14	0		0.00		8	558.38	8	541.25	16	1,199.73
E16	0		0.00		21	1,300.86	21	1,205.22	62	2,506.09
E17	0		0.00		18	2,486.42	18	2,749.90	26	6,626.32
B64	0		0.00		7	861.24	6	845.22	13	1,706.57
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>0</b>		<b>0.00</b>		<b>100</b>	<b>8,703.05</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>7,735.54</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>16,438.59</b>
0156K6 ANK	2		735.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	735.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>735.00</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>735.00</b>
02561Q ANK	2		328.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	328.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>328.00</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>328.00</b>
02162G E16	5		254.38		0	0.00	0	0.00	5	254.38
02162G E17	1		12,027.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	1	12,027.00
02162G B64	7		76,139.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	7	76,139.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13</b>		<b>88,480.38</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>88,480.38</b>
02162H E16	2		586.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	586.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>586.00</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>586.00</b>
022M7N ANK	13		98,280.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	13	98,280.00
022M7N E14	1		34,072.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	1	34,072.00
022M7N E16	2		6,720.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	6,720.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>23</b>		<b>139,072.00</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>139,072.00</b>
022M7P E17	4		46,480.00		0	0.00	0	0.00	4	46,480.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4</b>		<b>46,480.00</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>46,480.00</b>
024XC5 ANK	2		2,895.48		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	2,895.48
024XC5 E14	2		1,769.32		0	0.00	0	0.00	2	1,769.32

C6.6.9. Rejected Interfund Bills by Billing Office (Service Sequence). This report provides a listing of interfund bills that failed MILSBILLS prescribed DAAS edits. These bills were returned by DAAS to the billing office. The report identifies bills by billing office and identifies the billed DoDAAC, bill number, and dollar value. See Figure C6.F6 for an example of this report.

Figure C6.F6. Rejected Bill by Billing Office

1 DECEMBER 1999 REJECTED INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLING OFFICE PAGE 6					
SERVICE	BILLING OFFICE	BILLED DOD&C	BILL NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	BILLING MESSAGE
	N69117	R52841	Y1258 -	1,677.47	
	N69117	R52841	Y1259 -	11,450.62	
	N69117	R52841	Y1260 -	5,279.92	
	N69117	V21091	Y1455	450.60	
	N69117	V21525	Y1496	16,599.10	
0		TOTAL FS	7 -	1,123.53	
0		SUBTOT	145	45,156.87	
1 DECEMBER 1999 REJECTED INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLING OFFICE PAGE 7					
SERVICE	BILLING OFFICE	BILLED DOD&C	BILL NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	BILLING MESSAGE
DLA	3E0700	B	D0001	26,347.23	
0		TOTAL FS	1	26,347.23	
	3C0303	GN4ELE	9JBA	821.90	
0		TOTAL FS	1	821.90	
	3C4400	CL0M9K	WR005 -	492.10	
0		TOTAL FS	1 -	492.10	
0		SUBTOT	3	26,687.03	
1 DECEMBER 1999 REJECTED INTERFUND BILLS BY BILLING OFFICE PAGE 8					
SERVICE	BILLING OFFICE	BILLED DOD&C	BILL NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	BILLING MESSAGE
OTHER	476420	N68342	Y6827	1,047.23	
0		TOTAL FS	1	1,047.23	

C6.7. OTHER DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACTIVITY ADDRESS CODES AUTHORIZED INTERFUND

C6.7.1. DAAS will edit service code H requisitions to ensure that interfund procedures are appropriate for the requisitioner. Other DoD Components' requisitions for which interfund billing is appropriate are those in which the requisitioning DoDAAC is identified as authorized interfund billing. See Appendix AP1 for more information.

C6.7.2. If necessary, DAAS will change the fund code cited on other DoD Components' requisitions to XP when the H-Series requisitioning DoDAAC is not identified as authorized interfund billing.

C6.7.3. Other DoD Components may add their DoDAAC (to allow for interfund billing) or delete a listed DoDAAC (mandatory noninterfund billing). To request a change, contact the H Series Fund Code Monitor.

## AP2. APPENDIX 2

### CODES

APPENDIX	TITLE	PAGE
AP2.1	Document Identifier Codes	AP2.1-1
AP2.2	Fund Codes	AP2.2-1
AP2.3	Billing Advice Codes	AP2.3-1
AP2.4	Billing Status Codes	AP2.4-1
AP2.5	Type of Bill Codes	AP2.5-1
AP2.6	Recipient of Billing Status Codes	AP2.6-1
AP2.7	Sales Price Condition Codes	AP2.7-1
AP2.8	GSA Customer Supply Center Codes	AP2.8-1
AP2.9	Information Indicator Codes	AP2.9-1
AP2.10	Signal Codes	AP2.10-1
AP2.11	<b>Funds Verification Reply Codes</b>	<b>AP2.11-1</b>
AP2.12	Other Codes	AP2.12-1

## **AP3. APPENDIX 3**

### **MILSBILLS TRANSACTIONS**

*The authoritative source for MILSBILLS legacy and DLMS transactions is the DLM 4000.25. All transactions are available at the DLMS Website on the DLMS IC page.*

#### **MILSBILLS LEGACY FORMATS**

DIC	TITLE
FAE	Request for Adjustment of Non-Fuel Billing
FAF	Follow-up on Request for Adjustment of Non-Fuel Billing
FAR	Reply to Request for Adjustment of Non-Fuel Billing
FAS	Response to Follow-up on Request for Adjustment of Non-Fuel Billing
FA1, GA1	Billing for Issue from Stock (Charge)
FA2, GA2	Billing for Issue from Stock (Credit)
FB1, GB1	Billing for Direct Delivery of Stocked Items (Charge)
FB2, GB2	Billing for Direct Delivery of Stocked Items (Credit)
FC1, GC1	Billing for Decentralized, Noncatalogued, and Nonstocked Items (Charge)
FC2, GC2	Billing for Decentralized, Noncatalogued, and Nonstocked Items (Credit)
FDE	Request for Summary Level Billing Adjustment
FDF	Follow-up on Request for Summary Level Billing Adjustment
FDR	Reply to Request for Summary Level Billing Adjustment
FDS	Response to Follow-up on Request for Summary Level Billing Adjustment
FD1, GD1	Credit for Excess Materiel Return (Reversal)
FD2, GD2	Credit for Excess Materiel Return (No Charge)
FE3, GE3	Notice of Nonreimbursable Issue
FE4, GE4	Notice of Nonreimbursable issue (Reversal)
FF1, GF1	Billing for DoD Dependent School Supplies (Charge)
FF2, GF2	Billing for DoD Dependent School Supplies (Credit)
FG1, GG1	GSA Customer Supply Center Billing (Charge)
FG2, GG2	GSA Customer Supply Center Billing (Credit)
FJE	Request for Adjustment of Fuel Billing
FJF	Follow-up on Request for Adjustment of Fuel Billing
FJR	Reply to Request for Adjustment of Fuel Billing
FJS	Reply to Follow-up on Request for Adjustment of Fuel Billing
FJ1, GJ1	Billing for Bulk Petroleum (Charge)
FJ2, GJ2	Billing for Bulk Petroleum (Credit)

**The authoritative source for MILSBILLS legacy and DLMS transactions is the DLM 4000.25. All transactions are available at the DLMS Website on the DLMS IC page.**

**MILSBILLS LEGACY FORMATS**

DIC	TITLE
FL1, GL1	Retail Loss Allowance - Credit Reversal
FL2, GL2	Retail Loss Allowance - Credit
FN1, GN1	Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings (Charge)
FN2, GN2	Accessorial and Other Miscellaneous Billings (Credit)
FP1, GP1	Billing for Into-Plane Issues (Charge) / Retail Petroleum Issues (Charge)
FP2, GP2	Billing for Into-Plane Issues (Credit) / Retail Petroleum Issues (Credit)
FQ1, GQ1	Billing for Transportation (Charge)
FQ2, GQ2	Billing for Transportation (Credit)
FR1, GR1	Billing for Export Transportation (Charge)
FR2, GR2	Billing for Export Transportation (Credit)
FS1, GS1	Summary Billing Record (Net Charge)
FS2, GS2	Summary Billing Record (Net Credit)
FTB	Reply to Follow-up for Materiel Return Program Credit
FTP	Follow-up for Materiel Return Program Credit
FU1, GU1	Progress Payment (Charge)
FU2, GU2	Progress Payment (Recoupment)
FW1, GW1	Cash Discounts (Charge)
FW2, GW2	Cash Discounts (Credit)
FX1, GX1	Trade, Quantity, and Other Allowances (Charge)
FX2, GX2	Trade, Quantity, and Other Allowances (Credit)
QB1	Request for Retransmission of Bill (Copy)

**VARIABLE LENGTH TRANSACTION FORMATS (NON-X12 BASED)**

DIC	TITLE
<b>FV1<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Verification of Funds Availability Request</b>
<b>FV2</b>	<b>Verification of Funds Availability Reply</b>

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<sup>1</sup> No other use of the DIC FV1 is supported under MILSBILLS. DLA will phase out its current use associated with the DLA Troop Support supply chain. There is no impact on the funds verification process. Refer to ADC 1068.