

**SECTION C**

This document covers thermostabilized Santa Fe style rice and beans in a flexible pouch for use by the Department of Defense as a component of operational rations.

**C-1 ITEM DESCRIPTION**

**PCR-S-019, SANTA FE STYLE RICE AND BEANS, PACKAGED IN A FLEXIBLE POUCH, SHELF STABLE**

**C-2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

A. Product standard. A sample shall be subjected to first article (FA) or product demonstration model (PDM) inspection as applicable, in accordance with the tests and inspections of Section E of this Performance-based Contract Requirements (PCR) document. The approved sample shall serve as the product standard. Should the contractor at any time plan to, or actually produce the product using different raw material or process methodologies from the approved product standard, which result in a product non comparable to the product standard, the contractor shall arrange for a new or alternate FA or PDM approval. In any event, all product produced must meet all requirements of this document including product standard comparability.

B. Commercial sterility. The packaged food shall be processed until commercially sterile.

C. Shelf life. The packaged product shall meet the minimum shelf life requirement of 36 months at 80°F.

D. Appearance.

(1) General. The finished product shall be a uniform mixture of rice, black beans, pinto beans, corn, green chilies, black olives, red bell peppers, herbs and spices in a sauce. The finished product shall be free from foreign materials.

(2) Rice. The rice shall be enriched, parboiled, long grain, milled rice. The rice shall have an off white color and shall be distinct grains. The rice may have color absorbed from the sauce.

(3) Beans. The black beans and pinto beans shall have a cooked bean color. The beans shall be practically free of broken beans, mashed beans, or loose skins.

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

(4) Vegetables.

- a. Corn. The corn shall be whole kernel and shall have a cooked yellow corn color.
- b. Green chilies. The green chilies shall be dices and shall have a cooked green chili color.
- c. Black olives. The black olives shall be slices and shall have a black color.
- d. Red bell peppers. The red bell peppers shall be dices and shall have a cooked red pepper color.

(5) Sauce. The sauce shall be glossy, opaque, and a medium yellow orange color. The sauce may contain visible flecks of herbs and spices.

E. Odor and flavor. The packaged food shall have an odor and flavor of cooked rice with beans, cheese, and mild to moderate green chili seasoning and spices. The packaged food shall be free from foreign odors and flavors.

F. Texture.

- (1) Rice. The rice shall be moist and shall be slightly soft to slightly firm.
- (2) Beans. The beans shall be slightly soft to slightly firm.
- (3) Vegetables. The corn shall be slightly soft to slightly firm. The green chilies, black olives, and red bell peppers shall be tender.
- (4) Sauce. The sauce shall be moderately thick.

G. Net weight. The average net weight shall be not less than 5.0 ounces (142 grams). The net weight of an individual pouch shall be not less than 4.5 ounces (128 grams).

H. Drained weight. The average drained weight of rice, beans, and vegetables (combined) shall be not less than 3.0 ounces (85 grams). The drained weight of rice, beans, and vegetables (combined) in an individual pouch shall be not less than 2.5 ounces (71 grams).

I. Palatability and overall appearance. The finished product shall be equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance.

J. Analytical requirements.

(1) Fat content. The fat content shall be not greater than 6.0 percent.

(2) Salt content. The salt content shall be not less than 0.5 percent and not greater than 1.5 percent.

**C-3 MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**

THE FOLLOWING INGREDIENTS ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY. THIS IS NOT A MANDATORY CONTRACT REQUIREMENT.

A. Ingredients. Water, white rice, nonfat dry milk, corn, green chilies (green chili peppers, water, salt, calcium chloride and citric acid), cream [sweet cream, nonfat milk, sodium caseinate, and silicon dioxide (anticaking agent)], modified food starch with erythorbic acid, black beans, pinto beans, cheddar cheese powder [cheddar cheese (pasteurized milk, cheese cultures, salt, enzymes), whey, salt, and disodium phosphate], soybean oil, olives [water, salt, and ferrous gluconate (to stabilize color)], onion, salt, chili powder (chili pepper and other spices, salt, dehydrated garlic and less than 2 percent silicon dioxide added as free flow agent), red bell pepper, garlic powder, cilantro, citric acid, sodium metabisulfite (preservative).

NOTE: The product used for the development of this PCR was produced by Ameriquil Foods, Evansville, Indiana.

B. Sauce color. The color of the sauce is approximately # 8 on the National Cheese Institute Cheese Color Standard, from Cargill Foods, Phone 1-800-342-5724, [www.cargill.com](http://www.cargill.com).

**SECTION D**

**D-1 PACKAGING**

~~Product shall be filled into pouches, processed and each pouch placed into a carton in accordance with MIL-PRF 44073, Packaging of Food in Flexible Pouches, Type I.~~ Product shall be filled into pouches and sealed in accordance with MIL-PRF-44073, Packaging of Food in Flexible Pouches, Type I, Style 1.

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

**D-2 LABELING**

A. Pouches. Each pouch shall be correctly and legibly labeled. Printing ink shall be permanent black ink or any other contrasting color, which is free of carcinogenic elements. Prior to thermal processing of the pouches, the product name, lot number and filling equipment number shall be applied. All other marking may be applied before or after thermal processing.

(1) Product name (not less than 1/8 inch high). Commonly used abbreviations may be used.

(2) Pouch code includes: 1/

- Lot Number
- Filling equipment identification number
- Company code
- Retort identification number and Retort cook number (Optional)
- Time stamp (hour and minute of filling/sealing operation)

1/ The lot number shall be expressed as a four digit Julian code. The first digit shall indicate the year of production and the next three digits shall indicate the day of the year (Example, 14 February 2010 would be coded as 0045). The Julian code shall represent the day the product was packaged into the pouch and processed. Following the four digit Julian code, the other required code information shall be printed in the sequence as listed above.

B. ~~Cartons~~. Paperboard sleeves.

(1) ~~The cartons shall be clearly printed on one of the largest panels with permanent black ink as follows:~~ The sleeves shall be clearly printed on one of the panels with permanent black ink as follows: 1/ 2/

- Product name (7/32 to 9/32 inch block letters)
- Ingredients
- Net weight
- Name and address of packer
- ~~Code (same as pouch code, see pouches) 1/ 2/ 3/~~
- “Nutrition Facts” label in accordance with the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act (NLEA) and all applicable FDA regulations

~~1/ Code may be ink printed on any outside carton panel. Code may be embossed on any outside carton panel except the largest panels of the carton. 1/ With contracting officer~~

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

approval, this information may be printed on the pouch or on a separate paperboard insert card in lieu of the paperboard sleeve.

~~2/ Company code not required in carton code.~~ 2/ If printed on the sleeve, it shall be configured to fit alongside similar information for an accompanying pouched product. Identity of accompanying pouched product and approval of label design shall be obtained from the contracting officer.

~~3/ Cartons shall be time stamped with the hour and minute that the pouch is sealed into the carton. (Cartons are not expected to bear same time stamp as pouch). Alternatively, the optional Retort identification and Retort cook number shall be used.~~

~~(2) Military nutrition information entitled "NUTRITION: A FORCE MULTIPLIER" shall be printed on the large panel opposite to the panel printed with the data in D-2,B,(1) above. The information, provided by the contracting officer, shall be clearly printed with permanent black ink in an area no smaller than 3-3/4 inches by 5-3/4 inches.~~

(3) The product shall be formulated and labeled in accordance with all FDA labeling regulations and policies. The ~~cartons~~ sleeves (or pouches, or insert cards, as applicable) shall be labeled with the following product name.

SANTA FE STYLE RICE AND BEANS

### **D-3 PACKING**

A. Packing. Not more than 40 pounds of product shall be packed in a fiberboard shipping box constructed in accordance with style RSC of ASTM D 5118/5118M, Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard Shipping Boxes. The fiberboard shall conform to type CF, class D, variety SW, grade 200 of ASTM D 4727/D 4727M, Standard Specification for Corrugated and Solid Fiberboard Sheet Stock (Container Grade) and Cut Shapes. Each box shall be closed in accordance with ASTM D 1974, Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Boxes.

### **D-5 MARKING**

A. Shipping containers. Shipping containers shall be marked in accordance with DSCP FORM 3556, Marking Instructions for Boxes, Sacks, and Unit Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable Subsistence.

## **SECTION E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE**

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

The following quality assurance criteria, utilizing ANSI/ASQ Z1.4, Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes, are required. Unless otherwise specified, single sampling plans indicated in ANSI/ASQ Z1.4 will be utilized. When required, the manufacturer shall provide the Certificate(s) of Conformance to the appropriate inspection activity. Certificate(s) of Conformance not provided shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

A. Definitions.

(1) Critical defect. A critical defect is a defect that judgment and experience indicate would result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending on the item; or a defect that judgment and experience indicate is likely to prevent the performance of the major end item, i.e. the consumption of the ration.

(2) Major defect. A major defect is a defect, other than critical, that is likely to result in failure, or to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose.

(3) Minor defect. A minor defect is a defect that is not likely to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose, or is a departure from established standards having little bearing on the effective use or operation of the unit.

B. Classification of inspections. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:

(1) Product standard inspection. The first article or product demonstration model shall be inspected in accordance with the provisions of this document and evaluated for overall appearance and palatability. Any failure to conform to the performance requirements or any appearance or palatability failure shall be cause for rejection of the lot. The approved first article or product demonstration model shall be used as the product standard for periodic review evaluations. All food components that are inspected by the USDA shall be subject to periodic review sampling and evaluation. The USDA shall select sample units during production of contracts and submit them to the following address for evaluation:

US Army Research, Development, and Engineering Command  
Natick Soldier Research, Development, and Engineering Center  
RDNS-CFF  
15 Kansas Street  
Natick, MA 01760-5018

One lot shall be randomly selected during each calendar month of production. Six (6) sample units of each item produced shall be randomly selected from that one production lot. The six (6) sample units shall be shipped to Natick within five working days from the end of the

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

production month and upon completion of all USDA inspection requirements. The sample units will be evaluated for the characteristics of appearance, odor, flavor, texture, and overall quality.

(2) Conformance inspection. Conformance inspection shall include the examinations/tests and methods of inspection cited in this section and in Section 4 of MIL-PRF-44073.

**E-5 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PRODUCT)**

A. Product examination. The finished product shall be examined for compliance with the performance requirements specified in Section C of this Performance-based Contract Requirements document utilizing the double sampling plans indicated in ANSI/ASQ Z1.4. The lot size shall be expressed in pouches. The sample unit shall be the contents of one pouch. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the acceptable quality level (AQL), expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 1.5 for major defects and 4.0 for minor defects. Defects and defect classifications are listed in table I. For drained weight inspection, a separate set of pouches shall be selected from the lot using the same sampling criteria as above. The pouches shall be immersed in not less than 140°F water for 10 minutes prior to conducting the product examination and drained weight inspection.

TABLE I. Product defects 1/ 2/ 3/

Category		Defect
<u>Major</u>	<u>Minor</u>	
		<u>Appearance</u>
101		Product not a uniform mixture of rice, black beans, pinto beans, corn, green chilies, black olives, red bell peppers, herbs and spices in a sauce.
	201	Rice not an off white color or not distinct grains. <u>4/</u>
	202	Black beans or pinto beans not a cooked bean color.
	203	Beans not practically free of broken beans or mashed beans or loose skins.
	204	Corn not whole kernel or not a cooked yellow corn color.
	205	Green chilies not dices or not a cooked green chili color.

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

- 206 Black olives not slices or not a black color.
- 207 Red bell peppers not dices or not a cooked red pepper color.
- 208 Sauce not glossy or not opaque or not a medium yellow orange color.

Odor and flavor

- 102 Product does not have an odor or flavor of cooked rice with beans, cheese, and mild to moderate green chili seasoning and spices.

Texture

- 209 Rice not moist or not slightly soft to slightly firm.
- 210 Beans not slightly soft to slightly firm.
- 211 Corn not slightly soft to slightly firm.
- 212 Green chilies or black olives or red bell peppers not tender.
- 213 Sauce not moderately thick.

Net weight

- 214 Net weight of an individual pouch less than 4.5 ounces (128 grams). 5/

Drained weight

- 215 Combined drained weight of rice, beans, and vegetables in an individual pouch less than 2.5 ounces (71 grams) 6/
- 

1/ Presence of any foreign materials such as, but not limited to dirt, insect parts, hair, glass, wood, or metal, or any foreign odors or flavors such as, but not limited to burnt, scorched, rancid, sour, stale, musty or moldy shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

2/ Finished product not equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance shall be cause for rejection of the lot.



**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

3/ Verification of rice as enriched, parboiled, long grain rice shall be with the statement of ingredients on the label or verified by producer's Certificate of Conformance (CoC). Any nonconformance shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

4/ Color from absorbed sauce shall not be scored as a defect.

5/ Sample average net weight less than 5.0 ounces (142 grams) shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

6/ Sample average drained weight of rice, beans, and vegetables (combined) less than 3.0 ounces (85 grams) shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

**B. Methods of inspection.**

(1) Commercial sterility. Commercial sterility shall be verified in accordance with FDA regulations.

(2) Shelf life. The contractor shall provide a Certificate of Conformance that the product has a 36 month shelf life when stored at 80°F. Government verification may include storage for 6 months at 100°F or 36 months at 80°F. Upon completion of either storage period, the product will be subjected to a sensory evaluation panel for appearance and palatability and must receive an overall score of 5 or higher based on a 9 point hedonic scale to be considered acceptable.

(3) Net weight. The net weight of the filled and sealed pouches shall be determined by weighing each sample on a suitable scale tared with a representative empty pouch. Results shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 ounce or to the nearest 1 gram.

(4) Drained weight. The pouch contents shall be poured into a flat-bottom container. A minimum of three times the volume of the pouch of not less than 140°F water shall be added to the container so as to cover the contents. The contents and water shall be gently agitated so as to liquefy rendered fat and to remove the sauce without breaking the beans or vegetables. The contents shall then be poured into a U.S. Standard No. 12 sieve in a manner that will distribute the product over the sieve without breaking the beans or vegetables. The sieve area shall be such that the distributed product does not completely cover all the openings of the sieve. The sieve shall be tilted at such an angle to assure complete drainage of liquid from the product. Drain product for two minutes before determining the drained weight by subtracting the sieve tare weight from the gross weight. The drained weight shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 ounce or to the nearest 1 gram.

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

(5) Analytical. The sample to be analyzed shall be a composite of eight filled and sealed pouches which have been selected at random from the lot. The composite sample shall be prepared and analyzed in accordance with the following methods of the Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of AOAC International:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Method Number</u>
Fat	985.15
Salt	935.47

Test results shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 percent. Government verification will be conducted through actual testing by a Government laboratory. Any nonconforming results shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

**E-6 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PACKAGING AND PACKING MATERIALS)**

A. Packaging.

(1) Pouch material testing. The pouch material shall be examined for the characteristics listed in table I of MIL-PRF-44073 for Type I. The lot size, sample unit, and inspection level criteria for each of the test characteristics are listed below. Any test failure shall be classified as a major defect and shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

Characteristic	Lot size expressed in	Sample unit	Inspection level
Oxygen transmission rate	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Water vapor transmission rate	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Camouflage	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Thermal processing	pouches	1 pouch	S-2
Low temperature	pouches	1 pouch	S-2
High temperature	pouches	1 pouch	S-2
<b>Directional tear</b>	<b>pouches</b>	<b>1 pouch</b>	<b>S-3</b>

(2) Filled and sealed pouch testing. The filled and sealed thermoprocessed or hot-fill processed pouches shall be examined for the characteristics listed in table I of MIL-PRF-44073 for Type I. The lot size, sample unit, and inspection level criteria for each of the test characteristics are listed below. Any test failure shall be classified as a major defect and shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

Characteristic	Lot size expressed in	Sample unit	Inspection level
Residual gas volume	pouches	1 pouch	S-2

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

Internal pressure	pouches	1 pouch	S-2 1/
Directional tear	pouches	1 pouch	S-2

1/ When a three-seal tester is used, a separate set of samples is required for testing of the closure seal.

(3) Pouch examination. The pouches shall be examined for the defects listed in table II of MIL-PRF-44073 for Type I. The lot size shall be expressed in pouches. The sample unit shall be one thermal processed pouch. The inspection level shall be I and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 0.65 for major A defects, 2.5 for major B defects, and 4.0 for minor defects. Two hundred sample units shall be examined for critical defects. The finding of any critical defect shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

~~(4) Examination of pouch and carton assembly. The completed pouch and carton assemblies shall be examined for the defects listed in table III of MIL-PRF-44073 for Type I. The lot size shall be expressed in units of completed assemblies. The sample unit shall be one pouch and carton assembly. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 0.65 for major defects and 2.5 for minor defects. Fifty sample pouch and carton assemblies shall be examined for critical defects. The finding of any critical defect shall be cause for rejection of the lot.~~ Sleeve examination 1/. The sleeves shall be examined for the defects listed in table III of MIL-PRF-44073 for Type I. The lot size shall be expressed in units of sleeves. The sample unit shall be one sleeve. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 0.65 for major defects and 2.5 for minor defects.

1/ Or separate paperboard insert card when used in lieu of the paperboard sleeve.

B. Packing.

(1) Shipping container and marking examination. The filled and sealed shipping containers shall be examined for the defects listed in table II below. The lot size shall be expressed in shipping containers. The sample unit shall be one shipping container fully packed. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 4.0 for major defects and 10.0 for total defects.

TABLE II. Shipping container and marking defects

Category		Defect
Major	Minor	
101		Marking missing or incorrect or illegible.

102	Inadequate workmanship. <u>1/</u>
201	More than 40 pounds of product.

---

1/ Inadequate workmanship is defined as, but not limited to, incomplete closure of container flaps, loose strapping, inadequate stapling, improper taping, or bulged or distorted container.

## **SECTION J REFERENCE DOCUMENTS**

Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those active on the date of the solicitation or contract.

### DSCP FORMS

DSCP FORM 3556 Marking Instructions for Boxes, Sacks, and Unit Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable Subsistence

### MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-44073 Packaging of Food in Flexible Pouches

### NON-GOVERNMENTAL STANDARDS

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR QUALITY (ASQ) [www.asq.org](http://www.asq.org)

ANSI/ASQ Z1.4 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

ASTM INTERNATIONAL [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org)

D 1974 Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Boxes

D 4727/D 4727M Standard Specification for Corrugated and Solid Fiberboard Sheet Stock (Container Grade) and Cut Shapes

D 5118/D 5118M Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard Shipping Boxes

AOAC INTERNATIONAL [www.aoac.org](http://www.aoac.org)

**PCR-S-019**  
**30 September 2009**  
**W/ Change 01 28 Mar 16 ES16-024 (DSCP-SS-16-00454)**

Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of AOAC International