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STANDARD FORM 1449 (REV. 2/2012)
Prescribed by GSA - FAR (48 CFR) 53.212

19. ITEM NO.	20. SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES/SERVICES	21. QUANTITY	22. UNIT	23. UNIT PRICE	24. AMOUNT

32a. QUANTITY IN COLUMN 21 HAS BEEN

☐ RECEIVED ☐ INSPECTED ☐ ACCEPTED, AND CONFORMS TO THE CONTRACT, EXCEPT AS NOTED: _____

32b. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE	32c. DATE	32d. PRINTED NAME AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE

32e. MAILING ADDRESS OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE	32f. TELEPHONE NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE
	32g. E-MAIL OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE

33. SHIP NUMBER	34. VOUCHER NUMBER	35. AMOUNT VERIFIED CORRECT FOR	36. PAYMENT	37. CHECK NUMBER
<input type="checkbox"/> PARTIAL <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL			<input type="checkbox"/> COMPLETE <input type="checkbox"/> PARTIAL <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL	

38. S/R ACCOUNT NO.	39. S/R VOUCHER NUMBER	40. PAID BY

41a. I CERTIFY THIS ACCOUNT IS CORRECT AND PROPER FOR PAYMENT	42a. RECEIVED BY (<i>Print</i>)
41b. SIGNATURE AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICER	42b. RECEIVED AT (<i>Location</i>)
41c. DATE	42c. DATE REC'D (YY/MM/DD)
	42d. TOTAL CONTAINERS

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SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES OR COSTS**SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES, SERVICES AND PRICES (BLOCKS 19-24)**

Line Item	Item Description	NSN	Annual Estimated Quantity	TIER 1	TIER 2	TIER 3	TIER 4	TIER 5
0001	CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	43,200	\$ 29.90	\$ 29.40	\$ 30.41	\$ 30.94	\$ 31.48

Guaranteed Minimum quantity for the 5 Year period is 86,400 Trays.

Estimated quantity for the 5 Year period is 216,000 Trays.

Maximum quantity for the 5 Year period is 432,000 Trays.

Economic Price Adjustment (EPA)

Line Item	Item Description	NSN	Dollar Portion Subject to EPA	TIER 1	TIER 2	TIER 3	TIER 4	TIER 5
0001	CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	\$ 12.69	\$ 17.21	\$ 16.71	\$ 17.72	\$ 18.25	\$ 18.79

DELIVERY

Delivery quantities shall be provided via delivery orders issued on an as needed basis. **Deliveries shall be FOB Destination to the following ship to address:**

W62GT
W1BG DLA Distribution
25600 S Chrisman Road
Rec Warehouse 30
Tracy, CA 95304-5000
United States

Inspection is at the Contractor's Plant and Acceptance is at Destination. Required delivery dates shall begin within 30 days after issuance of each delivery order not to exceed 90 days after issuance of each delivery order.

The effective period of the contract is:

Tier 1: 05/27/2016 – 05/26/2017

Tier 2: 05/27/2017 – 05/26/2018

Tier 3: 05/27/2018 – 05/26/2019

Tier 4: 05/27/2019 – 05/26/2020

Tier 5: 05/27/2020 – 05/26/2021

INSPECTION/ACCEPTANCE:

Inspection at Contractor's Plant, and Acceptance at Destination, upon execution of DD Form 250 by the authorized Government representative.

52.212-5 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS - COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAR 2016) FAR

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) 52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015)

(2) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (AUG 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).

(3) 52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Public Laws 108-77, 108-78 (19 U.S.C. 3805 note)).

(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the contracting officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

X (1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Sept 2006), with Alternate I (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4704 and 10 U.S.C. 2402).

X (2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

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- ☐ (3) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub L. 111-5) (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009).
- ☒ (4) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Oct 2015) (Pub. L. 109-282) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).
- ☐ (5) [Reserved]
- ☐ (6) 52.204-14, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Jan 2014) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).
- ☐ (7) 52.204-15, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Jan 2014) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).
- ☒ (8) 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (Oct 2015) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).
- ☒ (9) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Jul 2013) (41 U.S.C. 2313).
- ☐ (10) [Reserved]
- ☐ (11) (i) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657a).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011) of 52.219-3.
- ☐ (12) (i) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer)(15 U.S.C. 657a).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2011) of 52.219-4.
- ☐ (13) [Reserved]
- ☒ (14) (i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011).
- ☐ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2011).
- ☐ (15) (i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (June 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 1995) of 52.219-7.
- ☐ (iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-7.
- ☐ (16) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)).
- ☐ (17) (i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Oct 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637 (d)(4)).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9.
- ☐ (iii) Alternate II (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9.
- ☐ (iv) Alternate III (Oct 2015) of 52.219-9.
- ☐ (18) 52.219-13, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)).
- ☒ (19) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)).
- ☐ (20) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
- ☐ (21) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657f).
- ☐ (22) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
- ☐ (23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Dec 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
- ☐ (24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (Dec 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
- ☒ (25) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (June 2003) (E.O. 11755).
- ☒ (26) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Feb 2016) (E.O. 13126).
- ☒ (27) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- ☒ (28) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- ☒ (29) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- ☒ (30) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- ☒ (31) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- ☒ (32) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496).
- ☒ (33) (i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50, (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
- ☒ (34) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015). (E. O. 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.)
- ☐ (35) (i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- ☐ (36) (i) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Imaging Equipment (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514)
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2015) of 52.223-13.
- ☐ (37) (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Television (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-14.
- ☐ (38) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (Dec 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).
- ☐ (39) (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Personal Computer Products (Oct 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
- ☐ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-16.
- ☒ (40) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging while Driving (Aug 2011) (E.O. 13513).

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- X (41) 52.225-1, Buy American--Supplies (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
- ___ (42) (i) 52.225-3, Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (iii) Alternate II (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (iv) Alternate III (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (43) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (Feb 2016) (19 U.S.C. 2501, *et seq.*, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).
- X (44) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Jun 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).
- ___ (45) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- ___ (46) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
- ___ (47) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
- ___ (48) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (Feb 2002) (41 U.S.C. 4505), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- ___ (49) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- X (50) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer— System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (51) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other Than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (52) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (53) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a).
- ___ (54) (i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.
- (c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:
[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]
- ___ (1) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495)
- ___ (2) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.).
- ___ (3) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (4) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (May 2014) (29 U.S.C.206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (5) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (6) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (7) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (8) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015) (E.O. 13658).
- ___ (9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792).
- ___ (10) 52.237-11, Accepting and Dispensing of \$1 Coin (Sep 2008) (31 U.S.C. 5112(p)(1)).
- (d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record* The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records -- Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e)
- (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—
- (i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

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<p>(ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.</p> <p>(iii) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (1) of FAR clause 52.222-17.</p> <p>(iv) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).</p> <p>(v) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).</p> <p>(vi) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).</p> <p>(vii) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).</p> <p>(viii) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).</p> <p>(ix) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.</p> <p>(x) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014), (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).</p> <p>(xi) ____ (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627). ____ (B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).</p> <p>(xii) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.)</p> <p>(xiii) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67)</p> <p>(xiv) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015) (E. O. 12989).</p> <p>(xv) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015).</p> <p>(xvi) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).</p> <p>(xvii) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.</p> <p>(xviii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.</p> <p>(2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.</p> <p>(End of Clause)</p> <p><i>Alternate I (Feb 2000).</i> As prescribed in 12.301(b)(4)(i), delete paragraph (d) from the basic clause, redesignate paragraph (e) as paragraph (d), and revise the reference to "paragraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this clause" in the redesignated paragraph (d) to read "paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this clause".</p> <p><i>Alternate II (Dec 2015).</i> As prescribed in 12.301(b)(4)(ii), substitute the following paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) for paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) of the basic clause as follows:</p> <p>(d)</p> <p>(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector General appointed under section 3 or 8G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.), or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials shall have access to and right to—</p> <p>(i) Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractors' records that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, this contract; and</p> <p>(ii) Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.</p> <p>(e)</p> <p>(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause in a subcontract for commercial items, other than—</p> <p>(i) <i>Paragraph (d) of this clause.</i> This paragraph flows down to all subcontracts, except the authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) does not flow down; and</p> <p>(ii) <i>Those clauses listed in this paragraph (e)(1).</i> Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—</p> <p>(A) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).</p> <p>(B) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5).</p> <p>(C) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.</p> <p>(D) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).</p> <p>(E) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).</p> <p>(F) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).</p> <p>(G) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).</p>		
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(H) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.

(I) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(J) ____ (1) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
____ (2) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).

(K) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(L) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(M) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015) (Executive Order 12989).

(N) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015).

(O) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

(P) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

[Class Deviation- 2013-O0019, Commercial Item Omnibus Clauses for Acquisitions Using the Standard Procurement System. This clause deviation is effective on Sep 25, 2013, and remains in effect for five years, or until otherwise rescinded.

FAR 52.212-5 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS--COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DEVIATION 2013-O0019) (MAR 2016)

(a) *Comptroller General Examination of Record.* The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (a) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records -- Negotiation.

(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(b)

(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of any other clause in this contract, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (b)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—

(i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Apr 2010) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

(ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(iii) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (1) of FAR clause 52.222-17.

(iv) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).

(v) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).

(vi) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).

(vii) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).

(viii) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).

(ix) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.

(x) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014), (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(xi) ____ (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
____ (B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).

(xii) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.)

(xiii) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67)

(xiv) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015).

(xv) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015) (E.O. 13658).

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(xvi) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).

(xvii) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

(xviii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(xviii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of Clause)

52.223-12 -- Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (May 1995)

The Contractor shall comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 608 and 609 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7671g and 7671h) as each or both apply to this contract.

(End of Clause)

SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

List of Attachments

Description	File Name
ATTACH.	Valley Signature Page 1.pdf

SOLICITATION/CONTRACT/ORDER FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS OFFEROR TO COMPLETE BLOCKS 12, 17, 23, 24, & 30				1. REQUISITION NUMBER 1000040626		PAGE 1 OF 91	
2. CONTRACT NO.		3. AWARD/EFFECTIVE DATE		4. ORDER NUMBER		5. SOLICITATION NUMBER SPE3S1-15-R-0007	
6. SOLICITATION ISSUE DATE 2015 NOV 18		7. FOR SOLICITATION INFORMATION CALL:		a. NAME Debbie Goffman PSPTRAA		b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (No Collect calls) Phone: 215-737-2979	
8. OFFER DUE DATE/LOCAL TIME 2015 DEC 18 03:00 PM		9. ISSUED BY DLA TROOP SUPPORT SUBSISTENCE SUPPLY CHAIN 700 ROBBINS AVENUE PHILADELPHIA PA 19111-5096 USA		CODE SPE3S1		10. THIS ACQUISITION IS <input type="checkbox"/> SMALL BUSINESS <input type="checkbox"/> HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS <input type="checkbox"/> SERVICE-DISABLED VETERAN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNRESTRICTED OR <input type="checkbox"/> SET ASIDE: _____ % FOR: <input type="checkbox"/> WOMEN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS (WOSB) ELIGIBLE UNDER THE WOMEN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM <input type="checkbox"/> EDWOSB NAICS: 311422 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 (A) SIZE STANDARD:	
11. DELIVERY FOR FOB DESTINATION UNLESS BLOCK IS MARKED <input type="checkbox"/> SEE SCHEDULE		12. DISCOUNT TERMS		<input type="checkbox"/> 13a. THIS CONTRACT IS A RATED ORDER UNDER DPAS (15 CFR 700)		13b. RATING	
15. DELIVER TO SEE SCHEDULE		CODE		16. ADMINISTERED BY		CODE	
17a. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR TELEPHONE NO.		CODE		FACILITY CODE		18a. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY CODE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 17b. CHECK IF REMITTANCE IS DIFFERENT AND PUT SUCH ADDRESS IN OFFER		18b. SUBMIT INVOICES TO ADDRESS SHOWN IN BLOCK 18a UNLESS BLOCK BELOW IS CHECKED <input type="checkbox"/> SEE ADDENDUM		14. METHOD OF SOLICITATION <input type="checkbox"/> RFQ <input type="checkbox"/> IFB <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RFP			
19. ITEM NO.	20. SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES/SERVICES			21. QUANTITY	22. UNIT	23. UNIT PRICE	24. AMOUNT
	See Schedule						
				(Use Reverse and/or Attach Additional Sheets as Necessary)			
25. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA						26. TOTAL AWARD AMOUNT (For Govt. Use Only)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 27a. SOLICITATION INCORPORATES BY REFERENCE FAR 52.212-1, 52.212-4. FAR 52.212-3 AND 52.212-5 ARE ATTACHED. ADDENDA						<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARE <input type="checkbox"/> ARE NOT ATTACHED	
<input type="checkbox"/> 27b. CONTRACT/PURCHASE ORDER INCORPORATES BY REFERENCE FAR 52.212-4. FAR 52.212-5 IS ATTACHED. ADDENDA						<input type="checkbox"/> ARE <input type="checkbox"/> ARE NOT ATTACHED	
<input type="checkbox"/> 28. CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT AND RETURN COPIES TO ISSUING OFFICE. CONTRACTOR AGREES TO FURNISH AND DELIVER ALL ITEMS SET FORTH OR OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED ABOVE AND ON ANY ADDITIONAL SHEETS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SPECIFIED						<input type="checkbox"/> 29. AWARD OF CONTRACT: REF. _____ OFFER DATED _____. YOUR OFFER ON SOLICITATION (BLOCK 5), INCLUDING ANY ADDITIONS OR CHANGES WHICH ARE SET FORTH HEREIN, IS ACCEPTED AS TO ITEMS:	
30a. SIGNATURE OF OFFEROR/CONTRACTOR				31a. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTING OFFICER)			
30b. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or Print)		30c. DATE SIGNED		31b. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER (Type or Print)		31c. DATE SIGNED	

19. ITEM NO.	20. SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES/SERVICES	21. QUANTITY	22. UNIT	23. UNIT PRICE	24. AMOUNT

32a. QUANTITY IN COLUMN 21 HAS BEEN

☐ RECEIVED ☐ INSPECTED ☐ ACCEPTED, AND CONFORMS TO THE CONTRACT, EXCEPT AS NOTED: _____

32b. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE	32c. DATE	32d. PRINTED NAME AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE

32e. MAILING ADDRESS OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE	32f. TELEPHONE NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE
	32g. E-MAIL OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE

33. SHIP NUMBER	34. VOUCHER NUMBER	35. AMOUNT VERIFIED CORRECT FOR	36. PAYMENT	37. CHECK NUMBER
<input type="checkbox"/> PARTIAL <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL			<input type="checkbox"/> COMPLETE <input type="checkbox"/> PARTIAL <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL	

38. S/R ACCOUNT NO.	39. S/R VOUCHER NUMBER	40. PAID BY

41a. I CERTIFY THIS ACCOUNT IS CORRECT AND PROPER FOR PAYMENT	42a. RECEIVED BY (<i>Print</i>)
41b. SIGNATURE AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICER	42b. RECEIVED AT (<i>Location</i>)
41c. DATE	42c. DATE REC'D (YY/MM/DD)
	42d. TOTAL CONTAINERS

SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES OR COSTS**TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR SOLICITATION SPE3S1-15-R-0007**

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CAUTION NOTICES

THE SUBJECT PROCUREMENT IS BEING SOLICITED UNDER THE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATIONS (FAR) PARTS 12 AND 15 AS UNRESTRICTED WITH FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION WITH HUBZONE PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE. THE SOLICITATION IS FOR 22 ENTREE TRAY PACK ITEMS USED AS COMPONENTS IN THE ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITIZED GROUP RATION HEAT & SERVE PROGRAM. SOLICITATION SPE3S1-15-R-0007 WILL RESULT IN A FIXED-PRICE WITH ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT (EPA) CONTRACT FOR A TOTAL TERM OF FIVE YEARS THAT WILL CONSIST OF FIVE 12-MONTH TIER PERIODS. THE CONTRACT WILL BE EFFECTIVE FROM FEBRUARY 29, 2016 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, 2021. THIS PROCUREMENT WILL UTILIZE LOW PRICE TECHNICALLY ACCEPTABLE SOURCE SELECTION PROCEDURES AND WILL REQUIRE OFFERORS TO SUBMIT PRODUCT DEMONSTRATION MODELS (PDMs). HOWEVER, THE PDM REQUIREMENT IS WAIVED FOR ANY OFFEROR WHO HAS SUBMITTED AND RECEIVED AN ACCEPTABLE RATING ON A FIRST ARTICLE FROM NATICK IN THE 12 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE SOLICITATION CLOSING DATE. DOCUMENTATION FROM NATICK OF THE PASSING FIRST ARTICLE SCORE MUST BE PROVIDED.

TIER PERIODS

The resulting contract will include five 12-month tiered periods for a total of five years. Acceptance of each tier is mandatory. Failure to indicate acceptance of each tier by annotating the offeror's unit prices for listed items for "Tiers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5" as described in the Schedule of Supplies Blocks 19-24, may be deemed as non-acceptance of the terms and conditions, and may result in rejection of the offeror's entire proposal. Offerors are cautioned to take extreme care when preparing proposals for this solicitation. All terms and conditions should be reviewed carefully. The resultant contract will be effective from:

Tier 1: February 29, 2016 – February 28, 2017
Tier 2: March 01, 2017 – February 28, 2018
Tier 3: March 01, 2018 – February 28, 2019
Tier 4: March 01, 2019-February 29, 2020
Tier 5: March 01, 2020-February 28, 2021

Note: Contract deliveries may fall outside of the tier effective periods. However, prices will be based on the time an order is placed, not when an order is delivered. For example, if an order is placed during tier 2, but delivery is made during tier 3, then the prices in effect for that order will be the tier 2 prices.

Offerors are cautioned to include a completed copy of the provision FAR 52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items, with their offer. The Offeror shall complete only paragraph(b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM) website accessed through <http://www.acquisition.gov>. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (p) of this provision.

The Government may utilize a Reverse Auction as a pricing technique pursuant to DLAD 52.215-9023, under this solicitation.

Proposals submitted are considered proprietary and/or competition sensitive in nature. Use of the information provided in the proposals is for evaluation purposes only and will be limited to duly accredited officials of the Department of Defense who are subject to penalties for unlawful disclosure.

UNDER LOW PRICE TECHNICALLY ACCEPTABLE (LPTA) PROCEDURES, AWARD WILL BE MADE TO THE RESPONSIBLE OFFEROR(S), WHOSE OFFER MEETING THE ACCEPTABILITY STANDARDS FOR ALL NON-PRICE FACTORS, OFFERS THE LOWEST TOTAL PRICE PER LINE ITEM AND MEETS ALL OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SOLICITATION.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

PLEASE NOTE, TAKING EXCEPTION TO ANY OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SOLICITATION MAY DEEM YOUR PROPOSAL “TECHNICALLY UNACCEPTABLE” AND POSSIBLY REMOVE YOUR COMPANY FROM CONSIDERATION FOR AWARD.

THIS SOLICITATION IS ISSUED ON AN “UNRESTRICTED” BASIS.

OFFEROR IS REQUIRED TO SUBMIT ONE ORIGINAL PROPOSAL PLUS TWO (2) COMPLETE COPIES.

PLEASE NOTE: ONE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SOLICITATION IS PRODUCT DEMONSTATION MODELS (PDM’s) IN LIEU OF FIRST ARTICLES. HOWEVER, THE PDM REQUIREMENT IS WAIVED FOR ANY OFFEROR WHO HAS SUBMITTED AND RECEIVED AN ACCEPTABLE RATING ON A FIRST ARTICLE FROM NATICK IN THE 12 MONTHS PRIOR TO THE SOLICITATION CLOSING DATE. DOCUMENTATION FROM NATICK OF THE PASSING FIRST ARTICLE SCORE MUST BE PROVIDED.

RapidGate

Many bases currently require enrollment in RapidGate and will not allow entry without RapidGate clearance. During the contract implementation period, the Contractor must contact all customer locations to determine whether enrollment in RapidGate or another security program is required for access to each location. If RapidGate or other security enrollment is required, the contractor must take all necessary steps to obtain this in time for the start of performance under this contract. Failure to have RapidGate clearance may result in a vendor being turned away from the base and being unable to complete delivery. The contractor is responsible for the additional cost for RapidGate enrollment and must ensure that a RapidGate enrolled driver is available for all deliveries. We currently estimate that RapidGate enrollment will cost about \$250 per company and \$200 per enrolled employee for 1 year of access to multiple locations, but the cost of RapidGate or other security enrollment may vary, so the contractor should contact RapidGate to determine its own costs. If more than one driver is required, RapidGate enrollment must be obtained for each driver. Note that enrollment can take several weeks, so an awardee that is not already enrolled must begin enrollment at the time of award notification at the latest. If difficulty or delay in enrollment in RapidGate is encountered during the implementation period, the contractor **MUST** contact RapidGate and/or the Security Officer at the applicable customer locations to resolve any issues with processing RapidGate enrollment so that the contractor will be able to deliver as required. For additional information regarding RapidGate, including enrollment instructions, please visit their website at www.rapidgate.com.

Please note that RapidGate is currently a requirement for access to some military bases; however, these and other locations may require enrollment in other security programs at some time in the future. In this event, the contractor is responsible for obtaining all required enrollments and clearances for each of their drivers as soon as they receive notice of such a requirement.

NOTE: RapidGate is not currently required for Depot Deliveries.

CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS (FEB 2012)

FAR Part 3.1002(a) requires all government contractors to conduct themselves with the highest degree of integrity and honesty. Contractors should have a written code of business ethics and conduct within thirty days of award. To promote compliance with such code of business ethics and conduct, contractors should have an employee business ethics and compliance training program that facilitates timely discovery and disclosure of improper conduct in connection with government contracts and ensures corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out. A contractor may be suspended and/or debarred for knowing failure by a principal to timely disclose to the government, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of a government contract performed by the contractor or a subcontract awarded there under, credible evidence of a violation of federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in title 18 of the United States Code or a violation of the False Claims Act. (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733)

If this solicitation or contract includes FAR clause 52.203-13 - CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT; the contractor shall comply with the terms of the clause and have a written code of business ethics and conduct; exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; promote ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law within their organization; and timely report any violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery or gratuity violations found in title 18 of the United States Code or any violations of the False

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Claims Act. (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733). When FAR 52.203-13 is included in the contract, contractors must provide a copy of its written code of business ethics and conduct to the contracting officer upon request by the contracting officer.

iRAPT FORMERLY WIDE AREA WORKFLOW

ALL SUPPLIERS ARE REQUIRED TO PROCESS INVOICES ELECTRONICALLY THROUGH THE DLA INVOICING, RECEIPT, ACCEPTANCE, AND PROPERTY TRANSFER (iRAPT) SYSTEM formerly known as WIDE AREA WORKFLOW (WAWF). iRAPT is a secure web based system for electronic invoicing, receipt, acceptance, and property transfer. iRAPT allows government vendors to submit and track invoices and receipt/acceptance documents over the web and allows government personnel to process those invoices in a real-time, paperless environment. It is also the only application that will be used to capture the Unique Identification (UID) of Tangible Items information. iRapt is in accordance with the 2001 National Defense Authorization Act (DFARS 252.232-7003/252.232.7003 Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports) which requires claims for payment under a Department of Defense Contract to be submitted in electronic form. As of March 03, 2008, DOD has issued a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation supplement (DFARS) to require use of the iRAPT formerly Wide Area Workflow as the only acceptable electronic system for submitting requests for payment (invoices and receiving reports) under DOD contracts. For access to the iRAPT formerly WAWF system, please go to the following website: <https://wawf.eb.mil/>.

NOTICE TO OUR VALUED SUPPLIERS**THE FOLLOWING ATTACHED FORMS REQUIRE INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED BY EACH OFFEROR.**

Any questions may be directed to the Contract Specialist, Debbie Goffman at telephone number 215-737-2979 or email debra.goffman@dla.mil.

Complete Standard Form 1449, Blocks 17a, 17b, 30a, b and c.

Complete all Supplies/Prices "Schedule" sheets (Offered Prices). Please contact the contract specialist to obtain an electronic document for pricing.

Complete the CAGE Code and DUNS number spaces on this page.

Complete all of the following and any additional Offeror Representations and Certifications:

AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS

FAR 52.212-3 OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS—COMMERCIAL ITEMS

DFARS 252.212-7000 OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS—COMMERCIAL ITEMS

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE

Please submit the following identification numbers:

CAGE CODE: _____

DUNS#: _____

SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (FORMERLY CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION)

The System for Award Management (SAM) is a Federal Government owned and operated free web site that consolidates the capabilities in SAM/FedReg, ORCA, and EPLS. Future phases of SAM will add the capabilities of other systems used in Federal procurement and awards processes. **ALL VENDORS MUST REGISTER OR UPDATE THEIR PROFILE IN THE "SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT" (SAM) DATABASE TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR AWARD (SEE FAR CLAUSE 52.212-4(t)).** Your CAGE code must be active and there must be at least one individual listed as the Electronic Business Point of Contact (EB POC) in SAM. To register or update profile please go to the SAM website at: <http://www.sam.gov>.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

CONTINUATION OF BLOCKS FROM SF 1449**Block 8****OFFER DUE DATE/LOCAL TIME: December 18, 2015 at 3:00PM (EST), PHILADELPHIA TIME****Block 9**

All offers/modifications/withdrawals must be plainly marked on the **OUTERMOST ENVELOPE** with the solicitation number, closing date, and time set for the receipt of offers.

Send MAILED OFFER to:

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY
DLA TROOP SUPPORT
POST OFFICE BOX 56667
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19111-6667

Deliver **HANDCARRIED OFFER**, including delivery by commercial carrier, to:

DLA TROOP SUPPORT
BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES OFFICE
BLDG. 36, SECOND FLOOR
700 ROBBINS AVENUE
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19111-5092

NOTES:

All hand carried offers are to be delivered to the Business Opportunities Office between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except for legal federal holidays as set forth in 5 USC 6103. Offerors using a commercial carrier service must ensure that the carrier service "hand carries" the package to the Business Opportunities Office specified above for hand carried offers prior to the scheduled opening/closing time above. Package must be plainly marked **ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE COMMERCIAL CARRIER'S ENVELOPE** with the solicitation number, date, and time set forth for receipt of offers as indicated in Block 8 of the Standard Form 1449.

Examples of "hand carried" offers include: In-person delivery by Contractor, Fed Ex, Airborne, UPS, DHL, Emery, other commercial carrier, USPS Express Mail and USPS Certified Mail.

Contractors intending to deliver offers in-person should be advised that the Business Opportunities Office (Bid Room) is located within a secured military installation. In order to gain access to the facility, an escort may be required. The escort will be an employee of the Bid Room. The following are telephone numbers for the Bid Room: (215) 737-8511, (215) 737-9044, (215) 737-7354, (215) 737-0317, or (215) 737-8566. It is the offeror's responsibility to ensure that the offers are received at the correct location at the correct time. Please allow sufficient time to complete delivery of hand carried offers. Since the length of time necessary to gain access to the facility varies based on a number of circumstances, it is recommended that you arrive at the installation at least one hour prior to the time solicitation closes to allow for security processing and to secure an escort. **THIS IS A SUGGESTION AND NOT A GUARANTEE THAT YOU WILL GAIN ACCESS TO THE BASE IF YOU ARRIVE ONE HOUR BEFORE THE OFFER IS DUE.**

Facsimile and e-mail offers are not acceptable forms of transmission for submission of initial proposals or revisions to initial proposals submitted in response to this solicitation. As directed by the Contracting Officer, facsimile and e-mail may be used during discussions/negotiations, if discussions/negotiations are held, and for proposal revision(s), including Final Proposal revision(s).

OFFERORS SHOULD RETURN ALL PAGES OF THE SOLICITATION WITH THEIR OFFER ALONG WITH 2 COMPLETE COPIES.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Block 15

Delivery quantities shall be provided via delivery orders issued on an as needed basis. **Delivery shall be FOB Destination to the following ship to address:**

W62GT
W1BG DLA Distribution
25600 S Chrisman Road
Rec Warehouse 30
Tracy, CA 95304-5000
United States

Inspection is at the Contractor's Plant and Acceptance is at Destination. Required delivery dates shall begin within 30 days after issuance of each delivery order not to exceed 90 days after issuance of each delivery order.

Block 17 a

Offeror's assigned Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number: _____
(If you do not have a DUNS number, contact the individual identified in Block 7a of the SF 1449 or see 52.212-1, Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items (paragraph j) for information on contacting Dun and Bradstreet.)

Offeror's assigned Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Code: _____

Offeror's: Specify Fax Number(s): _____
Email Address(s): _____

Block 17b

Remittance Address: (if different from Contractor/Offeror address in block 17a of the SF 1449.)

AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS:

The offeror represents that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on its behalf with the Government in connection with this request for proposal. Please list names, titles, telephone numbers, facsimile (FAX) numbers, and emails for each authorized negotiator.

BLOCKS 19-24 (continued)

NOTE: Offeror shall submit their price proposal by completing the below UGR H&S Entree Pricing Table and (Economic Price Adjustment) EPA Table. Unit prices shall be limited to a maximum of two decimal places. Offering on all five tiers is mandatory. Failure to offer on five tiers may be deemed as non-acceptance of the tiers and could result in rejection of the offerors' entire proposal. Tier 2 will follow Tier 1 upon expiration of that period, Tier 3 will follow Tier 2 upon expiration of that period, Tier 4 will follow Tier 3 upon expiration of that period, and Tier 5 will follow Tier 4 upon expiration of that period. Deliveries may fall outside of tier effective periods. However, prices will be based on the time an order is placed, not when an order is delivered. For example, if an order is placed during tier 2, but delivery is made during tier 3, then the prices in effect for that order will be the tier 2 prices. Offeror must also complete the EPA Spreadsheet below. See DLAD Clause 52.216-9054, ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT, for more instructions.

***ALTERNATE OFFERS/PRICING WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. ONLY ONE PRICE PER LINE ITEM PER TIER WILL BE ACCEPTED.**

**PRICING
SPREADSHEET**

Line Item	Item Description	NSN	Annual Estimated Quantity	Tier 1 Offered Unit Price(1yr)	Tier 2 Offered Unit Price(1yr)	Tier 3 Offered Unit Price(1yr)	Tier 4 Offered Unit Price(1yr)	Tier 5 Offered Unit Price(1yr)
0001	WHITE RICE	8920-01-445-5736	64,800					
0002	BLUEBERRY DESSERT	8940-01-455-1872	48,000					
0003	APPLE DESSERT	8940-01-455-1876	62,400					
0004	SPAGHETTI W/MEATBALLS	8940-01-455-1880	43,200					
0005	PORK SAUSAGE LINKS	8905-01-455-3547	48,000					
0006	CORNED BF HASH	8940-01-455-3548	48,000					
0007	CHILI W/BEANS	8940-01-470-3190	21,600					
0008	MASH POTATOES W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-471-6856	28,800					
0009	PASTA W/SAUSAGE	8940-01-517-9823	43,200					
0010	BROWN RICE PILAF	8920-01-526-4909	21,600					
0011	BEEF BURGUNDY	8940-01-529-6635	21,600					
0012	TACO FILLING	8940-01-529-6637	14,400					
0013	TURKEY CUTLETS	8940-01-529-6641	36,000					
0014	BROWN RICE	8920-01-537-0568	21,600					
0015	PULLED PORK	8940-01-537-0620	14,400					
0016	BEEF, ROAST W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-537-0628	36,000					
0017	CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	43,200					
0018	BEEF & POTATOES IN CREAM GRAVY	8940-01-572-7465	96,000					
0019	SWEET POTATO & COCONUT CASSEROLE	8940-01-572-7478	14,400					
0020	OATMEAL, APPLE-CINNAMON	8920-01-583-4838	72,000					
0021	MEATBALLS AND PASTA IN BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-615-1831	43,200					
0022	SOUTHWESTERN STYLE CHICKEN CHILI	8940-01-615-1835	21,600					

NOTE: The estimated quantity for a five-year contract that includes all 22 items under this solicitation is 4,320,000 trays. The guaranteed minimum quantity for a five-year contract that includes all 22 items under this solicitation is 1,728,000 trays. The maximum quantity for a five-year contract that includes all 22 items under this solicitation is 8,640,000 trays. If multiple awards are made from this solicitation, then the guaranteed minimum and maximum quantities for the resulting contracts will vary depending on the estimated minimum and maximum quantities of the line items under each respective contract. See the Statement of Work for more information.

NOTE: MAXIMUM QUANTITY INCLUDES SURGE REQUIREMENTS.

EPA SPREADSHEET

See DLAD Clause 52.216-9054, ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT, in this Solicitation for Economic Indicators. "Portion Subject to EPA" represents the cost of each item that is subject to adjustment. The portion subject to EPA refers to the element of cost for each item that is outside the control of the vendor; specifically, the product material costs of beef, turkey, ham, pork, and chicken. However, the portion subject to EPA does

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NOT include any costs that are within the control of the vendor, including, but not limited to, the vendor’s labor, overhead, general and administrative expenses, transportation, and profit.
NOTE: DOLLAR PORTION SUBJECT TO EPA PLUS FIXED PRICE PORTION MUST EQUAL TOTAL OFFERED PRICE FOR EACH TIER. Example: If the Dollar Portion Subject to EPA For Taco Filling is \$2.00 and the Fixed Price Portion for Tier 1 is \$18.00 then the Tier 1 offered Unit Price for Taco Filling would be \$20.00.

				\$FIXED PRICE PORTION				
Item Description	NSN	EPA Factor	\$Dollar Portion Subject To EPA	Tier 1 (12 months)	Tier 2(12 months)	Tier 3(12 months)	Tier 4(12 months)	Tier 5(12 months)
SPAGHETTI W/MEATBALLS	8940-01-455-1880	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PORK SAUSAGE LINKS	8905-01-455-3547	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CORNED BF HASH	8940-01-455-3548	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CHILI W/BEANS	8940-01-470-3190	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PASTA W/SAUSAGE	8940-01-517-9823	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF BURGUNDY	8940-01-529-6635	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TACO FILLING	8940-01-529-6637	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TURKEY CUTLETS	8940-01-529-6641	TURKEY	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PULLED PORK	8940-01-537-0620	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF, ROAST W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-537-0628	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	CHICKEN	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF & POTATOES IN CREAM GRAVY	8940-01-572-7465	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
MEATBALLS AND PASTA IN BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-615-1831	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
SOUTHWESTERN STYLE CHICKEN CHILI	8940-01-615-1835	CHICKEN	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

The below spreadsheet is due to DLA-TS every Monday to Debra.Goffman@dla.mil, via email, for each outstanding delivery order and is a contract requirement.

Contract#	NSN	ITEM	D.O.#	QTY DUE	RDD	ON TIME (Y) OR (N)	REVISED RDD	CAUSE OF DELINQUENCY
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Contract Clauses

Note: 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items (MAY 2015) – FAR is incorporated in this solicitation by reference. Its full text may be accessed electronically at <https://www.acquisition.gov/far/index.html>. Text is available for viewing in Subpart 52.2 Text of Provisions and Clauses, through either the HTML or PDF Format links.

ADDENDUM TO 52.212-4

The following paragraph(s) of 52.212-4 are amended as indicated below:

1. Paragraph (a), Inspection/Acceptance, is revised to add FAR clause 52.246-2, Inspection of Supplies – Fixed Price. FAR 52.246-2 expands the definition of “Supplies,” to include, but not limit to, raw materials, components, intermediate assemblies, end products, and supply lots. FAR 52.246-2 is required for Product Verification Testing (PVT), which is a requirement on any resulting contract(s). PVT is addressed in DLAD clause 52.246-9004. Each clause is contained in full text elsewhere in the solicitation.

2. Paragraph (a), Inspection/Acceptance, is revised to add the following:

Inspection at Contractor’s Plant, and Acceptance at Destination.

(b) Resultant award(s) or contract(s) will contain the name and address of the office responsible for performance of inspection.

(c) Offeror shall indicate below the location where supplies will be inspected:

Plant: _____
Street: _____
City/State/Zip: _____

3. Paragraph (c), Changes, is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

(c) Changes.

The Contracting Officer, at his/her discretion, may unilaterally invoke any of the contingency options set forth in this contract.

The Contracting Officer may at anytime, by unilateral written order, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

- (i) Method of shipment or packing;
- (ii) Place, manner, or time of delivery.

(3) If such change causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or time required for, performance for any part of the work under this contract, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract.

(4) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within thirty (30) days from the date of receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

(5) Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes Clause. However, nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract.

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4. Paragraph (d), Disputes, is revised to add the following:

52.233-9001 DISPUTES – AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (NOV 2011)

(a) The parties agree to negotiate with each other to try to resolve any disputes that may arise. If unassisted negotiations are unsuccessful, the parties will use alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques to try to resolve the dispute. Litigation will only be considered as a last resort when ADR is unsuccessful or has been documented by the party rejecting ADR to be inappropriate for resolving the dispute.

(b) Before either party determines ADR inappropriate, that party must discuss the use of ADR with the other party. The documentation rejecting ADR must be signed by an official authorized to bind the Contractor (see Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.233-1), or, for the Agency, by the Contracting Officer, and approved at a level above the Contracting Officer after consultation with the ADR Specialist and with legal. Contractor personnel are also encouraged to include the ADR Specialist in their discussions with the Contracting Officer before determining ADR to be inappropriate. I The offeror should check here to opt out of this clause: [] Alternate wording may be negotiated with the Contracting Officer.

5. Paragraph (m), Termination for Cause is deleted and replaced with the following:

(m) Termination for Cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If this contract is terminated in whole or in part for cause, and the supplies or services covered by the contract so terminated are repurchased by the Government, the Government will incur administrative costs in such repurchases. The Contractor and the Government expressly agree that, in addition to any excess costs of repurchase, or any other damages resulting from such default, the Contractor shall pay, and the Government shall accept, the sum of \$1,350.00 as payment in full for the administrative costs of such repurchase. This assessment of damages for administrative costs shall apply for any termination for cause following which the Government repurchases the terminated supplies or services together with any incidental or consequential damages incurred because of the termination. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

6. Paragraph (o) Warranty: The following clause will supersede FAR 52.212-4(o) referenced in this solicitation.

52.246-17 WARRANTY OF SUPPLIES OF A NONCOMPLEX NATURE (JUN 2003) – DLAD

- (a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause--
- “Acceptance” means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing supplies, or approves specific services as partial or complete performance of the contract.
- “Supplies” means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under the contract. The word does not include “data.”
- (b) *Contractor’s obligations.*
- (1) Notwithstanding inspection and acceptance by the Government of supplies furnished under this contract, or any condition of this contract concerning the conclusiveness thereof, the Contractor warrants that for 6 months
 - (i) All supplies furnished under this contract will be free from defects in material or workmanship and will conform with all requirements of this contract; and
 - (ii) The preservation, packaging, packing, and marking, and the preparation for, and method of, shipment of such supplies will conform with the requirements of this contract.
 - (2) When return, correction, or replacement is required, transportation charges and responsibility for the supplies while in transit shall be borne by the Contractor. However, the Contractor’s liability for the transportation charges shall not exceed an amount equal to the cost of transportation by the usual commercial method of shipment between the place of delivery specified in this contract and the Contractor’s plant, and return.
 - (3) Any supplies or parts thereof, corrected or furnished in replacement under this clause, shall also be subject to the terms of this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. The warranty, with respect to supplies or parts thereof, shall

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<p>be equal in duration to that in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.</p> <p>(4) All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from any obligation contained in this contract.</p> <p>(c) <i>Remedies available to the Government.</i></p> <p>(1) The Contracting Officer shall give written notice to the Contractor of any breach of warranties in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause within 7 days.</p> <p>(2) Within a reasonable time after the notice, the Contracting Officer may either --</p> <p>(i) Require, by written notice, the prompt correction or replacement of any supplies or parts thereof (including preservation, packaging, packing, and marking) that do not conform with the requirements of this contract within the meaning of paragraph (b)(1) of this clause; or</p> <p>(ii) Retain such supplies and reduce the contract price by an amount equitable under the circumstances.</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>(i) If the contract provides for inspection of supplies by sampling procedures, conformance of supplies or components subject to warranty action shall be determined by the applicable sampling procedures in the contract. The Contracting Officer --</p> <p>(A) May, for sampling purposes, group any supplies delivered under this contract;</p> <p>(B) Shall require the size of the sample to be that required by sampling procedures specified in the contract for the quantity of supplies on which warranty action is proposed;</p> <p>(C) May project warranty sampling results over supplies in the same shipment or other supplies contained in other shipments even though all of such supplies are not present at the point of reinspection; provided, that the supplies remaining are reasonably representative of the quantity on which warranty action is proposed; and</p> <p>(D) Need not use the same lot size as on original inspection or reconstitute the original inspection lots.</p> <p>(ii) Within a reasonable time after notice of any breach of the warranties specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may exercise one or more of the following options:</p> <p>(A) Require an equitable adjustment in the contract price for any group of supplies.</p> <p>(B) Screen the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause at the Contractor's expense and return all nonconforming supplies to the Contractor for correction or replacement.</p> <p>(C) Require the Contractor to screen the supplies at locations designated by the Government within the contiguous United States and to correct or replace all nonconforming supplies.</p> <p>(D) Return the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause to the Contractor (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) for screening and correction or replacement.</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>(i) The Contracting Officer may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace the nonconforming supplies with similar supplies from another source and charge to the Contractor the cost occasioned to the Government thereby if the Contractor --</p> <p>(A) Fails to make redelivery of the corrected or replaced supplies within the time established for their return; or</p> <p>(B) Fails either to accept return of the nonconforming supplies or fails to make progress after their return to correct or replace them so as to endanger performance of the delivery schedule, and in either of these circumstances does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure.</p> <p>(ii) Instead of correction or replacement by the Government, the Contracting Officer may require an equitable adjustment of the contract price. In addition, if the Contractor fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, the Contracting Officer may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the Contractor's account in a reasonable manner. The Government is entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor, or from the proceeds of such disposal, for the reasonable expenses of the care and disposition of the nonconforming supplies, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred.</p> <p>(5) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to and do not limit any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of this contract.</p>		

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7. Paragraph (r), Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts, is revised to include the following:

The Contractor agrees to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1352 relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; 18 U.S.C. 431 relating to officials not to benefit; 40 U.S.C. 3701, et seq., Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act; 41 U.S.C. 51-58, Anti-Kickback Act of 1986; 41 U.S.C. 265 and 10 U.S.C. 2409 relating to whistleblower protections; Section 1553 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 relating to whistleblower protections for contracts funded under that Act; 49 U.S.C. 40118, Fly American; and 41 U.S.C. 423 relating to procurement integrity.

8. Paragraph (t), Paragraph (t), System for Award Management.

Add the following paragraph:

(a) Definitions.

“System for Award Management (SAM) database” means the primary Government repository for contractor information required for the conduct of business with the Government.

“Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code” means—

(1) A code assigned by the Defense Logistics Information Service (DLIS) to identify a commercial or Government entity; or

(2) A code assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization that DLIS records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as an “NCAGE code”.

“Data Universal Number System (DUNS) Number” means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

“Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) Number” means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see Subpart 32.11 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation) for the same parent concern.

“Registered in the System for Award Management database” means that—

(1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, and Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code into the SAM database;

(2) The contractor has completed the Core Data, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM database;

(3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service. The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as part of the SAM registration process; and

(4) The Government has marked the record “Active”.

52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders – Commercial Items

(Nov 2015) – FAR

a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) 52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015)

(2) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (AUG 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).

(3) 52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Public Laws 108-77, 108-78 (19 U.S.C. 3805 note)).

(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the contracting officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

☒ (1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Sept 2006), with Alternate I (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4704 and 10 U.S.C. 2402).

☒ (2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

☐ (3) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub L. 111-5) (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009).

☒ (4) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Oct 2015) (Pub. L. 109-282) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

☐ (5) [Reserved]

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<p> <input type="checkbox"/> (6) 52.204-14, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Jan 2014) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C). <input type="checkbox"/> (7) 52.204-15, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Jan 2014) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (Oct 2015) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (9) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Jul 2013) (41 U.S.C. 2313). <input type="checkbox"/> (10) [Reserved] <input type="checkbox"/> (11) (i) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657a). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011) of 52.219-3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (12) (i) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer)(15 U.S.C. 657a). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2011) of 52.219-4. <input type="checkbox"/> (13) [Reserved] <input type="checkbox"/> (14) (i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011). <input type="checkbox"/> (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2011). <input type="checkbox"/> (15) (i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (June 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Oct 1995) of 52.219-7. <input type="checkbox"/> (iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (16) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (17) (i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Oct 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637 (d)(4)). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (iii) Alternate II (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9. <input type="checkbox"/> (iv) Alternate III (Oct 2015) of 52.219-9. <input type="checkbox"/> (18) 52.219-13, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)). <input type="checkbox"/> (19) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (20) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)). <input type="checkbox"/> (21) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657f). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (22) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Representation (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)). <input type="checkbox"/> (23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business (EDWOSB) Concerns (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)). <input type="checkbox"/> (24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for Women-Owned Small Business (WOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the WOSB Program (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (25) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (June 2003) (E.O. 11755). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (26) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2014) (E.O. 13126). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (27) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (28) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (29) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (30) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (31) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (32) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (33) (i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627). <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50, (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627). <input type="checkbox"/> (34) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015). (E. O. 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.) <input type="checkbox"/> (35) (i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.) <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.) <input type="checkbox"/> (36) (i) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Imaging Equipment (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514) <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2015) of 52.223-13. <input type="checkbox"/> (37) (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Television (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514). </p>		
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- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-14.
- ___ (38) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (Dec 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).
- _X_ (39) (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Personal Computer Products (Oct 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-16.
- ___ (40) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging while Driving (Aug 2011) (E.O. 13513).
- ___ (41) 52.225-1, Buy American--Supplies (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
- ___ (42) (i) 52.225-3, Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (iii) Alternate II (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (iv) Alternate III (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- _X_ (43) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (Nov 2013) (19 U.S.C. 2501, *et seq.*, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).
- ___ (44) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Jun 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).
- ___ (45) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- ___ (46) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
- ___ (47) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
- ___ (48) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (Feb 2002) (41 U.S.C. 4505), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- _X_ (49) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- ___ (50) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer— System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (51) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other Than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (52) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- ___ (53) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a).
- ___ (54) (i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

- ___ (1) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495)
- ___ (2) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.).
- ___ (3) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (4) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (May 2014) (29 U.S.C.206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (5) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (6) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (7) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___ (8) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2014) (E.O. 13658).
- ___ (9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792).
- ___ (10) 52.237-11, Accepting and Dispensing of \$1 Coin (Sep 2008) (31 U.S.C. 5112(p)(1)).

(d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record* The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records -- Negotiation.

- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

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(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e)

(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items.

Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—

- (i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).
- (ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iii) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (1) of FAR clause 52.222-17.
- (iv) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- (v) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- (vi) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (vii) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (viii) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (ix) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
- (x) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014), (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xi) ____ (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
____ (B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).
- (xii) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.)
- (xiii) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67)
- (xiv) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015) (E. O. 12989).
- (xv) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2014) (E.O. 13658).
- (xvi) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- (xvii) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.
- (xviii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

52.203-3 Gratuities (Apr 1984) -FAR

(a) The right of the Contractor to proceed may be terminated by written notice if, after notice and hearing, the agency head or a designee determines that the Contractor, its agent, or another representative --

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<p>(1) Offered or gave a gratuity (e.g., an entertainment or gift) to an officer, official, or employee of the Government; and</p> <p>(2) Intended, by the gratuity, to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.</p> <p>(b) The facts supporting this determination may be reviewed by any court having lawful jurisdiction.</p> <p>(c) If this contract is terminated under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled --</p> <p>(1) To pursue the same remedies as in a breach of the contract; and</p> <p>(2) In addition to any other damages provided by law, to exemplary damages of not less than 3 nor more than 10 times the cost incurred by the Contractor in giving gratuities to the person concerned, as determined by the agency head or a designee. (This subparagraph (c)(2) is applicable only if this contract uses money appropriated to the Department of Defense.)</p> <p>(d) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause shall not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.</p>		
<p><u>52.211-16 VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984) – FAR</u></p> <p>A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) of this clause. The permissible variation shall be limited to:</p> <p><u> 2 </u> Percent increase</p> <p><u> 0 </u> Percent decrease</p> <p>This increase or decrease shall apply to each line item</p>		
<p><u>52.216-19 ORDER LIMITATIONS (OCT 1995) – FAR</u></p> <p>Minimum order. When the Government requires supplies or services covered by this contract in an amount less than 10 Pallets, the Government is not obligated to purchase, nor is the Contractor obligated to furnish, those supplies or services under this contract.</p> <p>Maximum order. The Contractor is not obligated to honor –</p> <p>(1) Any order for single line item in excess of 200% of the estimated quantity of that single line item.</p> <p>(2) Any order for a combination of line items in excess of 200% of the estimated quantity of the combination of those line items.</p> <p>(3) A series of orders from the same ordering office within 60 calendar days that together call for quantities exceeding the limitation in subparagraph (1) or (2) above.</p> <p>If this is a requirement contract (i.e., includes the Requirements clause at subsection 52.216-21 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)), the Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in paragraph (b) above.</p> <p>Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the Contractor shall honor any order exceeding the maximum order limitations in paragraph (b), unless that order (or orders) is returned to the ordering office within 2 days after issuance, with written notice stating the Contractor’s intent not to ship the item (or items) called for and the reasons. Upon receiving this notice, the Government may acquire the supplies or services from another source.</p>		
<p><u>52.216-22 INDEFINITE QUANTITY (OCT 1995) – FAR</u></p> <p style="text-align: right;">CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE</p>		

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(a) This is an indefinite-quantity contract for the supplies or services specified and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies and services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract.

(b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when and if ordered, the supplies or services specified in the Schedule up to and including the quantity designated in the Schedule as the "maximum." The Government shall order at least the quantity of supplies or services designated in the Schedule as the "minimum."

(c) Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no limit on the number of orders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

(d) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; *provided*, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after 90 days after the effective period expires.

(End of Clause)

NOTE: Delivery orders will specify delivery within 30 days after issuance of each delivery order not to exceed 90 days after issuance of each delivery order. Changes or cancellations to delivery orders may be made by giving the Contractor notice no less than 7 days [remembering that days are always calendar days unless otherwise defined] before the required delivery date. The maximum quantity that may be ordered against this contract is 8,640,000 Trays and the minimum quantity that the Government guarantees is 1,728,000 trays (this assumes award of one contract). If multiple awards are made from this solicitation, then the maximum and guaranteed minimum quantities for the resulting contracts will vary depending on the estimated maximum and minimum quantities of the line items under each respective contract. See the Statement of Work for more information.

The Contractor will not be obligated to honor any order with F.O.B. Destination terms that requires delivery to a single destination of a quantity less than 10 Pallets. The Government may fulfill the guaranteed minimum by a single delivery order or by any number of delivery orders.

252.216-7006 ORDERING (MAY 2011) – DFARS

Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the contract schedule. Such orders may be issued from 02/29/2016 through 02/28/2021. All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of a conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c)

(1) If issued electronically, the order is considered "issued" when a copy has been posted to the Electronic Document Access system, and notice has been sent to the Contractor.

(2) If mailed or transmitted by facsimile, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits the order in the mail or transmits by facsimile. Mailing includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery services.

(3) Orders may be issued orally only if authorized in the schedule.

52.216-9054 ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT - POLYMERIC TRAYPACK RATION (JUL 2009) – DLAD

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(a) **WARRANTIES.** For the portion of the schedule that is covered by this EPA clause, the Contractor warrants that the unit prices included in the Schedule do not include allowances for any portion of the contingency covered by this clause. Refer to clause DLAD 52.217-9001, OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT - SEPARATE FIRM FIXED PRICE & FIXED PRICE WITH ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT PORTIONS, contained elsewhere in this solicitation.

(b) The base unit prices for the purpose of the adjustment calculations under this clause shall be the arithmetic average of the weekly or monthly prices of each applicable economic indicator only (e.g. an average of beef indices for beef products, an average of poultry indices for poultry products, etc.) for the period specified under the "Adjusted (ADJ.) Unit Price" below immediately preceding either the solicitation closing date for proposals (if no discussions are held), the due date for final proposal revisions (if discussions are held) or the solicitation opening date (if sealed bidding is used).

<u>TRAY PACK ITEM</u>	<u>EPA FACTOR</u>	<u>ECONOMIC INDICATOR</u>	<u>PUBLICATION / PUBLISHER</u>	<u>PUBLISHED</u>	<u>BASE UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>ADJ. UNIT PRICE</u>
Beef, ground, Creamed	Beef	Boneless process Beef, trimmings, Weighted Average, 85%, BPN U24	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52 week period	52 week period
Turkey Cutlets In gravy	Turkey	Breasts, B/S, TOM, National Young Turkey Parts & Bulk Meat, Weighted Average Price	USDA Turkey Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Ham Slices Potatoes w/cheese & ham	Ham	Ham bone-in, trimmed, 23- 27#m spec 1, BPN U62	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Pork diced in sweet & sour	Pork	Picnics, fresh, Smkr trm,RS, Combo, weighted average, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Chili Macaroni w/beef, corn and beans	Beef	Boneless process Beef, trimmings, Weighted average 85% BPN U24	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Corned Beef hash	Beef	IMPS 167A, round, knuckle, trimmed, Weighted Average, BPNU12	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Turkey Sausage Links	Turkey	Breasts, B/S, TOM, National Young Turkey Parts & Bulk Meat, Weighted	USDA Turkey Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period

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Average Price						
Meatballs in gravy	Beef	Boneless process Beef, trimmings, Weighted Average 85%, BPN U24	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Spaghetti w/meatballs	Beef	Boneless process Beef, trimmings, Weighted Average 85%, BPN U24	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Chicken breasts In gravy	Chicken Breast	Breasts - B/S, Georgia FOB Dock Prices.	USDA Broiler Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Chicken breast in lemon pepper sauce	Chicken Breast	Breasts - B/S, Georgia FOB Dock Prices.	USDA Broiler Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Chicken, Buffalo Style in spicy sauce	Chicken	Heavy Type Hens, S.E. Heavy Live Hen Report, At Farm Buyer Loading, Weighted Average	USDA Broiler Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Stuffing w/sausage	Pork	Picnics, fresh, Smkr trm,RS, Combo, Weighted Average, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Pork sausage Links	Pork	Picnics, fresh, Smkr trm,RS, Weighted Average, Combo, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Pork ribs in BBQ Sauce	Pork	Picnic cushion Meat, combo 92%, fresh or frozen, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Pork sausage in Cream gravy	Pork	Picnics, fresh, Smkr trm,RS, Combo, Weighted Average,BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
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Pasta w/ground hot Italian sausage	Pork	Picnics, fresh, Smkr trm,RS, Combo, Weighted Average, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Beef taco filling	Beef	IMPS 167A round knuckle, trimmed, Weighted Average, BPN U12	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Blueberry dessert	Blueberries	Frozen, 30 lb f.o.b. Michigan	The Food Institute Report Monthly Price Range / USDA	Monthly	12 month period	12 month period
Beef Burgundy	Beef	IMPS 167A round knuckle, trimmed, Weighted Average, BPN U12	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report /USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Chicken in Szechwan Style Sauce	Chicken Breast	Breasts -B/S, Georgia FOB Dock Prices.	USDA Broiler Market News Report (Monday Edition) / USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52 week period
Polypropylene (PP) Resin	PP Resin	Polypropylene Large Buyer Contract Price	Chemical Data/ Monthly Petrochemical & Plastics Analysis	Monthly	12 month period	12 month period
Linerboard	Linerboard	Linerboard (42-lb) Unbleached kraft, East	PPI Pulp & Paper Week	Monthly	Semi-annual	Semi-annual

In addition to the components shown above, the following are also included:

TRAY PACK <u>ITEM</u>	<u>EPA</u> <u>FACTOR</u>	<u>ECONOMIC</u> <u>INDICATOR</u>	<u>PUBLICATION /</u> <u>PUBLISHER</u>	<u>PUBLISHED</u>	<u>BASE</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>	<u>ADJ.</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>
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(No other components are included)

(c) The adjusting unit prices shall be the arithmetic average of the weekly or monthly prices of each applicable economic indicator only for the period specified under the Adjusting Unit Price column shown in paragraph (b) immediately preceding the effective date the option term is exercised.

(d) An established market price is a price that is established in the course of ordinary and usual trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain and that can be substantiated by data from sources independent of the offeror(s). The established market price under this clause may reflect industry-wide and/or geographically based market price fluctuations for commodity groups or specific supplies. The established market price that shall be used for the EPA factors subject to price adjustments under this clause, and the economic indicators and publications to be used are listed in paragraph (b) of this clause.

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<p>(1) The base unit prices for the purpose of the adjustment calculations under this clause shall be the arithmetic average of the weekly or monthly prices of each applicable economic indicator only for the period specified under the Base Unit Price column in paragraph (b) immediately preceding (i) the closing date for proposals, if no discussions are held, (ii) the due date for final proposal revisions, if discussions are held, or (iii) the opening date, if sealed bidding is used.</p> <p>(2) The adjusting unit prices shall be the arithmetic average of the weekly or monthly prices of each applicable economic indicator for the period specified under the Adjusting Unit Price column in paragraph (b) immediately preceding the effective date the option term is exercised, except for linerboard which shall require an additional adjustment six months after each option term is exercised.</p> <p>(e) With respect to increases or decreases under this clause, no adjustment shall be made to the base term contract unit prices. One adjustment calculation shall be made annually to determine the unit prices applicable to the forthcoming option term (if exercised), except linerboard which will be adjusted on a semi-annual basis.</p> <p>(f) ALLOWANCE FACTOR: For the purpose of price adjustment pursuant to this clause, it shall be conclusively presumed that the amount shown under "Portion Subject to EPA" represents the cost of each item that is subject to adjustment. The portion subject to EPA refers to the element of cost for each item that is outside the control of the vendor and in "Schedule B" the offerors will be required to fill in this amount. This is the only portion of the cost that will be subject to the EPA provision. The EPA provisions based on changes in market prices for product material costs such as beef, turkey, ham, pork, chicken, and blueberries are subject to the EPA, because there is serious doubt concerning the stability of market conditions. The balance of product costs for items such as labor, overhead, General and Administrative (G&A), transportation, and profit, are not unstable enough to require an EPA and will remain firm-fixed-price. This allowance factor remains fixed throughout the life of the contract unless a Government authorized change is made to the contract which affects this allowance.</p> <p>(1) The United States Army Research, Development and Engineering Command (RDECOM) Natick Soldier Center (NSC) who prepares the specifications has moved from Military Specifications to Performance Requirements. They are no longer permitted to dictate formulas within the specification. Therefore, DLA does not state the specific amount of meat, potatoes, gravy, etc that goes into a tray pack item, only an overall amount with a protein and carbohydrate requirement. Meeting the protein requirement indicates that the contractor has put in sufficient meat quantities in the tray/pouch to satisfy the requirement. Different contractors will put in differing quantities of beef, turkey, ham, pork, chicken breast, etc. to meet the protein performance requirements. This is why specific weights or quantities cannot be specified in advance in this EPA as would be used in a Military Specification and the cost for the items subject to adjustment will be entered by the contractor in Section B. The Government performs oversight to ensure that the performance requirements are met or exceeded.</p> <p>(g) Adjustments shall be calculated as follows: (Round to four decimal places)</p> <p>(1) Compute the Adjusting Unit Price and the Base Unit Price.</p> <p>(2) $\text{Adjusting Unit Price} - \text{Base Unit Price} / \text{Base Unit Price} = \text{Market Price Change (+ or -)}$.</p> <p>(3) $\text{Market Price Change} \times \text{Allowance Factor} = \text{Price Adjustment (+ or -)}$.</p> <p>(4) Determine the Contract Unit Price Adjustment by computing the sum total of the price Adjustment of all items subject to EPA.</p> <p>(5) The original option unit price(s) for each option will be the sum of the firm fixed price portion and the portion subject to the EPA (Allowance Factor). The adjusted unit price(s) for each option shall be determined by increasing or decreasing (as appropriate) the Allowance Factor by the Contract Unit Price Adjustment and adding that to the firm fixed price portion agreed to at the time of award for the option period being adjusted.</p> <p>(h) Price adjustments pursuant to this clause shall be made by contract modification showing the calculations used to derive the adjusted contract unit price.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE</p>		

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(i) **PAYMENTS:** Payment for an adjustment under this clause shall be at the current contract price until an adjustment has been effected. The Government shall pay the Contractor, upon submission of proper invoices or vouchers the unit price stipulated in the contract modification for the applicable option period. The contractor also represents by submitting its final invoice that the total amount billed under this contract reflects all increases or decreases required or authorized by this clause.

(j) Any pricing actions pursuant to the "CHANGES" clause or other provisions of the contract will be priced as though there were no provisions for economic price adjustment.

(k) No adjustment will be made under this clause unless the total change in the contract amount is \$500.00 or more.

(l) **UPWARD CEILING ONECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT:** The total increase in any contract unit price shall not exceed 10% per annum of the original option unit prices agreed to at time of award. There is no percentage limit on downward adjustments under this clause.

(m) **REVISION OF MARKET PRICE INDICATOR:** In the event that (i) any applicable market price indicator is discontinued or its method of derivation is altered substantially; or (ii) the Contracting Officer determines that a particular market price indicator consistently and substantially fails to reflect market conditions, -- the parties shall mutually agree upon an appropriate and comparable substitute and the contract shall be modified to reflect such substitute effective on the date the indicator was discontinued, altered, or began to consistently and substantially fail to reflect market conditions. If the parties fail to agree on an appropriate substitute, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with the "DISPUTES" clause of the contract.

(n) **DISPUTES:** If the parties fail to agree on an appropriate substitute market price indicator or implementation of other matters addressed by this EPA clause then the matter shall be resolved in accordance with the DISPUTES clause of the contract.

(o) **Authority to add additional traypack items to Polymeric Traypack Ration EPA clause.** Paragraph (b) of this clause identifies 23 unique components contained in the polymeric traypack ration. These components are selected based on historical data and may not be included in every polymeric traypack ration. Refer elsewhere in the solicitation/contract for listing of the exact component makeup. Due to customer requirements, the contracting officer may add additional components to the polymeric traypack ration. The contracting officer will show within paragraph (b) the additional components(s).

(p) **EXAMINATION OF RECORDS.** The Contractor agrees that the Contracting Officer or designated representative shall have the right to examine the Contractor's books, records, documents, or other data the Contracting Officer deems necessary to verify Contractor adherence to the provisions of the clause.

(q) In the event any applicable market price indicator is not published for any week(s), that week will not be included in calculating the base unit price or the adjusting unit price as applicable. For instance, if within a 52 week period an indicator is not published 4 times, the average of the 48 published prices only will be calculated. When a range of prices is provided, for the purposes of the calculations the arithmetic average of the high and low number will be calculated to determine the indicator for that period.

252.217-7001 SURGE OPTION (AUG 1992) – DFARS

(a) *General.* The Government has the option to—

(1) Increase the quantity of supplies or services called for under this contract by no more than 200% of the Estimated Quantity and/or Dollar Value.

(2) Accelerate the rate of delivery called for under this contract, at a price or cost established before contract award or to be established by negotiation as provided in this clause.

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(b) *Schedule.*

- (1) When the Surge Plan is included in the contract, the option delivery schedule shall be the production rate provided with the Plan. If the Plan was negotiated before contract award, then the negotiated schedule shall be used.
- (2) If there is no Production Surge Plan in the contract, the Contractor shall, within 30 days from the date of award, furnish the Contracting Officer a delivery schedule showing the maximum sustainable rate of delivery for items in this contract. This delivery schedule shall provide acceleration by month up to the maximum sustainable rate of delivery achievable within the Contractor's existing facilities, equipment, and subcontracting structure.
- (3) The Contractor shall not revise the option delivery schedule without approval from the Contracting Officer.

(c) *Exercise of option.*

- (1) The Contracting Officer may exercise this option at any time before acceptance by the Government of the final scheduled delivery.
- (2) The Contracting Officer will provide a preliminary oral or written notice to the Contractor stating the quantities to be added or accelerated under the terms of this clause, followed by a contract modification incorporating the transmitted information and instructions. The notice and modification will establish a not-to-exceed price equal to the highest contract unit price or cost of the added or accelerated items as of the date of the notice.
- (3) The Contractor will not be required to deliver at a rate greater than the maximum sustainable delivery rate under paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, nor will the exercise of this option extend delivery more than 24 months beyond the scheduled final delivery.

52.246-15 CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE (APR 1984) – FAR

- (a) When authorized in writing by the cognizant Contract Administration Office (CAO), the Contractor shall ship with a Certificate of Conformance any supplies for which the contract would otherwise require inspection at source. In no case shall the Government's right to inspect supplies under the inspection provisions of this contract be prejudiced. Shipments of such supplies will not be made under this contract until use of the Certificate of Conformance has been authorized in writing by the CAO, or inspection and acceptance have occurred.
- (b) The Contractor's signed certificate shall be attached to or included on the top copy of the inspection or receiving report distributed to the payment office or attached to the CAO copy when contract administration (Block 10 of the DD Form 250) is performed by the Defense Contract Administration Services. In addition, a copy of the signed certificate shall also be attached to or entered on copies of the inspection or receiving report accompanying the shipment.
- (c) The Government has the right to reject defective supplies or services within a reasonable time after delivery by written notification to the Contractor. The Contractor shall in such event promptly replace, correct, or repair the rejected supplies or services at the Contractor's expense.
- (d) The certificate shall read as follows:

I certify that on _____ *[insert date]*, the _____ *[insert Contractor's name]* furnished the supplies or services called for by Contract No. _____ via _____ *[Carrier]* on _____ *[identify the bill of lading or shipping document]* in accordance with all applicable requirements. I further certify that the supplies or services are of the quality specified and conform in all respects with the contract requirements, including specifications, drawings, preservation, packaging, packing, marking requirements, and physical item identification (part number), and are in the quantity shown on this or on the attached acceptance document.

Date of Execution: _____

Signature: _____

Title: _____

52.246-9004 PRODUCT VERIFICATION TESTING (MAR 2014) – DLAD

- (a) In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.246-2, "Inspection of Supplies-Fixed Price, and the procedures below, the Government may perform product verification testing (PVT) on some or all items under the contract.
- (b) The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that supplies are manufactured, produced, and subjected to all tests required by applicable material specifications/drawings specified in the purchase description of the contract. The Government reserves the right to conduct PVT to ascertain if any or all requirements of the purchase identification description contained elsewhere herein are met prior to final acceptance.

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(c) When required, PVT will be performed at a Government-designated testing laboratory at Government expense. When specified by the contracting activity, the cognizant Government quality assurance representative (QAR) is responsible for notifying the Contractor of PVT invocation and execution.

(1) Upon notification to the contractor that PVT is invoked, the Contractor shall not ship and/or deliver any material under this contract unless directed to do so in writing by the Contracting Officer or until notified of acceptable PVT results.

(2) The Government reserves the right to reject the lot or withhold payment if the Contractor ships prior to Government approval of the PVT applicable to that lot.

(3) The Government will normally notify the Contractor of the results of the PVT within 20 working days after receipt of the samples by the Government-designated testing facility; failure to notify the contractor of the results within 20 working days does not affect the respective rights or obligations of the Contractor and the Government except as specifically stated in this clause.

(d) When PVT has been invoked and upon Contractor presentation of a production lot prior to acceptance, the QAR will preliminarily inspect and then select a random sample from such lot(s) for PVT.

(1) The QAR has the authority to reject tendered lots which are not in conformance to contract requirements rather than select a sample for PVT. The QAR shall notify the contractor of such rejection and the Contractor shall propose corrective action, if appropriate.

(2) Under the direction of the QAR, selected PVT samples shall be shipped by the Contractor at Government expense with a copy of the Department of Defense (DD) form 250 and a DD form 1222. The packaging will be marked as follows: "Product Verification Test Samples, Contract number _____, lot/item number _____. " Upon shipment of the PVT samples, the QAR shall submit the original unsigned DD form 250, along with a copy of the DD form 1222, to the procuring contracting officer (PCO).

(e) Samples subjected to PVT are deemed to be part of the contract quantity.

(1) Samples which pass testing and are not destroyed during evaluation will be returned to the Contractor at the Government's expense and will be included as part of the total contract quantity.

(2) Samples which pass testing and are destroyed during evaluation will not be returned to the Contractor. The Government will consider the destroyed samples as part of the contract quantity for payment and delivery. The Contractor will deliver the remaining lot quantity minus the destroyed sample units.

(3) If samples fail testing, such failure will result in rejection of the entire contract lot from which the samples were taken. These samples will not be included as part of the total contract quantity. At the Government's discretion, parts failing any test criteria may be retained and not be returned to the Contractor without liability from the Government to the Contractor.

(f) These subparagraphs pertain only to contracts and bilateral purchase orders.

(1) The Government will evaluate the test results and the QAR shall notify the contractor of the acceptance or rejection of the lot based upon the PVT results. The Government is not required to accept/reject the supplies tendered until after receipt of the PVT results.

(2) The Government shall have the option to require the Contractor to screen the entire tendered lot or contract quantity for any defects noted during preliminary inspection or by the PVT. Any defects found shall be corrected before re-tendering any lot for acceptance by the Government. Upon retendering a lot, the Government has the right to request documentation establishing that the screening was performed and that all parts conform to contract requirements. Furthermore, the Government may subject any retendered lot to additional PVT.

(3) If the Government rejects a lot tendered for acceptance based upon preliminary inspection or a failure to pass PVT, the Contractor shall be deemed to have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract. In such case, the Government reserves all rights and remedies to which it is otherwise entitled by law, regulation, or this contract.

(g) These subparagraphs pertain only to unilateral purchase orders.

(1) The Government will evaluate the test results and the QAR shall notify the contractor of acceptance or rejection of the lot. If the Government fails to act within the period set for notification (see(c)(3) above), the required delivery date will be deemed to have been extended by an amount of time equal to the Government's delay. The Government is not required to accept/reject the supplies tendered until after receipt of the PVT results.

(2) If a lot is rejected at either preliminary inspection or based upon the results of PVT, the order may be cancelled for delivery of nonconforming goods with no liability from the Government to the unilateral purchase order awardee. The Government has the option to permit the unilateral purchase order awardee to retender the lot after screening for, and correcting, any defects noted by the QAR during the preliminary inspection or based on the results of the PVT. Upon retendering the lot, the Government has the right to request documentation establishing that the screening was performed and that all items conform to contract requirements. Furthermore, the Government may subject this lot to additional PVT.

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Alternate I (MAR 2014) When acquiring heat and die number requirements, identified by the contract description or specification, use the following additional paragraphs (a)(1) and (b)(1).

(a)(1) The QAR will select samples on a random basis from each "heat" or "die number" lot which is included in the production lot or contract lot tendered for acceptance.

(b)(1) If the test results indicate nonconformities in the chemical or mechanical properties, the nonconformities shall be the cause for rejection of the entire "heat" or "die number" lot included in the production or contract lot. Any "heat" or "die number" lot that is rejected may not be re-tendered for Government inspection and acceptance.

Alternate II (MAR 2014) When acquiring instrument bearings, use paragraphs (a)(1) and (b)(1) in addition to the basic clause.

(a)(1) When PVT is a requirement, the Contractor shall notify the PCO and the QAR in writing at least 30 calendar days before anticipated completion of manufacture of the contract quantity or first manufacturing lot. This is to allow for sufficient time for scheduling and PCO coordination with the Government test facility.

(b)(1) The PCO may waive the requirement for PVT where supplies being offered are identical to supplies that were accepted by the Government within a period of two years prior to the date of current solicitation. Offerors offering such products, who wish to rely on such prior acceptance by the Government, must furnish evidence with the offer that prior Government acceptance is presently appropriate for the products to be furnished hereunder by indicating below the information for identical supplies accepted by the Government.

Government agency _____

Contract number _____

Date of Contract _____

National stock number (NSN) _____

Specification/Part Number _____

(2) In all cases, the PCO reserves the right to make final waiver determination.

(3) The contract delivery schedule shall be reduced by 30 calendar days (time allotted for submission and approval of PVT sample(s)) if submission of PVT sample(s) is waived by the Government

52.246-9014 CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE (NOV 2011) - DLAD

(a) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor shall furnish a certificate of conformance for packaging, packing, labeling, marking and unitization materials and their performance in use in lieu of government sampling and testing. Performance in use applies to joint strength of strapping and tension of unit load strapping. The unitization materials covered by the certificate of conformance shall not include pallets. Examination and testing of pallets shall be performed in accordance with specification requirements unless otherwise stipulated in the contract.

(b) When specified, the Contractor may also furnish a certificate of conformance for certain components/ingredients or end item characteristics. The Contractor may still furnish a certificate covering any of the foregoing even though a subcontractor provided the materials. In such event, the Contractor is responsible for assuring that the materials met all contract requirements. For this reason, the Contractor should request a certificate of conformance from the subcontractor.

(c) The certificate of conformance should be worded substantially as follows:

(1) I certify that all (indicate type of material) called for by the contract conform to applicable contract requirements in every particular. (For meats only, the Contractor must also state that "no distressed, reconditioned meat has been used.")

(2) Such materials consist of the following: (Specify quantity, manufacturer and nomenclature for each item.)

Signature and Title of Certifying Official _____

Distribution: One copy to origin inspector, when applicable. One copy with shipment when origin USDA/USDC inspection is not required. One copy with invoice for payment when Department of Defense (DD) Form 250 is not used.

(d) It is the intent of the Government to be able to rely on the certificate of conformance. To assure that the certificate is reliable, the government reserves the right to perform verification testing of each component for which specifications are established in the contract. Random samples shall be personally selected by the cognizant government inspector. Random samples of packaging, labeling, packing and marking materials shall be submitted to the DLA analytical laboratory with a copy of the DD form 1222 furnished to DLA Troop Support HSQ. Food component materials shall be sent to the laboratory servicing the inspector's organization. All costs incident to the sampling and submittal of materials shall be borne by the Contractor. The reliability of the Contractor's certificate of conformance will be determined on the basis of government verification results.

(1) When it is determined by DLA Troop Support HSQ that the DLA analytical laboratory test samples meet the contract requirements, the certificate of conformance for these materials is considered reliable.

(2) When DLA Troop Support finds the materials do not meet the contract requirements based on recognized statistical methods, the certificate of conformance is considered unreliable. The Contractor shall be so advised and the particular deficiencies which

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render such certificate unreliable shall be identified. The unreliability status may be continued from contract to contract regardless of the particular contract on which the verification tests, or submission by Contractor of nonconforming material, has occurred. The Contractor is responsible for all costs incurred by the government in performing tests of future samples submitted for testing after such time as the government has informed the Contractor of the unreliability status and until reliability is again established to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer. Testing and administrative costs shall be assessed at the prevailing rate.

52.246-9024 ALTERNATIVE INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR SELECTED ITEMS - DLA TROOP SUPPORT - SUBSISTENCE (NOV 2011)

(a) Optional Contractor Testing of Contractor-Furnished Materials.
To expedite shipment, the Contractor has the option to perform, or have performed by an independent laboratory, contractually-required tests of end items or component material not specified by the U.S. Standards of Grade. The inspector for the Government agency having jurisdiction over ascertaining compliance may permit shipment, provided all other requirements of the contract are met. The designated Government inspector will select random samples of each lot of end items or component material for verification testing until the Contractor's testing system is determined reliable in accordance with paragraph (c) of this clause. It is the intent of the Government to rely on Contractor test results to the maximum extent practicable and minimize Government verification testing.

(b) Compliance of Product.
Acceptance of material as complying with required characteristics shall be based on the Contractor's test results; provided that Government verification indicates the Contractor's testing system is reliable, in accordance with paragraph (c) of this clause, as to each of the required characteristics. If the Contractor's test system is determined to be unreliable, product compliance will be determined based solely on Government test results. In the event the Government detects any irregularities in the Contractor's testing system, the designated Government inspector may withhold approval until Government test results indicate products conform to contract requirements. (For Meal, Ready-to-Eat (MRE) items, if Government laboratory test results show that product is nonconforming, the product shall be withheld from final assembly and subject to return and replacement by the component Contractor, even if previously approved by the Government inspector.)

(c) Reliability Conditions.

(1) To be considered reliable, the Contractor's testing system shall produce results comparable to the Government test results; unless the Government agency having jurisdiction has inspected the item produced at the Contractor's plant within the previous 120 days. Unless otherwise specified in this contract, the Government inspector will select samples randomly from the first three lots of end items presented for inspection and will conduct verification testing on a skip-lot basis. Skip-lot verification is done by random selection of samples from not less than one lot in six consecutive lots presented for inspection. The sampling procedure under skip-lot places the succeeding lots not chosen for inspection back into the universe available for subsequent inspection. (For instance, starting with a group of six lots (i.e., 1-6), one lot is randomly selected for inspection. If lot 4 is selected, the next samples will be selected from lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10. If lot 8 is selected, the next samples will be selected from lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, or 14; and so on.)

(2) Contractor's testing system shall be considered unreliable when (i) the Government verification results indicate product nonconformance to contract requirements; and (ii) a significant disparity exists between Government laboratory results and Contractor test results. When a Contractor's testing system is determined to be unreliable, compliance testing will revert to the Government, and all items shall be inspected by the Government prior to shipment.

(3) Contractor's testing system will be considered doubtful when (i) a significant disparity exists between Government laboratory results and Contractor test results; (ii) the Government test results indicate significantly poorer quality than the Contractor's; and (iii) the Government laboratory test results do not indicate product nonconformance to a statistically significant degree. When the Contractor's testing system is considered doubtful, verification testing will be performed on each lot produced; however, the Government will continue to permit the Contractor to ship based on its own test results.

(4) Contractor testing system reliability will be determined by applying recognized statistical tests to the Contractor's and Government's test results. These determinations shall be accomplished by the DLA Troop Support, Directorate of Subsistence, Product Services Office, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19111-5092.

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(5) The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of any change in reliability status. Notification will include details of the statistical determinations and test results used in reliability studies. Telephonic notification and copies of these determinations will be provided to the Government by DLA Troop Support FTRE.

(d) Procedures. When the Contractor elects to perform testing, the following shall apply:

(1) Reporting of Contractor's Results. Test reports for each lot of end item and components shall be submitted in the format contained in this clause by the Contractor in an original and one copy to the designated Government inspector. The inspector will forward one completed copy to DLA Troop Support FTRE.

(2) Verification Actions. The Government will perform verification testing for food items and component material required by the contract to assure that the Contractor's testing results are reliable. Verification samples will be accompanied by a DD Form 1222, Request for and Results of Tests. The Government laboratory that performs the tests will provide copies of the test results to the Government inspector and to DLA Troop Support FTRE. The Government laboratory will telephone the results to DLA Troop Support HS (215-737-4259) when testing identifies nonconformance. The Government reserves the right to (i) increase the rate or amount of verification testing up to and including full lot-by-lot testing, in the event the Contractor does not furnish reliable test results or certificates; or (ii) obtain additional data when significant disparities exist between the Contractor's results and the results of the Government laboratory testing. When any element of the Contractor testing system is determined unreliable, the Government may consider the testing system as a whole unreliable and return to full lot-by-lot verification for every test. Testing by the Government will continue until such time as the Contractor's reliability is again established.

(3) Standby Test Samples. The Government reserves the right to withdraw and hold standby test samples of component or finished product or both (the quantity of which shall be the next larger available sample size required for unit testing and the same sample size required for composite testing) for inspection purposes. Unused samples will be returned to the Contractor.

(e) Charges Applicable to Unreliable Test Status. The prime Contractor shall be charged the costs of lot-by-lot inspection during the period that its testing system is considered unreliable. These charges will be processed and approved by the Contracting Officer.

(f) Format for Contractor/subcontractor test report.

Name and Address of Contractor:

Name and Address of Subcontractor: (if applicable)

Received for Testing: (date)

Contract Number:

Sample Tested: (end item or component, indicate by name)

Quantity Tested:

Applicable Specification:

Identification of Lot: (end item or component lot number, as applicable)

Quantity in Lot: (units)

Testing Completed: (date)

Test Report

(Report test results for each sample unit tested and the sample average, if required by the specification, and identify results obtained from composite samples.)

(Typed name and title of laboratory official and signature)

The following certification shall be affixed to the test report when testing was performed on component items by supplier's laboratory or by subcontractor's laboratory.

Certification

I certify that the above test results were furnished to this firm to cover the testing of samples which are representative of the lot, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, have been found to comply with the analytical requirements of the specification, contract no. _____

Signature: _____

(typed name and title of Contractor's representative who is authorized to sign the certificate, and the date)

The following certification shall be affixed to the test report when testing was performed on component and/or end item by Contractor's laboratory or an independent laboratory.

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Certification

I certify that the item presented for acceptance under terms of above referenced contract has been tested, as required by the contract, through the testing of samples that were representative of the lot, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, were found to comply with the analytical requirements of the specification and the contract.

Signature: _____

(typed name and title of Contractor’s representative who is authorized to sign the certificate, and the date)

Distribution:

(Original and one (1) copy to Government inspector, who will forward one (1) copy to DLA Troop Support FTRE; and hard copy with each shipment, when DD Form 250 (MIRR) reports are not provided.)

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52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998) – FAR

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this address:

FAR: <https://www.acquisition.gov/far/index.html>;

DFARS: <http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/dfarspgi/current/index.html>

DLAD: <http://www.dla.mil/Acquisition/Documents/DLAD%20Rev%205.htm>

The following additional clauses are incorporated by reference:

<u>CLAUSE NUMBER</u>	<u>TITLE/DATE</u>
252.204-7003	Control of Government Personnel Work Product (APR 1992) DFARS
252.209-7004	Subcontracting with Firms that are Owned or Controlled by the Government of a Terrorist Country (DEC 2014) DFARS
252.204-7012	Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting (Aug 2015)
52.209-9	Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (FEB 2012) ALTERNATE I
52.211-17	Delivery of Excess Quantities (SEP 1989) FAR
52.211-9010	Shipping Label Requirements—Military Standard (MIL-STD)-129P (MAR 2012) DLAD
52.211-9014	Contractor Retention of Traceability Documentation (OCT 2008) DLAD
52.216-9006	FDA Compliance (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.217-9006	Addition/Deletion of Items (AUG 2005) DLAD
252.225-7000	Surge and Sustainment (S&S) Requirements (NOV 2011) – ALTERNATE I – DLAD
252.225-7001	Buy American – Balance of Payments Program Certificate (Nov 2014)
	Buy American Act and Balance of Payments Program (Nov 2014)
252.225-7002	Qualifying Country Sources as Subcontractors (APR 2003) DFARS
252.225-7012	Preference for Certain Domestic Commodities (Feb 2013)
252.226-7001	Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian Owned Economic Enterprises (Sep 2004)
52.232-17	Interest (MAY 2014)
52.232-7003	Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports (JUN 2012)
252.232-7010	Levies on Contract Payments (DEC 2006)DFARS
52.242-13	Bankruptcy (JUL 1995)
52.242-15	Stop Work Order (AUG 1989)
252.243-7002	Requests for Equitable Adjustment (DEC 2012)
52.247-34	F.O.B. Destination (NOV 1991)
52.246-9001	Manufacturing Process Controls and In-Process Inspections (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.246-9003	Measuring and Test Equipment (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.246-9013	Contractor and Government Samples at Origin (SEP 2007) DLAD
52.246-9023	General Inspection Requirements (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.246-9025	Re-inspection of Nonconforming Suppliers (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.246-9039	Removal of Government Identification from Non-accepted Supplies (NOV 2011) DLAD
52.246-9044	Sanitary Conditions (APR 2014) DLAD
52.246-9045	Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (AUG 2008) DLAD

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52.247-9012	<p>Requirements for Treatment of Wood Packaging Material (WPM) (FEB 2007) DLAD</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>STATEMENT OF WORK</u></p> <p>I. INTRODUCTION</p> <p>A. This solicitation is for 22 entrée tray pack items used as components in the assembly of the Unitized Group Ration – Heat & Serve (UGR – H&S) program. The UGR-H&S Program is used to sustain military personnel during worldwide operations. The UGR – H&S is designed to simplify the process of providing high quality food service in a field environment. All components for a complete 50-person meal are included in the UGR-H&S, with the exception of mandatory supplements, such as milk and cold cereal and optional enhancements like bread, fresh fruit, and vegetables. The UGR-H&S module is characterized by tray pack entrees and starches/desserts. There are currently 3 breakfast and 10 lunch/dinner menus available in the UGR – H&S program.</p> <p>B. The Government will utilize Lowest Price Technically Acceptable procedures to award to the responsible offeror(s) whose offer meeting the acceptability standards for all non-price factors offers the lowest total price per line item and meets all of the terms and conditions of the solicitation. This solicitation is unrestricted with HUBZone price evaluation preference. Only one price per line item per tier will be accepted. Alternate offers/pricing will NOT be accepted. A more detailed discussion of the evaluation criteria is provided later in this solicitation under FAR 52.212-2, Evaluation – Commercial Items.</p> <p>C. The resulting contract(s) will be an Indefinite Delivery, Indefinite Quantity (IDIQ) type contract(s) with a Fixed-Price with Economic Price Adjustment (EPA). The resulting contract(s) will have a total term of five years, consisting of five, 12-month tiered periods, as follows:</p> <div style="margin-left: 100px;"> <p>Tier 1: February 29, 2016 – February 28, 2017</p> <p>Tier 2: March 01, 2017 – February 28, 2018</p> <p>Tier 3: March 01, 2018 – February 28, 2019</p> <p>Tier 4: March 01, 2019 - February 29, 2020</p> <p>Tier 5: March 01, 2020-February 28, 2021</p> </div> <p>Contract deliveries may fall outside of the tier effective periods. However, prices will be based on the time an order is placed, not when an order is delivered. For example, if an order is placed during tier 2, but delivery is made during tier 3, then the prices in effect for that order will be the tier 2 prices. Offering on all five tiers is mandatory. Failure to offer on five tiers may be deemed as non-acceptance of the tiers and could result in rejection of the offerors' entire proposal. Tier 2 will follow Tier 1 upon expiration of that period, Tier 3 will follow Tier 2 upon expiration of that period, Tier 4 will follow Tier 3 upon expiration of that period and Tier 5 will follow Tier 4 upon expiration of that period.</p> <p>D. PRE-AWARD PLANT SURVEY: To determine the responsibility of prospective contractors, the government reserves the right to conduct physical surveys of the plants which are to be used in the performance of a contract. In the event the government is prevented from conducting such a plant survey by the offeror or its proposed subcontractor, the offeror's entire proposal may be rejected as technically unacceptable. As a part of the pre-award survey, the offeror may be required to obtain from its intended sources of supply, letters confirming availability of components, materials machinery and tooling.</p> <p>II. GUARANTEED MINIMUM/MAXIMUM</p> <p>The quantities shown in the schedule represent the estimated minimum and maximum quantities that will/may be ordered over the ordering period.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE</p>	

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The guaranteed minimum quantity for the 5-year contract period is 1,728,000 Trays.
The maximum quantity for the 5-year contract period is 8,640,000 Trays.

3. The above minimum and maximum quantities assume one contract is awarded under this solicitation. If multiple awards are made from this solicitation, then the guaranteed minimum and maximum quantities for the resulting contracts will vary depending on the estimated minimum and maximum quantities of the line items under each respective contract. The following chart provides estimated quantities and minimum and maximum quantities for each line item. If multiple awards are made, the guaranteed minimum and maximum quantities under each contract will be determined by adding the minimum quantities and adding the maximum quantities for the respective line items under each contract. Only the aggregates will constitute the guaranteed minimum and the maximum quantities for each contract. Therefore, the resulting contracts will NOT have guaranteed minimum and maximum quantities for each individual line item.

Line Item	Item Description	Annual Estimated Quantity	Minimum 5 Year Quantity	Maximum 5 Year Quantity
0001	WHITE RICE	64,800	129,600	648,000
0002	BLUEBERRY DESSERT	48,000	96,000	480,000
0003	APPLE DESSERT	62,400	124,800	624,000
0004	SPAGHETTI W/MEATBALLS	43,200	86,400	432,000
0005	PORK SAUSAGE LINKS	48,000	96,000	480,000
0006	CORNERD BF HASH	48,000	96,000	480,000
0007	CHILI W/BEANS	21,600	43,200	216,000
0008	MASH POTATOES W/BROWN GRAVY	28,800	57,600	288,000
0009	PASTA W/SAUSAGE	43,200	86,400	432,000
0010	BROWN RICE PILAF	21,600	43,200	216,000
0011	BEEF BURGUNDY	21,600	43,200	216,000
0012	TACO FILLING	14,400	28,800	144,000
0013	TURKEY CUTLETS	36,000	72,000	360,000
0014	BROWN RICE	21,600	43,200	216,000
0015	PULLED PORK	14,400	28,800	144,000
0016	BEEF, ROAST W/BROWN GRAVY	36,000	72,000	360,000
0017	CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	43,200	86,400	432,000
0018	BEEF & POTATOES IN CREAM GRAVY	96,000	192,000	960,000
0019	SWEET POTATO & COCONUT CASSEROLE	14,400	28,800	144,000
0020	OATMEAL, APPLE-CINNAMON	72,000	144,000	720,000
0021	MEATBALLS AND PASTA IN BROWN GRAVY	43,200	86,400	432,000
0022	SOUTHWESTERN STYLE CHICKEN CHILI	21,600	43,200	216,000
	TOTAL	864,000	1,728,000	8,640,000

B. Surge

1. The primary mission of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) is to support the military in peace and during contingencies. The ability to ramp-up quickly to meet early requirements, and to

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sustain an increased pace throughout the contingency are critical to the execution of the U.S. military strategy. DLA's designation as a Combat Support Agency makes it directly responsible for the timely support of critical military operational requirements. Because of DLA's unique role, surge capability is a primary consideration in this acquisition. DLA contractors are accountable for meeting surge requirements, ensuring surge capability actually exists and validating surge capability through surge testing.

2. DLA defines surge as the ability of the industrial base to meet accelerated delivery requirements, with existing industrial base capabilities, across a broad spectrum of possible contingencies. This includes both the capability to ramp-up quickly to meet early requirements, as well as to sustain an increased pace throughout the contingency(s). The spectrum of possible contingencies includes major theatre and smaller scale contingency operations. The various contingencies are as follows:

3. Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Logistics Exercises – The contractor must have the ability to support short term surges in demands, which may increase two times the estimated demand. There may be occasions where large increases in quantity will be necessary for short periods of time and on short notice. An example of a surge situation would be an increase in military feeding of 200% over peacetime demand for a period of up to 30 days. Normally, there is advance notice as to when exercise surges will occur.

4. Military Operations – The contractor must have the ability to support surges in demand, which may be needed for an extended period of time on short notice. An example of a military operation would be US peacekeeping missions and Bosnia support. For this type of scenario, the capability to ramp-up quickly to meet early requirements, as well as sustainment for an extended period of time is essential.

5. Mobilization – A full-scale military mobilization or a national emergency could increase to 200% of the estimated quantity requirements within the first 135 days. Normal mobilization strategies provide lead times of at least 30 days to build the necessary support level. The contractor must have the ability to support this increased level of supply for an extended period of time.

III. ITEM ADDITIONS/DELETIONS/REPLACEMENTS

The Government may add, delete, or replace items on the contract as military needs change in accordance with 52.216-9006 ADDITION/DELETION OF ITEMS (AUG 2005) - DLAD, and as outlined below:

- A. The Government reserves the right to add new items to the resultant contract(s), through bilateral modification. If one contract is awarded, pricing for new items will be negotiated with the awardee and must be found fair and reasonable by the Contracting Officer. If multiple awards are made, new items will be competed amongst awardees, utilizing Lowest Price Technically Acceptable evaluation criteria for award as provided in this solicitation.
- B. If multiple awards are made and an awardee defaults on any particular item(s), then the Government reserves the right to delete such item(s) from the defaulted awardee's contract and add those items to another awardee's contract. For another awardee to have such item(s) added to its contract, that awardee must be able to meet all technical acceptability requirements of this solicitation with respect to such item(s). If only two contracts are awarded under this solicitation, the awardee receiving the item(s) must agree to sell the item(s) at the price that such item(s) was/were originally awarded to the defaulting awardee. If more than two contracts are awarded under this solicitation, then the Government will compete the item(s) among the other awardees using LPTA procedures, but the other awardees competing must agree to sell the item(s) at a price no higher than the price that such item(s) was/were originally awarded to the defaulting awardee.

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C. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally delete items from the Unitized Group Ration - Heat and Serve (UGR-H&S) Program.

D. The Government reserves the right to replace or not to replace any item(s) which have been discontinued or removed from the contract. The Government shall satisfy the guaranteed minimum contract quantity requirements as stated in the contract award.

IV. CONTRACTING AUTHORITY

A. The DLA Troop Support Contracting Officer is the **ONLY** person authorized to approve changes to, or modifications of, any requirement of the contract. Notwithstanding any provisions contained elsewhere in the contract, said authority remains solely with DLA Troop Support Contracting Officer.

B. In the event the vendor effects any change at the direction of any person other than the DLA Troop Support Contracting Officer, the change will be considered to have been made without authority and no adjustments will be made to cover any costs associated with such change.

V. NEGOTIATIONS

For the subject acquisition, the Government reserves the right to conduct negotiations. Initial responses to negotiations shall be in a form of communication customary in the industry for transmitting information to include phone, facsimile transmission, letter, in-person and e-mail. However, any information provided during negotiations, to include all changes to the initial offer, must be reduced to writing and transmitted to the DLA Troop Support Business Opportunities Office by the time and date specified at the time of Final Proposal Revisions. Information not submitted to the DLA Troop Support Business Opportunities Office by the specified date and time will not be considered by the Government during final evaluations.

VI. TECHNICAL/QUALITY DATA

A. PRODUCT DEMONSTRATION MODEL

Product Demonstration Model (PDM): Offerors are required to submit Product Demonstration Models (PDMs) for each item as part of their proposals. The PDMs must be received no later than the time set for closing of offers. Offers will be evaluated to determine compliance with all characteristics listed for evaluation under FAR 52.212-2 as provided later in this solicitation. Failure to furnish PDMs by the time specified in the solicitation may be cause for rejection of the proposal. An offer may be rejected, as appropriate, under the late offer clause, for technical unacceptability, or because additional submissions will be tantamount to submission of new or alternate offers. A cover letter may accompany the offer to set forth any information you wish to bring to the attention of the Government.

Product Demonstration Models (PDMs) are to be submitted at no expense to the Government and must be received prior to the time set for closing of offers. PDMs will become the property of the Government and will not be returned to the offeror. Failure to submit PDMs may result in rejection of an offer.

The PDM is the standard to which all production under any contract resulting from this solicitation must conform. Offerors are cautioned that samples produced in test facilities may not be comparable to the product produced on a production line, which may result in rejection of the product. Also major changes in production methodology or packaging, such as implementation of new technology, may result in production that does not meet the production standard, which would require the submission and evaluation of new PDMs. Should the contractor at any time plan to, or actually produce the product using different raw material or process methodologies from the approved Product Standard, which results in a product non-comparable to the Product Standard, the contractor shall arrange for a Replacement PDM approval. In any event, all product produced must meet all requirements of this document including Product Standard comparability.

The Government will evaluate the PDMs for compliance with the item descriptions and product specifications and will also evaluate the sensory attributes of the food product to include appearance, odor, flavor and texture using the recognized 9-point quality rating scale to determine product quality. PDMs must conform to all specification/production description characteristics. Failure of models to conform to the specification may result in rejection of an offer for technical unacceptability. Product offered shall conform to all packaging, labeling, and packing requirements as well as analytical requirements. The government shall not accept product from any resultant contract which does not conform to all requirements.

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PDMs must be rated as “Acceptable” to be eligible for award. Vendors will have one opportunity to correct any deficiencies found during the evaluation of PDMs that are submitted as part of the initial proposal. Revised PDMs that are submitted for a second and final evaluation shall be evaluated using the same criteria as discussed above and under FAR 52.212-2, as provided later in this solicitation. Vendors are advised that if they have any unacceptable PDMs after the second evaluation, their proposal will be found technically unacceptable with regard to those unacceptable PDMs and they will not be considered for award for those items. However, a proposal that is technically unacceptable due to unacceptable PDMs may still be considered for award for those items having acceptable PDMs, subject to technical acceptability of all other non-price factors.

PDMs shall be submitted as follows:

A total of 30 samples of PDM items shall be submitted as stated below:
A total of 12 PDMs shall be sent to:

Department of the Army
RDNS-SEC-EMR
Natick Soldier Systems Center
10 General Greene Avenue
Natick, MA 01760
Lab # 508-233-5653
Jill.M.Bates@us.army.mil
Jonathan.Ebert@us.army.mil

Note: The end or side of the box should have a sticker, or be printed on the box, with the following information:
Product Demonstration Model Sample
Solicitation Number
Product Identity
Lot #
Company Name and Address
Point of Contact Name and Phone Number

Inside the case, along with the samples, should be the required paperwork, fully identifying the product, solicitation number, contract number (if applicable), whether the item is an Initial, Replenishment, or Replacement PDM, USDA certification, any test results available, or any other information to assist in identifying the product and conducting the evaluation.

Offerors may direct proposed subcontractors to submit PDM samples directly to Natick on their behalf. In those instances, the offeror will send written notification of subcontractor submissions to Natick and such PDMs must be clearly labeled for which offeror they are being submitted. This documentation must also be part of their proposal. PDMs will not be evaluated until written notification from the offeror is received. This consideration does not relieve the offeror of the full responsibility for submitting all PDMs in a timely manner. Late submissions of PDMs may be the basis for rejection of the proposal.

The Offeror shall provide a complete list of its PDMs submitted, with its technical proposal, to include: item, source of supply name and address, and item lot number. Note: Offerors may submit PDMs to Natick for evaluation any time after solicitation issuance. However, PDM Samples and documentation must be submitted by the deadline for receipt of proposals to the Business Opportunities Office (BOO) at DLA TROOP SUPPORT with the aforementioned supplier and lot number information.

A total of 16 PDMs shall be sent to the cognizant in-plant USDA Government inspector. In this instance, the offeror shall advise the Government inspector after production of the PDMs and shall obtain a signed statement from the inspector confirming possession of the samples and identifying the samples as from the same production lot as those submitted to Natick. The offeror shall submit this statement(s) to DLA Troop Support.

The remaining 2 PDMs of the same product lot code as those submitted to Natick and the USDA government inspector shall be mailed along with your technical proposal to the address indicated on Block 9 at DLA Troop Support (attn. Debra Goffman) on the first page of the solicitation.

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PLEASE NOTE: The requirement to submit PDMs is waived for any offeror who has submitted and received an acceptable rating on a First Article (FA) from Natick in the 12 months prior to the solicitation closing date. Please provide documentation from Natick of the passing FA score.

Late submissions of PDMs may be a basis for rejection of the entire proposal.

The PDMs required in this part of the solicitation, which are submitted to Natick, must have any required analytical results included as part of the offer for this technical evaluation factor. The analytical results are to be certified by the USDA (i.e., testing of official USDA samples by a USDA/AMS laboratory) for current, Government suppliers of these items or self-certified by offerors who are not currently Government suppliers of these items. Failure to submit the required certified analytical results with PDMs may result in the proposal not being considered for award due to technical unacceptability. The offeror should include applicable documentation to establish that the product has been processed to meet commercial sterility requirements, e.g. incubation sample results.

Every 12 months, the Government Quality Assurance Representative (GQAR) will randomly select 12 replenishment samples for Natick and 16 replenishment samples for the government’s supply at origin from a lot accepted by the government for all contractual requirements. The contractor will be responsible for shipment to Natick. This replenishment may occur earlier if necessary to ensure an adequate supply of PDM samples. The contractor will also use samples from this same lot as the production standard.

Replenishment PDMs are defined as product samples used to reestablish the product standard due to depleting the current PDM stocks or as required by schedule. Replenishment PDMs will be evaluated for appearance, odor, flavor and texture, must be equal to or better than the existing product standard for all characteristics, and must meet the requirements for those characteristics in the appropriate product technical requirements document or specification(s). Upon acceptance the replenishment PDM will become the new product standard.

If a Replenishment PDM is rejected by Natick, the next conforming production lot will be submitted by USDA as a Resubmittal PDM Replenishment. This follow-up Resubmittal PDM Replenishment and any subsequent Resubmittal lots cannot be shipped by the vendor without an acceptable evaluation result from Natick.

The cut-off date for PDM Replenishments will be 18 months. After 18 months, USDA will submit a PDM sample to Natick as a Replacement PDM, following the PDM submittal process. The production lot that is used for the Replacement PDM submittal cannot be shipped by the manufacturer without an acceptable evaluation result from Natick.

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If the contractor wishes to establish a new standard, that new standard would be called a Replacement PDM.

Replacement PDMs are defined as product samples that are non-comparable to the established PDM, e.g. due to different ingredients or process methodologies. Replacement PDMs are submitted by the contractor and follow the same submittal process as the initial PDM. At no time will there be two standards for the product.

Periodic Review samples are required for all Polymeric Tray items. The following are the requirements and distribution of samples: The USDA Inspector shall select eight samples of each item produced during each month of Polymeric Tray production. The eight samples will be selected from four random sampling points in the lot and Natick will receive samples from each of those four sampling points. The remaining samples will be distributed to the USDA review locations. These samples shall be designated as Monthly Review Samples. The USDA Inspector will ship them monthly to the following locations at the contractor's expense:

One sample of all items to the USDA, AMS, FV, SCI Division Review Locations (Washington, DC; Oshkosh, WI; South Bend, IN and Winter Haven, FL)

AND

Four samples of all items to:

Department of the Army

RDNS-SEC-EMR

Natick Soldier Systems Center

10 General Greene Avenue

Natick, MA 01760

In the event that an offeror's PDM was found technically acceptable, but not offered the award, the offeror may present the remainder of the PDM lot, to the Government for purchase at the awarded price. The Government reserves the right to purchase the remainder of the lot at the awarded price. However, the Government is not obligated to purchase the remainder of any lot offered.

B. INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. For the purposes of Inspection/Acceptance and Shipment/Delivery, a manufacturer's "lot" shall be considered no greater than a single shift's production.

2. OPTIONAL CONTRACTOR TESTING is provided by the alternate inspection requirements of DLAD 52.246-9024, Alternative Inspection Requirements for Selected Items.

C. ITEM DESCRIPTION

The below listed item descriptions include the required technical specification (i.e. Performance-Based Contract Requirements (PCRs), Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs), etc) for this acquisition.

Line Item	Item Description	NSN	Performance-Based Contract Requirement (PCR)
0001	WHITE RICE	8920-01-445-5736	PCR-R-004A, 18 APR 2005, w/change 01, 07 APR 2006
0002	BLUEBERRY DESSERT	8940-01-455-1872	PCR-B-036, 04 NOV 2002, w/change 01, 09 SEP 2008
0003	APPLE DESSERT	8940-01-455-1876	PCR-A-003, 17 MAY 2002, w/change 05, 01 MAY 2009
0004	SPAGHETTI W/MEATBALLS	8940-01-455-1880	PCR-S-012, 26 FEB 2003

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0005	PORK SAUSAGE LINKS	8905-01-455-3547	PCR-P-015, 17 OCT 2000, w/change 01, 18 NOV 2005
0006	CORNERD BF HASH	8940-01-455-3548	PCR-H-005, 29 NOV 1999, w/change 07, 29-MAR-12
0007	CHILI W/BEANS	8940-01-470-3190	PCR-C-034A, 12 OCT 2000, w/change 02, 01 MAY 2009
0008	MASH POTATOES W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-471-6856	PCR-M-007, 12 APR 2000, w/change 01, 04 MAR 2003
0009	PASTA W/SAUSAGE	8940-01-517-9823	PCR-P-041, 03 MAR 2004
0010	BROWN RICE PILAF	8920-01-526-4909	PCR-R-004A, 18 APR 2005, w/change 01, 07 APR 2006
0011	BEEF BURGUNDY	8940-01-529-6635	PCR-B-044, 02 MAY 2005, w/change 01, 04 MAY 2007
0012	TACO FILLING	8940-01-529-6637	PCR-T-010, 05 MAY 2005, w/change 01, 12 JUN 2008
0013	TURKEY CUTLETS	8940-01-529-6641	PCR-T-009, 10 MAY 2005, w/change 01, 13 NOV 2007
0014	BROWN RICE	8920-01-537-0568	PCR-R-004A, 18 APR 2005, w/change 01, 07 APR 2006
0015	PULLED PORK	8940-01-537-0620	PCR-P-043, 31 MAR 2006, w/change 01, 21 MAY 2010
0016	BEEF, ROAST W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-537-0628	PCR-B-046, 31 MAR 2006, w/change 01, 31 JAN 2008
0017	CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	PCR-C-032, 29 NOV 1999, w/change 10, 22 JAN 2009
0018	BEEF & POTATOES IN CREAM GRAVY	8940-01-572-7465	PCR-B-052, 15 JAN 2010, w/change 01, 30 NOV 2011
0019	SWEET POTATO & COCONUT CASSEROLE	8940-01-572-7478	PCR-S-022, 18 DEC 2009
0020	OATMEAL, APPLE-CINNAMON	8920-01-583-4838	PCR-O-007, 01 MAR 2011
0021	MEATBALLS AND PASTA IN BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-615-1831	PCR-B-058, 12 FEB 2014
0022	SOUTHWESTERN STYLE CHICKEN CHILI	8940-01-615-1835	PCR-S-025, 18 APR 2014

Copies of the required technical specifications (i.e.: Performance Contract Requirements (PCRs), Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs), etc) may be obtained upon request from:

Defense Logistics Agency
DLA Troop Support
Ms. Ramona Hemphill, Food Technologist
ATTN: FTRE
700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5092
Telephone: (215-737-2986)

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e-mail: Ramona.Hemphill@dla.mil

Copies of the stated documents may also be obtained at the DLA Troop Support Subsistence Internet website located at <http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/support/specs/procure.asp>

D. TRACEABILITY

In order to facilitate an effective traceability for the Unitized Group Ration Program, the contractor shall ensure that each primary container (unit pack) and intermediate container, if required, has a lot number and cannot be older than 75 days (i.e. 75 days Date of Pack (DOP)). These package codes shall be permanent and legible.

Use of the Julian Date for the lot number is preferred. For example, 1296 = October 23, 2011. When not required by specification, the contractor's lot identification may be of their own coding, i.e. a closed code, but the contractor shall provide the coding information for the primary containers and the contract data markings upon delivery. Package codes per case lot number shall be identified on the appropriate accompanying DD Form 250 upon delivery.

Additionally, the contractor shall ensure that traceability records include identifying ALL ingredients and ALL sources for those ingredients. This shall be accomplished for the each item, brand and component that is shipped to the Defense Depot (Assembler) for the Unitized Group Ration Programs. This information shall be made available within 24 hours of a traceability recall notification..

E. PRODUCT SANITARILY APPROVED SOURCE REQUIREMENTS

As required by 48 CFR 246.471 Authorizing Shipment of Supplies, AR 40-657, Veterinary/Medical Food Safety, Quality Assurance and Laboratory Service, DLAR 4155.3, Inspections of Subsistence Supplies and Services, DLAD 52.246-9044, "SANITARY CONDITIONS (APR 2014), and as clarified by the Armed Forces Food Risk Evaluation Committee, 31 JAN 1996, all Operational Ration Food Components will originate from sanitarily approved establishments. Acceptable sanitary approval is constituted by listing in the "Directory of Sanitarily Approved Food Establishments for Armed Forces Procurement," published by the U.S. Army Institute of Public Health (USAIPH), or an establishment inspected and approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) or the U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC) and possessing a USDA/USDC establishment number. This requirement applies to all GFM and CFM Operational Ration Food Components and to all Operational Ration types. Requests for inspection and "Directory" listing by USAIPH will be routed through DLA Troop Support-FTRE for coordination and action. Situations involving sole sources of supply, proprietary supply sources, and commercial Brand Name items will be evaluated directly by the Chief, DLA Troop Support-FTRE, in coordination with the Chief, Approved Sources Division, USAIPH.

1. SANITARY CONDITIONS

(a) Food establishments.

(1) All establishments and distributors furnishing subsistence items under DLA Troop Support contracts are subject to sanitation approval and surveillance as deemed appropriate by the Military Medical Service or by other Federal agencies recognized by the Military Medical Service. The Government does not intend to make any award for, nor accept, any subsistence products manufactured, processed, or stored in a facility which fails to maintain acceptable levels of food safety and food defense, is operating under such unsanitary conditions as may lead to product contamination or adulteration constituting a health hazard, or which has not been listed in an appropriate Government directory as a sanitarily approved establishment when required.

Accordingly, the supplier agrees that, except as indicated in paragraphs (2) and (3) below, products furnished as a result of this contract will originate only in establishments listed in the U.S. Army Institute of Public Health (USAIPH) Circular 40-1, Worldwide Directory of Sanitarily Approved Food Establishments for Armed Forces Procurement, (Worldwide Directory) (available at: <http://phc.amedd.army.mil/topics/foodwater/ca/Pages/DoDAApprovedFoodSources.aspx>). Compliance with the current edition of DoD Military Standard 3006A, Sanitation Requirements for Food Establishments, is mandatory for listing of establishments in the Worldwide Directory. Suppliers also agree to inform the Contracting Officer immediately upon notification that a facility is no longer sanitarily approved and/or removed from the Worldwide Directory and/or other Federal agency's listing, as indicated in paragraph (2) below. Suppliers also agree to inform the Contracting Officer when sanitary approval is regained and listing is reinstated.

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(2) Establishments furnishing the products listed below and appearing in the publications indicated need not be listed in the worldwide directory. Additional guidance on specific listing requirements for products/plants included in or exempt from listing is provided in Appendix A of the worldwide directory.

(i) Meat and meat products and poultry and poultry products may be supplied from establishments which are currently listed in the "Meat, Poultry and Egg Inspection Directory," published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service (USDA, FSIS), at <http://www/fsis/usda/gov/wps/portal/fsis/topics/inspection/mpi-directory>. The item, to be acceptable, shall, on delivery, bear on the product, its wrappers or shipping container, as applicable, the USDA shield and applicable establishment number. USDA listed establishments processing products not subject to the Federal Meat and Poultry Products Inspection Acts must be listed in the Worldwide Directory for those items.

(ii) Intrastate commerce of meat and meat products and poultry and poultry products for direct delivery to military installations within the same state (intrastate) may be supplied when the items are processed in establishments under state inspection programs certified by the USDA as being "at least equal to" the Federal Meat and Poultry Products Inspection Acts. The item, to be acceptable, shall, on delivery, bear on the product, its wrappers or shipping container, as applicable, the official inspection legend or label of the inspection agency and applicable establishment number.

(iii) Shell eggs may be supplied from establishments listed in the "List of Plants Operating under USDA Poultry and Egg Grading Programs" published by the USDA, Agriculture Marketing Service (AMS) at <http://www.ams.usda.gov/poultry/grading.htm>.

(iv) Egg products (liquid, dehydrated, frozen) may be supplied from establishments listed in the "Meat, Poultry and Egg Product Inspection Directory" published by the USDA FSIS at http://apps.ams.usda.gov/plantbook/Query_Pages/PlantBook_Query.asp. All products, to be acceptable, shall, on delivery, bear on the product, its wrappers or shipping container, as applicable, the official inspection legend or label of the inspection agency and applicable establishment number.

(v) Fish, fishery products, seafood, and seafood products may be supplied from establishments listed under "U.S. Establishments Approved For Sanitation And For Producing USDC Inspected Fishery Products" in the "USDC Participants List for Firms, Facilities, and Products", published electronically by the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Fisheries (USDC, NOAA) (available at: seafood.nmfs.noaa.gov). All products, to be acceptable, shall, on delivery, bear on the product, its wrappers or shipping container, as applicable, the full name and address of the producing facility.

(vi) Pasteurized milk and milk products may be supplied from plants having a pasteurization plant compliance rating of 90 percent or higher, as certified by a state milk sanitation officer and listed in "Sanitation Compliance and Enforcement Ratings of Interstate Milk Shippers" (IMS), published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration (USDHHS, FDA) at <http://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/FederalStateFoodPrograms/ucm2007965.htm>. These plants may serve as sources of pasteurized milk and milk products as defined in Section I of the "Grade 'A' Pasteurized Milk Ordinance" (PMO) published by the USDHHS, FDA at <http://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/GuidanceDocumentsRegulatoryInformation/Milk/default.htm>.

(vii) Manufactured or processed dairy products only from plants listed in Section I of the "Dairy Plants Surveyed and Approved for USDA Grading Service", published electronically by Dairy Grading Branch, AMS, USDA (available at: <http://www.ams.usda.gov/AMSV1.0/getfile?dDocName=STELPRD3651022>) may serve as sources of manufactured or processed dairy products as listed by the specific USDA product/operation code. Plants producing products not specifically listed by USDA product/operation code must be Worldwide Directory listed (e.g., plant is coded to produce cubed cheddar but not shredded cheddar; or, plant is coded for cubed cheddar but not cubed mozzarella). Plants listed in Section II and denoted as "P" codes (packaging and processing) must be Worldwide Directory listed.

(viii) Oysters, clams and mussels from plants listed in the "Interstate Certified Shellfish Shippers Lists" (ICSSL), published by the USDHHS, FDA at <http://www.fda.gov/food/guidanceregulation/federalstatefoodprograms/ucm2006753.htm>.

(3) Establishments exempt from Worldwide Directory listing. Refer to AR 40-657/NAVSUPINST 4355.4H/MCO P1010.31H, Veterinary/Medical Food Safety, Quality Assurance, and Laboratory Service, for a list of establishment types that may be exempt from Worldwide Directory listing. (AR 40-657 is available from National Technical Information Service, 5301 Shawnee Road, Alexandria, VA 22312 ; 1-888-584-8332 ; or download from web site: http://www.apd.army.mil/pdffiles/r40_657.pdf) For the most current listing of exempt plants/products, see the Worldwide Directory (available at: <http://phc.amedd.army.mil/topics/foodwater/ca/Pages/DoDAApprovedFoodSources.aspx>).

(4) Subsistence items other than those exempt from listing in the Worldwide Directory, bearing labels reading "Distributed By", "Manufactured For", etc., are not acceptable unless the source of manufacturing/processing is indicated on the label or on accompanying shipment documentation.

(5) When the Military Medical Service or other Federal agency acceptable to the Military Medical Service determines the levels of food safety and food defense of the establishment or its products have or may lead to product contamination or adulteration, the Contracting Officer will suspend the work until such conditions are remedied to the satisfaction of the appropriate inspection

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agency. Suspension of the work shall not extend the life of the contract, nor shall it be considered sufficient cause for the Contractor to request an extension of any delivery date. In the event the Contractor fails to correct such objectionable conditions within the time specified by the Contracting Officer, the Government shall have the right to terminate the contract in accordance with the "Default" clause of the contract.

(b) Delivery conveyances.

The supplies delivered under this contract shall be transported in delivery conveyances maintained to prevent tampering with and /or adulteration or contamination of the supplies, and if applicable, equipped to maintain a prescribed temperature. The delivery conveyances shall be subject to inspection by the government at all reasonable times and places. When the sanitary conditions of the delivery conveyance have led, or may lead to product contamination, adulteration, constitute a health hazard, or the delivery conveyance is not equipped to maintain prescribed temperatures, or the transport results in product 'unfit for intended purpose', supplies tendered for acceptance may be rejected without further inspection.

F. MARKING OF SHIPPING CONTAINERS AND MARKING OF UNIT LOADS

All Shipping Containers and Unit Loads shall be clearly marked, in accordance with DLA Troop Support Form 3556 entitled "Marking Instructions for Boxes, Sacks, and Unit Loads of Perishable and Semi-perishable Subsistence, dated April 2014, with the following information on two adjacent sides of the load with the largest characters possible as follows:

Unitized Ration Component
National Stock Number
Item Name
Date of Pack and Lot Number
Number of Shipping Containers per Pallet
Contract Number
Contractor's name and Address
Inspection Test Date (ITD)

Note: For the Inspection Test Date, the expected shelf life is found in the applicable solicitation/contract. To calculate the ITD, add the shelf life value to the month/year date of pack.

Example, if the Date of Pack is June 2007, and the shelf life is 36 months (3 years), then the ITD is computed as follows: 6/07 + 3 years = 6/10. If labels are used, they shall be permanently affixed with water-resistant adhesive tape.

Shipments without the appropriate Shipping Container and Unit Load Markings will be rejected and returned to origin, or at the Contracting Officers discretion, reworked at a labor rate determined by the destination activity (not DLA Troop Support).

G. UNITIZATION

Unit loads shall have the shipping containers arranged on a 40 inch by 48 inch commercial wood or plywood four-way entry pallet, or on a 48 inch by 40 inch Grocery Manufacturers of America wood four-way entry pallet. The load shall be bonded with non-metallic strapping, shrink or stretch film, or others means that comply with carrier rules and regulations applicable to the mode of transportation (adhesive bonding is not acceptable).

Bonding material shall secure the load to the pallet to form a consolidated, stable cargo which can be handled as a unit. For example, when strapping is used to secure the load, the straps shall pass under the top deck boards of the pallet. When stretch or shrink film is used, it must be applied low enough on the pallet to secure the load to the pallet. The unit load height shall not exceed 50 inches.

Inspection of unit loads shall be in accordance with classification Type III, Class G of DLA Troop Support Form 3507 of April 2014 entitled "Loads, Unit: Preparation of Semi-perishable Subsistence Items."

NOTE: The unit load dimensions are 40 inches in length by 48 inches in width and 50 inches in height (Please note: In the height dimension, this includes the 1-3/8" slave board that the pallet and material are placed on).

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These dimensions are exact and can be no larger than what is specified. No overhang is permitted.

H. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS INSURANCE/ACCEPTANCE

The contractor must meet all characteristics specified herein. For product requiring contractor-paid USDA, only end-item inspection of the finished product for compliance with contract requirements shall be inspected by USDA, AMS, FV, PPB. In addition, Government inspection shall also be at destination for identity, count and condition for all terms and conditions of the contract. This shall include but is not limited to the following:

1. All shipments must be accompanied by an accurate DD-250, and all other pertinent invoices as required.
2. All unit loads must be marked in accordance with DLA Troop Support Form 3556.
3. All unit loads shall be stable and not exceed 50 inches in height including pallet material.
4. All delivered product shall be free of defects.
5. All shipments must contain the correct quantity as specified by DLA Troop Support.
6. Appointments must be scheduled with the receiving activity prior to delivery.
7. All delivered product must meet or exceed the appropriate product requirements as described in this Solicitation.
8. All delivered products must meet the required date of pack/shelf life requirements.
9. To determine the date of pack, any closed date code must be accompanied with documentation deciphering the closed product code.
10. All delivered products must be free of insect and rodent infestation.

Failure to comply with ANY of the above conditions may result in the shipment(s) being rejected and returned to origin, or at the Contracting Officer's discretion reworked at a labor rate determined by the destination activity (not DLA Troop Support).

I. DATE OF PACK

Acceptance will be limited to product processed and packed subsequent to date of award of delivery order. Additionally, all shipments of components/product from a producer to destination/assembly points shall not be older than 75 days at time of shipment.

J. REWORK OF NONCONFORMING PRODUCT PRE OR POST ACCEPTANCE

Rework of Nonconforming Product: The Government QAR must be informed and provided documentation of all rework results when product is presented for Government verification inspection or prior to Government inspection as indicated below.

1. Corrective Action (Rework/Screen Inspections) Taken Prior To Government Verification Inspection (Receipt, In-Process And End-Item Inspections): Unless otherwise specified below, all reworks and screening inspections conducted prior to the Government verification inspection do not require approval from the Government. Although the GQAR must be informed of all reworks, the contractor is not required to obtain approval to take corrective and preventive action as deemed necessary to ensure compliance with contractual requirements. For reworks requiring the Government's approval (as specified below), the contractor may submit a Standard Rework Procedure (SRP), for certain defects, under the contractor's documented QSP section XII - Corrective and Preventive Action Program. The SRPs must be specific and these must be evaluated by DLA Troop Support-FTR, and DLA Troop Support-FTRE, and approved by the applicable Contracting Officer.

NOTE: All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a COMPREHENSIVE rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. When a contractor determines as a result of his end item inspection(s) or QSP that supplies do not conform to contractual requirements and the supplies cannot be reworked (such as drained weight, viscosity, piece size, residual air, etc), he has the alternative to request the Contracting Officer waive the nonconforming requirement. If the Contracting Officer approves the waiver request for a specific requirement, the written waiver approval shall be provided to the GQAR when the supplies are presented for Government Verification Inspection (the skip-lot inspection does not apply in this case). The GQAR shall inspect the supplies for compliance with all requirements of the contract, except the waived requirement. The Contracting Officer, in special circumstances, may request the GQAR to inspect for the non-conforming

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characteristics also, after the waiver for the nonconforming requirement has been provisionally approved, to determine severity of nonconformance only. Due to the type of statistical sampling cited in the contract, under no circumstances shall a lot found nonconforming by the contractor be inspected by the GQAR to determine conformance to a requirement that has previously been established as nonconforming by the contractor's inspection. After any lot's failure or rework, if the lot is re-inspected, it will be both Contractor and Government inspected at the next higher sample size.

2. The Following Reworks Must Be Coordinated With The Supervisory GQAR And Approved By The Applicable DLA Troop Support-FTR Office.

a. Insect or Rodent Infestation/Contamination: Reworks must be approved by DLA Troop Support-FTRE.

b. Food Safety and Foreign Material: All corrective actions for product retained due to foreign material and/or processed/unprocessed container mix-ups must be approved by FTR. Thermal process deviations or deviations from the preparation, formulation or critical factors cited in the approved process schedule must be accompanied by a detailed letter from the plant's Processing Authority. The involved subcode(s), the deviation, and the disposition of the product shall be clearly identified when the complete lot is presented for Government end item verification inspection. If the producer fails to provide enough information/data in the case of a deviation, the GQAR shall contact FTR for approval to proceed with the Government end item verification inspection. These requirements are in addition to applicable Code of Federal Regulations or other regulatory requirements (USDA-FSIS, FDA)

Foreign material identified during normal in-process control actions does not require a waiver request from DLA Troop Support FTR, but does require USDA notification of the incident. However, foreign material discovered during the Contractor or GQAR/USDA end item inspection is cause for rejection of the lot. Rework requests that involve foreign material identified during end item inspections require approval from DLA Troop Support FTR before the rework activity can proceed.

"Retesting/re-inspection/rework of product that tested positive for food borne pathogens (salmonella, e. coli, etc.) is not authorized."

Note: Deviations (that occur during or prior to the production of a product) from specific preparation/formulation/ingredient requirements cited in the specifications shall be submitted as a request for product deviation and must be approved and coordinated with the Specification Preparing Activity (Natick) through the applicable Contracting Officer.

c. Container Integrity Defects: All reworks due to container integrity defects noted during the producer's end item inspection (for critical container defects only) or Government final lot end item verification inspection, must be approved by FTR unless 100% primary container rework of the entire lot is conducted at source. All containers exhibiting same or other container integrity defects must be removed during the 100% primary container rework and noted on the rework paperwork. Reworked lots will be inspected or re-inspected, as applicable, by the contractor at the location of the rework using the next larger sample size (for example, from 200 samples to 315, or if a second rework, from 315 samples to 500 samples). Rework results must be included with other paperwork when the lot is presented for Government end item verification inspection.

d. Second Time Reworks: All second time reworks must be approved by the applicable FTR office.

e. Nonconformances Noted During The Government End Item Verification Inspection:

All rework requests submitted for defects noted during Government verification end item verification inspections must be approved by the applicable Contracting Officer, unless exempted under paragraph 3 above.

3. Contractor's Quality History:

a. Effectiveness of corrective actions (rework/screen inspections) taken by the contractor prior to Government end item verification inspection (receipt, in-process and contractor's end-item inspections) will be

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determined by the results of the end item verification inspection performed by the GQAR. **Corrective actions taken to ensure compliance with the contractual requirements prior to the Government end item verification inspection will not be counted against the contractor's quality history.** If product is found conforming during the Government end item verification inspection, the corrective action will be determined to have been effective. However, all requests for waivers and product deviations will be counted.

b. If product is found nonconforming during the Government end item verification inspection following contractor corrective action for the same defect (or defect category in case of critical container defects) for which the contractor took a corrective action, the corrective action will be determined to have been ineffective. In addition to any action taken, the contractor must reevaluate their documented QSP and/or the implemented corrective and preventive action program by an internal audit and results must be submitted to DLA Troop Support-FTSB (Quality Systems Auditors). **All corrective actions (rework/screening inspections, etc.) taken by the contractor due to a Government end item verification inspection rejection will be documented in the contractor's quality history records.**

NOTE: If the contractor elects to rework nonconforming product, it must be reworked and reoffered within 30 days from date of initial rejection.

All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a comprehensive rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. See "Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies".

4. Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies

a. When contractor inspection or QSP, or Government verification by the QAR, reveals a process deviation or nonconforming lot, the contractor's written request for deviation, waiver, rework or re-inspection of the nonconforming lot(s) must be furnished, as appropriate, to the Contracting Officer and cognizant Government QAR and shall at a minimum contain the following:

NOTE: Subject line should include what is being asked for (e.g.: Request for Waiver for Drain Weight of Beef Stew or Request for Rework for Residual Air for Apple Dessert)

1. Type of Request: Waiver, Notification, Re-inspection, Rework
2. Approval Required from DLA: Yes or No
3. Contractor Name/Address
4. Contract Number
5. Product Name
6. National Stock Number
7. Batch Number(s) (If Applicable)
8. Sublot(s) (If Applicable)
9. Lot Number(s)
10. Process Category (i.e. Work-progress/End Item)
11. Quantity
12. Specification Requirement Number (PCR, CID, etc)
13. Sample Size; Defect; Accept/Reject
14. Defect Classification: Critical, Major, Minor, NA
15. Inspection Failure (Summary of non-conformances)
16. Failure Identified: Processing, Packaging, End Item
17. Inspector: In-plant/Contractor or USDA
18. Date of Incident
19. Attachments (Provide in-house, USDA worksheets, in-process data)
20. Root Cause of nonconformance or deviation (Describe using a short detailed paragraph)
21. Corrective Action (Describe using a short detailed paragraph)
22. Preventive Action (Describe using a short detailed paragraph; if preventive action is not possible, state why)

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23. Occurrence (Has this occurred before/when; if yes, what was the date/contract/lot number of last occurrence)
24. Estimated Cost
25. Effect on Delivery
26. Justification for request

NOTE: All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a COMPREHENSIVE rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. After any lot's failure or rework, if the lot is re-inspected, it will be both Contractor and Government inspected at the next higher sample size.

b. When a valid technical reason for re-inspection without rework is offered and permission is granted by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall take corrective action to eliminate the cause of the inspection revealed failure; reinspect the non-reworked lot after taking the corrective action, and evaluate the results of the initial inspection and the re-inspection by means of recognized statistical methods.

1. If the statistical tests reveal no significant difference between the results of the two inspections, acceptability will be based on re-inspection results. A significant difference is one that is real and not due to chance variation. Statistically, a difference which has a 0.05 probability of occurring by chance alone is usually considered a significant difference.

2. If such statistical tests reveal no significant difference between the results of the two inspections, both results will be reported to the Contracting Officer.

(i.) The results of the two inspections will be averaged and acceptability will be based on whether the resulting average meets the requirement, when the requirement is an average (variable) requirement.

(ii.) The results of the initial (original) inspection will be the basis for the acceptability decision when the requirement is a unit (attribute) requirement.

K. INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT (IPM) and FOOD DEFENSE PLAN

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

The procedures contained in the "Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Program Requirements for Operational Rations," of April 2011 are required and apply to all Operational Rations components. Each contractor is to have an IPM program in place prior to the initiation of production of Government product. The IPM plan and the associated pesticide labels and MSDS documents are not to be submitted to DLA Troop Support. The contractor shall have those documents available for on-site review during a Quality Systems Management Visit (QSMV) or Quality Systems Compliance Audit. In addition, evidence of an insect or rodent infestation, foreign material, or contamination involving any end item will be cause for rejection of the involved lot. IPM program requirements can be found on the DLA Troop Support website at: <http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/support/quality/ipm-cpaf.pdf>

FOOD DEFENSE PLAN

Currently, all DLA Troop Support Subsistence contracts have a requirement for submission and implementation of some type of Food Defense Plan at each contractor facility. As a result of increased risk for the potential of intentional food tampering the plan shall describe (in general terms) the type of preventive measures that are taken or will be taken to reduce Food Defense vulnerabilities and to protect the food intended for DLA Troop Support's customers at CONUS and OCONUS locations. The plan must include preventive steps taken to safeguard product from intentional tampering/contamination during all stages of receipt, production, storage, assembly, delivery, and shipment. Areas of concern listed in this checklist must be addressed in the plan. Note: Points will be deducted for not responding to a question with a YES, No, N/A or for not providing the information requested (e.g., establishment registration information). To download a copy of the DLA Troop Support Food Defense Checklist go to http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/fs_check.pdf or contact the applicable DLA Troop Support Contracting Officer or the Quality Audits & Product Protection Branch (DLA Troop Support-FTSB). The Quality Audits Food Defense Branch

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(FTSB) is the only DLA/DLA Troop Support office authorized to receive, review and approve Food Defense Plans. ALL Food Defense Plans and QSPs are maintained and secured by FTSB."

L. POLYMERIC TRAYPACK SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

Traceability Requirements/Commingling of Lots

The shelf stable Polymeric Tray producer shall maintain records for each end item lot. The end item lot, usually one day's production, shall be clearly identified on each primary tray, and clearly identified on the exterior of each case. In addition, the shelf stable Polymeric Tray producer shall maintain records of when and where end item lots have been shipped.

In order to facilitate lot traceability at the Polymeric Tray producer's plant, the following is required (GFM and CFM):

1. Lots shall be shipped on a first produced (and accepted) first out basis. No product shall be older than 75 days at time of shipments, except when a product at the manufacturer's plant is pending disposition instructions and/or action (request for waiver, deviation, rework, re-inspection, etc) and/or as authorized by the Contracting Officer.
2. Each shipping case shall contain only one manufacturer's lot. If a partial shipping case remains at the end of the production day, dunnage shall be used to fill the remainder of the case and the outside of the case shall be marked indicating the number of polymeric trays within.
3. Each unit load shall contain only one production lot.
4. Assemblers shall assemble one (1) component lot at a time, i.e., one (1) component lot shall be used at each assembly line until it becomes necessary to place another lot of the same component on the assembly line to maintain assembly flow.
5. Lot numbers and corresponding lot quantities, including sub-codes delivered, shall be included on the shipping/receiving documentation, e.g. DD Form 250.

USDA Execution of Invoices/DD-250s. The USDA inspector shall not sign the DD Form 250 prior to completion of the full incubation period for thermostabilized and thermohydrostabilized tray pack cans or polymeric trays. Additionally, the contractor shall not ship product which has not completed the full incubation period without the USDA (Meat and Poultry Inspection 'regulations, Subpart G, Section 318.309), and the Contracting Officer approval.

J. HIGHER LEVEL REQUIREMENTS

Quality Assurance Requirements for Ration Component Production Plants

a. Packaging and Packing Materials

Packaging components (e.g., fiberboard shipping boxes, fiberboard sleeves, roll stock/lid material, polymeric trays, adhesive, tape, etc) are subject to the FAR Clause 52.246-15, CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE (APR 1984). The Government QAR shall have the responsibility for verifying CoC's as necessary. Any inspections required by the specifications may be performed by the Government to assure compliance with the specifications.

. General Inspection (Examination/Testing) Requirements

(a.) When contractor determines as a result of his inspection(s) or QSP, or is informed by the QAR as a result of verification inspection, that the supplies do not conform to contractual requirements, he has the following alternatives:

1. Produce and inspect a new lot.
2. Screen or rework and reoffer conforming supplies (provided screening or reworking is not detrimental to the product and does not conflict with other requirements, e.g. time, temperature, etc.)

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See "Rework of Nonconforming Product Pre or Post Acceptance" for applicable situations.

3. Request the Contracting Officer to consider acceptance of the nonconforming supplies in accordance with paragraph "Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies"

4. When valid technical reason(s) exist for suspecting the verity of the inspection results, request the Contracting Officer's permission to reinspect the supplies without screening or reworking. The request must be made in writing in accordance with paragraph "Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies". Any lot with one or more valid critical/major A defect(s) will not be reinspected without reworking or screening of all units. Examples of valid technical reasons are:

- i. After finding the lot nonconforming for net weight, it is discovered that the scales used for the inspection were out of adjustment, or
- ii. After finding the lot nonconforming for a chemical test characteristic, it is discovered that a chemical used in the analysis has deteriorated or had not been properly prepared.

(b.) The contractor may petition the Government (through the Contracting Officer) for skip lot or a reduction in verification inspection at such time that the contractor believes his quality program is fully acceptable and reliable. There will be no "skip lot" or "reduced" inspection option for critical defects.

Quality Assurance Provisions for MIL-PRF-32004B, Packaging of Food in Polymeric Trays

The following procedures for sampling and inspection shall also be applied when an end-item's filled and sealed container examination is required to be performed in accordance with paragraph 4.2, "Examination of container", of MIL-PRF-32004B. These procedures shall be applied to inspection results where critical defects are a determining factor in the rejection of a lot.

Change in severity of inspection shall be based on the critical defect category and determined by component type, regardless of lot size. For Normal inspection the sample size shall be 200 sample units and for Tightened inspection 315 sample units examined for critical defects and the finding of any critical defect shall be cause for rejection of the lot. Normal inspection will be used at the start of inspection. Normal inspection shall continue unchanged for the critical category of defects on successive lots except where the procedures given in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-2003, Sampling Procedures and

Tables for Inspection by Attributes, require a change in the severity of the inspection, from Normal to Tightened. The procedures given in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-2003 shall be used to switch from Tightened inspection to Normal inspection. There will be no "reduced" inspection option. The Government has the right to discontinue Government inspection as cited in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-2003 or the MPC clause or both.

a. The Government QAR will notify the contractor of a change in the severity of inspection as a result of Government origin inspections. The contractor is required to perform inspections which provide the same risk (equal or better) as those performed by the Government (ex: the contractor must select for end item examination, as a minimum, the same number of samples selected by the Government for end item inspection).

b. Upon notification by the Government QAR of change of severity of inspection from Normal to Tightened, the contractor shall submit a corrective action plan to the Government QAR and the Contracting Officer. Government QAR will withhold inspection of lots produced after notification until corrective action plan is received and approved. The corrective action plan shall contain, as a minimum, the following:

1. Root cause of the deficiency.
2. Action taken to correct the deficiency.
3. Action taken to correct and prevent recurrence of root cause of deficiency.
4. Corrective action effective date(s).
5. Contractor, subcontractor, or supplier representative responsible for implementing corrective action.

As authorized by the Contracting Officer, discontinuation of inspection may be invoked by the Contracting Officer when there is a pending action against a contractor to improve the quality of the submitted product/material, a contractor fails to submit a corrective action plan, and/or a corrective action plan is not effective in correcting or in preventing recurrence of root cause of the deficiency.

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In addition to the above, the Contracting Officer, at his discretion, may invoke increased inspection for critical defects at origin and/or destination when determined to be in the best interest of the Government

c. The contractor will have a quality assurance program that supports continuous improvement in accordance with paragraph XI-O-5-a above and the particular requirements applicable to the polymeric tray items.

d. Government verification inspection and testing (conducted by the GQAR or Government laboratory) shall be withheld, at a minimum, until the contractor's completed inspection results are presented to the Government's Quality Assurance Representative (GQAR). Unless otherwise authorized, in writing, by the Contracting Officer, the GQAR and/or Government laboratory shall not perform Government verification inspection/testing unless the contractor's lot submittal package (inspection/test results-including analytical testing) provided to the GQAR indicates conformance to ALL contractual requirements.

e. Government verification inspection may be accomplished by utilizing smaller sample sizes provided sampling plans utilized do not increase producer's sampling risk as assessed by applicable (ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-2003) operating characteristic curves. Contracting Officer approval must be obtained prior to skip lot and/or reduced inspection.

f. End Item Testing. Compliance with applicable Performance-based Contract Requirements (PCR) or Commercial Item Description (CID) requirements will be determined by the contractor and by the GQAR on the finished product in accordance with the applicable provisions in the PCR, CID, solicitation, contract, and purchase order and their applicable Quality Assurance Provisions and Packaging Requirements. Regardless of the Government agency having jurisdiction upon ascertaining compliance to contractual requirements at the supplier's production/assembly facility, a USDA laboratory will perform all Government verification testing. The contractor shall bear all expenses incident thereto, including costs of samples and all associated costs for preparation and mailing. Costs shall be assessed in accordance with the Government laboratory testing charges for individual test characteristics and number of tests required by the specification or contract. A list of fees may be obtained from the appropriate USDA laboratory.

MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR POLYMERIC TRAY ITEMS

a. The procedures contained in the "Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Program Requirements for Operational Rations," of April 2011 are required and apply to all polymeric tray food component operations. Each contractor is to have an IPM program in place prior to the initiation of production of Government product. The IPM plan and the associated pesticide labels and MSDS documents are not to be submitted to DLA Troop Support. The contractor shall have those documents available for on-site review during a Quality Systems Management Visit (QSMV) or Quality Systems Compliance Audit. In addition, evidence of an insect or rodent infestation, foreign material, or contamination involving any end item will be cause for rejection of the involved lot. IPM program requirements can be found on the DLA Troop Support website at: <http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/support/quality/ipm-cpaf.pdf>

b. Commercial sterility test applies to all thermoprocessed/retorted polymeric tray items. Incubate one filled, sealed and thermally processed polymeric tray from each retort cook at 95 degrees Fahrenheit +/- 5 degrees for 10 days, unless otherwise specified by the inspection agency. Any evidence of swelling or microbial activity following incubation shall be considered a test failure.

Note: For Fruits, Incubate at 80 degrees Fahrenheit +/- 5 degrees for 10 days.

c. In addition to the requirements of any applicable COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTION (CID) or PERFORMANCE-BASED CONTRACT REQUIREMENT (PCR) for components cited herein, all requirements, including the Performance Requirements of the Quality Assurance Provisions and Packaging Requirements for the applicable CID or PCR, are applicable.

d. For all items thermostabilized by retorting, each filled and sealed polymeric tray shall be in the retort process within two hours after sealing.

e. Additionally, the following applies to perishable raw and cooked beef, chicken, pork, turkey and other meats used in the production of end items intended for operational rations. All perishable meats shipped from the supplier to the processing plant shall be accompanied by either a USDA Grading Certificate (if required) or a Certificate of Conformance

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(CoC) indicating compliance to specified requirements, and initial chilling or freezing date of the product as applicable. The ingredient supplier shall certify compliance with processing and PACKAGING requirements for formed or breaded meats.

Under no circumstances shall any meat or meat product be older than 180 days at time of use:

1. Chilled meats: Meats received in the chilled state shall have not been previously frozen and shall have been held at an internal temperature of 28 to 40 degrees Fahrenheit for a period not to exceed 4 days following initial chilling and prior to preparation and further processing. Upon arrival at the processing plant, if chilled product is not used within 72 hours, it shall be frozen and stored at a temperature not to exceed 0 degrees Fahrenheit. Frozen product must be used within 180 days after initial freezing.

2. Frozen meats: Frozen meats received at the processing plant may be accepted provided the product internal temperature has never exceeded 20 degrees Fahrenheit. Upon arrival at the processing plant, if not used immediately, the product shall be stored at a temperature not to exceed 0 degrees Fahrenheit, and product must be used within 180 days after initial freezing.

f. For thermostabilized fruits and other seasonal crop components: Acceptance will be limited to product processed and packed subsequent to date of award and from the latest season's crop.

Government verification inspection and testing (conducted by the GQAR or Government

Laboratory) shall be withheld, at a minimum, until the contractor's completed inspection results are presented to the Government's Quality Assurance Representative (GQAR). Unless otherwise authorized, in writing, by the Contracting Officer, the GQAR and/or Government laboratory shall not perform Government verification inspection/testing unless the contractor's lot submittal package (inspection/test results-including analytical testing) provided to the GQAR indicates conformance to ALL contractual requirements.

Operational Ration Component Lot Number and Lot Inspection

The component lot number for thermostabilized (retorted) products packaged in polymeric trays shall be defined as the Julian lot number assigned at the origin manufacturer's plant and the inspection lot shall include only product produced in one work-shift. For non-thermostabilized products packaged in polymeric tray containers, a lot number is defined as the quantity of finished product produced/assembled within a production day (Julian date) and the inspection lot shall include product produced in no more than one production/assembly day. The Government QAR reserves the right to separate an inspection lot into smaller inspection lots. The Sample for Government and contractor's end item lot inspection may be drawn after all units comprising the lot have been produced or samples may be drawn during production of the lot. If stratified sampling is utilized (drawing sub-samples from each sub-lot/sub-code during production of the lot), the sub-samples must be drawn at random from the sub-lot and not inspected until all the sub-samples are combined to make up the complete sample for the applicable lot size (the formation of the lot and lot size is defined as the manner in which the lot is to be presented for Government end item verification inspection).

Alternative Skip-Lot End-Item Inspection Requirements for Government End-Item Verification Inspections for Operational Rations

The "Procedures for Alternative Skip-Lot End Item Inspection Requirements for Government End Item Verification Inspections for Operational Rations", dated March 2001, are applicable to current and future contracts. The switching procedures cited in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4, Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection and Attributes shall not be used for Government verification inspections. For products requiring a drained weight examination, the following is also required: The contractor shall provide the Government Quality Assurance Representative (GQAR) a copy of the current production standard (PDM/First Article) formula (including ratios of ingredients), and formulation records for each production lot submitted for Government end item verification inspection. The GQAR shall initiate skip-lot inspection based on Government verification inspections results of each product and notification that the contractor's Quality System Plan (QSP) was rated acceptable by DLA Troop Support-FTSB. The Government verification inspection may be further decreased (e.g., skip-lot inspection frequency 1 in 6, 1 in 10, etc.) by the Contracting Officer if he/she determines that this is in the best interest of the Government or he/she may discontinue skip-lot inspection for Government verification inspection if it is determined that skip lot is not in the best Interest of the Government.

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The sampling plans switching procedures cited in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4, Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection and Attributes, are authorized to be used only by the contractors during the performance of contractor's end item verification inspections. Producers using the switching procedures, cited in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4, during the performance of their end item inspections must train personnel and follow **all of the switching rules** cited in the standard. As indicated in the standard, the sampling scheme is a combination of sampling plans with switching procedures, and each sampling plan has its own set of rules by which a lot is to be inspected and accepted or rejected. Samples may be drawn after all units comprising the lot have been produced or samples may be drawn during production of the lot. However, for those contractors that are using stratified sampling (drawing subsamples from each subplot during production of the lot), the subsamples must be drawn at random from the subplot and not inspected until all the subsamples are combined to make-up the complete sample for the applicable lot size (the formation of the lot and lot size is defined as the manner in which the lot is to be presented for Government end item verification inspection in accordance with paragraph "Operational Ration Component Lot Numbers"). All other inspection procedures must be reviewed by the GQAR, included in the QSP, and approved by the Contracting Officer. The producer's end item verification inspection results must be well documented and the GQAR must be informed in advance of the specific switching procedure (normal, tightened, reduced) being utilized for each product qualified under the standard.

Rework of Nonconforming Product Pre or Post Acceptance

Rework of Nonconforming Product: The Government QAR must be informed and provided documentation of all rework results when product is presented for Government verification inspection or prior to Government inspection as indicated below.

a. Corrective Action (Rework/Screen Inspections) Taken Prior To Government Verification Inspection (Receipt, In-Process And End-Item Inspections): Unless otherwise specified below, all reworks and screening inspections conducted prior to the Government verification inspection do not require approval from the Government. Although the GQAR must be informed of all reworks, the contractor is not required to obtain approval to take corrective and preventive action as deemed necessary to ensure compliance with contractual requirements. For reworks requiring the Government's approval (as specified below), the contractor may submit a Standard Rework Procedure (SRP), for certain defects, under the contractor's documented QSP section XII - Corrective and Preventive Action Program. The SRPs must be specific and these must be evaluated by DLA Troop Support-FTR, and DLA Troop Support-FTRE, and approved by the applicable Contracting Officer.

NOTE: All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a COMPREHENSIVE rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. When a contractor determines as a result of his end item inspection(s) or QSP that supplies do not conform to contractual requirements and the supplies cannot be reworked (such as drained weight, viscosity, piece size, residual air, etc), he has the alternative to request the Contracting Officer for a waiver for the nonconforming requirement. If the Contracting Officer approves the waiver request for a specific requirement, the written waiver approval shall be provided to the GQAR when the supplies are presented for Government Verification Inspection (the skip-lot inspection does not apply in this case). The GQAR shall only inspect the supplies for compliance with all requirements of the contract, except the waived requirement. The Contracting Officer, in special circumstances, may request nonconforming supplies to be inspected by the GQAR, after the waiver for the nonconforming requirement has been provisionally approved, to determine severity of nonconformance only. Due to the type of statistical sampling cited in the contract, under no circumstances shall a lot found nonconforming by the contractor be inspected by the GQAR to determine conformance to a requirement that has previously been established as nonconforming by the contractor's inspection. After any lot's failure or rework, if the lot is reinspected, it will be both Contractor and Government inspected at the next higher sample size.

b. The Following Reworks Must Be Coordinated With The Supervisory GQAR And Approved By The Applicable DLA Troop Support-FTR Office.

- 1. Insect or Rodent Infestation/Contamination:** Reworks must be approved by DLA Troop Support-FTRE.
- 2. Food Safety and Foreign Material:** All corrective actions for product retained due to foreign material and/or processed/unprocessed container mix-ups must be approved by FTR. Thermal process deviations or

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deviations from the preparation, formulation or critical factors cited in the approved process schedule must be accompanied by a detailed letter from the plant's Processing Authority. The involved subcode(s), the deviation, and the disposition of the product shall be clearly identified when the complete lot is presented for Government end item verification inspection. If the producer fails to provide enough information/data in the case of a deviation, the GQAR shall contact FTR for approval to proceed with the Government end item verification inspection. These requirements are in addition to applicable Code of Federal Regulations or other regulatory requirements (USDA-FSIS, FDA)

"Retesting/re-inspection/rework of product that tested positive for food borne pathogens (salmonella, e. coli, etc.) is not authorized."

Note: Deviations (that occur during or prior to the production of a product) from specific preparation/formulation/ingredient requirements cited in the specifications shall be submitted as a request for product deviation and must be approved and coordinated with the Specification Preparing Activity (Natick) through the applicable Contracting Officer.

3. Container Integrity Defects: All reworks due to container integrity defects noted during the producer's end item inspection (for critical container defects only) or Government final lot end item verification inspection, must be approved by FTR unless 100% primary container rework of the entire lot is conducted at source. All containers exhibiting same or other container integrity defects must be removed during the 100% primary container rework and noted on the rework paperwork. Reworked lots will be inspected or re-inspected, as applicable, by the GQAR at the location of the rework using the next larger sample size (for example, from 200 samples to 315, or if a second rework, from 315 samples to 500 samples). Rework results must be included with other paperwork when the lot is presented for Government end item verification inspection.

4. Second Time Internal Reworks: All second time internal reworks must be approved by the applicable FTR office.

5. Nonconformances Noted During The Government End Item Verification Inspection:
All rework requests submitted for defects noted during Government verification end item verification inspections must be approved by the applicable Contracting Officer, unless exempted under paragraph 3 above.

c. Contractor's Quality History:

1. Effectiveness of corrective actions (rework/screen inspections) taken by the contractor prior to Government end item verification inspection (receipt, in-process and contractor's end-item inspections) will be determined by the results of the end item verification inspection performed by the GQAR. **Corrective actions taken to ensure compliance with the contractual requirements prior to the Government end item verification inspection will not be counted against the contractor's quality history.** If product is found conforming during the Government end item verification inspection, the corrective action will be determined to have been effective. However, all requests for waivers and product deviations will be counted.

2. If product is found nonconforming during the Government end item verification inspection following contractor corrective action for the same defect (or defect category in case of critical container defects) for which the contractor took a corrective action, the corrective action will be determined to have been ineffective. In addition to any action taken, the contractor must reevaluate their documented QSP and/or the implemented corrective and preventive action program by an internal audit and results must be submitted to DLA Troop Support-FTSB (Quality Systems Auditors). **All corrective actions (rework/screening inspections, etc.) taken by the contractor due to a Government end item verification inspection rejection will be documented in the contractor's quality history records.**

NOTE: If the contractor elects to rework nonconforming product, it must be reworked and reoffered within 30 days from date of initial rejection.

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All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a comprehensive rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. See "Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies".

d. Request for Rework, Request for Waiver, Request for Deviation, or Re-inspection of Nonconforming Supplies

1. When contractor inspection or QSP, or Government verification by the QAR, reveals a process deviation or nonconforming lot, the contractor's written request for deviation, waiver, rework or re-inspection of the nonconforming lot(s) must be furnished, as appropriate to the Contracting Officer and cognizant Government QAR and shall at a minimum contain the following:

NOTE: Subject line should include what is being asked for (i.e.: Request for Waiver for Drain Weight of Beef Stew or Request for Rework for Residual Air for Apple Dessert)

Type of Request: Waiver, Notification, Re-inspection, Rework
Approval Required from DLA: Yes or No
Contractor Name/Address
Contract Number
Product Name
National Stock Number
Batch Number(s) (If Applicable)
Sublot(s) (If Applicable)
Lot Number(s)
Process Category (i.e. Work-progress/End Item)
Quantity
Specification Requirement Number (PCR, CID, etc)
Sample Size; Defect; Accept/Reject
Defect Classification: Critical, Major, Minor, NA
Inspection Failure (Summary of non-conformances)
Failure Identified: Processing, Packaging, End Item
Inspector: In-plant or USDA
Date of Incident
Attachments (Provide in-house, USDA worksheets, in-process data)
Root Cause of nonconformance or deviation (Describe using a short detailed paragraph)
Corrective Action (Describe using a short detailed paragraph)
Preventive Action (Describe using a short detailed paragraph; if preventive action is not possible, state why)
Occurrence (Has this occurred before/when; if yes, what was the date/contract/lot number of last occurrence)
Estimated Cost
Effect on Delivery
Justification for request

NOTE: All requests for rework shall be accompanied with a COMPREHENSIVE rework plan. The rework plan will include rational information and data that supports the rework plan and ensures the elimination of nonconforming material from the lot. After any lot's failure or rework, if the lot is reinspected, it will be both Contractor and Government inspected at the next higher sample size.

e. When a valid technical reason for re-inspection is offered and permission is granted by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall take corrective action to eliminate the cause of the inspection revealed failure; reinspect the non-reworked lot after taking the corrective action, and evaluate the results of the initial inspection and the re-inspection by means of recognized statistical methods.

1. If the statistical tests reveal no significant difference between the results of the two inspections, acceptability will be based on re-inspection results. A significant difference is one that is real and not due

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to chance variation. Statistically, a difference which has a 0.05 probability of occurring by chance alone is usually considered a significant difference.

2. If such statistical tests reveal no significant difference between the results of the two inspections, both results will be reported to the Contracting Officer.

i. The results of the two inspections will be averaged and acceptability will be based on whether the resulting average meets the requirement, when the requirement is an average (variable) requirement.

ii. The results of the initial (original) inspection will be the basis for the acceptability decision when the requirement is a unit (attribute) requirement.

Reliability Conditions

a. The Government may perform verification inspection (examination, testing or both) to assure that the inspection performed or certificates furnished by the contractor are reliable. Initially, the amount of verification inspection may equal the amount of inspection performed by the contractor. It is the intent of the Government to be able to rely on the contractor so that the amount of verification may be reduced accordingly. In the event the Government determines by means of verification inspection, surveillance of the contractor's inspection activity, or the submission by the contractor to the Government of nonconforming supplies that the contractor's inspection results or certificates from any plant are not reliable, the Government reserves the right to increase the rate or amount of verification inspection to and including full lot-by-lot inspection and to charge the contractor for the costs incurred for any or all Government examinations and tests performed on supplies from the plant/plants determined to be unreliable after such time as the contractor is advised in writing of the particular inspection concerning which his unreliability is established. In addition, the Government reserves the right to sample and inspect for compliance with contract requirements all supplies produced for the Government remaining in the contractor's facilities at the time of notification in an other than reliable status, even though said supplies may have been produced prior to receipt of notification. It is to be especially noted that the Government is contracting for a complete and reliable inspection system as well as a product conforming to all requirements of the contractual document(s). When any element of the contractor inspection system (a particular test or examination of the end item or component) has been determined to be unreliable, the Government reserves the right to consider the inspection system as a whole unreliable, and to return to full lot-by-lot verification (and charge therefore) for each and every examination and test. Examination and testing by the Government and charges to the contractor will continue until such time as the contractor's reliability is again established to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer. Evaluation of contractor's examination results and review of test results will be accomplished by the QAR. Final evaluation of contractor's test results will be accomplished by DLA Troop Support-FTR, Subsistence Supplier Operations Directorate.

b. The Government QAR may perform verification inspection on any of the lots presented by the contractor to determine if the inspection results reported by the contractor are a reliable indication of product quality. Verification inspection results may be compared with product acceptance criteria set forth in the contract and/or with contractor inspection results for the purpose of determining if verification inspection performed by the Government QAR may be reduced. This reduction in Government verification inspection may be effected through less frequent inspection (skip lot/modified skip lot), reduced severity of inspection, or both. Contracting Officer's approval must be section obtained before switching the degree of inspection severity to reduced inspection even though all criteria have been met.

c. Unless otherwise specified in the contract, verification inspection performed by the QAR will be in accordance with the specification Quality Assurance Provisions regardless of any approved alternative procedures employed by the contractor.

d. Unless otherwise specified, when the contractor inspection results have been determined to be unreliable, the next determination as to reliability will be made:

i. For examination characteristics. After the production and examination of not less than three or more than five lots.

ii. For test characteristics. After six day's production or after the number of day's necessary to produce and test six inspection lots, whichever is greater.

NOTE: During the period the contractor's test system is considered unreliable, supplies will be accepted or rejected on the basis of Government laboratory test results.

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iii. For Certificate of Conformance. After two inspection lots of component items, except that return to a reliable status will be based on conformance of a component item to requirements if inspection results are not submitted by the contractor.

iv. After a contractor has been notified that his inspection system has been found to be unreliable, the status or unreliability will continue until the Government notifies the contractor that a reevaluation has been completed and the results indicate that the inspection system is considered as regaining a reliable status. In addition to the requirements in paragraphs E-3-J-(D) 1, 2, or 3 above, time will be required by the Government to review the contractor's results by the evaluators, complete verification inspection, perform statistical analysis, and to notify the contractor. The contractor will be charged for costs incurred by the Government for inspecting lots (including costs associated with sampling) used for evaluating reestablishment of an acceptable inspection system status.

e. Whenever considered necessary as an aid in determining reliability of contractor inspection, the Government will determine, by the use of recognized statistical methods, if there is a significant difference between inspection results furnished by the contractor and the results of verification inspection.

f. Supplies, which have been found nonconforming by the contractor, may be subjected to special Government verification examination of the lot or lots in question. The verification examination results for each such lot so selected will be compared with the contractor's results using the lot-by-lot comparability determination procedure for reliability only and shall not be used for acceptance or rejection of production lots.

g. In the event the Government elects not to perform verification inspection prior to delivery and acceptance, payment will not be delayed provided the contractor's inspection results indicate the end item and components (including packaging, unitization, packing, labeling and marking materials) conform to the specification requirements, and further provided that said results are presented in the manner prescribed herein.

h. Normally, verification inspection will be performed on a stationary lot basis, regardless of physical location, at any time prior to acceptance. Warehousing charges for labor, reconditioning, and any other such costs incident to sampling for examination and/or testing will be borne by the contractor, except when examination is performed at a point other than the premises of the contractor, subcontractor or contractor's freezer or warehouse.

i. Conformance of supplies, or parts thereof, will be determined in accordance with the applicable specification tolerances, acceptable quality levels and sampling procedures contained in the contract except as provided herein. At destination, the original inspection lots need not be reconstituted. For sampling purposes, supplies delivered under the contract may be grouped to form lots. The size of the sample will be determined by the sampling procedures specified in the contract for the quantity of supplies on which action is proposed. Whenever the contract does not provide criteria to determine the number of sample units, the number of containers selected for appropriate number of sample units, the number of containers selected for sampling will be the square root of the number of containers in the lot. Frozen product may be inspected for determination of compliance with all terms of the contract. If necessary, the product or samples, as appropriate, may be defrosted to the extent required to accomplish this inspection. At origin, the contractor will employ a procedure for identifying the inspection status of material before, during, and after processing.

j. The contractor's inspection system will be considered unreliable if a statistical comparison of contractor and Government inspection results indicates noncomparability. The noncomparable status will serve to notify the contractor of the significant disparity between the Government verification results and the contractor's results without either result indicating nonconformance. The Contracting Officer and/or Government QAR will notify the contractor when his inspection system is considered unreliable and change inspection system status to unreliable. The Contracting Officer and/or Government QAR will notify the contractor of any change in the inspection system status and of all reevaluations, whether or not a change in the inspection system is applicable.

k. The contractor's inspection system will be considered unreliable when the Government inspection results indicate nonconforming product and a significant difference is observed between the contractor and verification inspection results. The Contracting Officer and/or Government QAR will notify the contractor of any change in the inspection system status and of all reevaluations, whether or not a change in the inspection system is applicable.

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<p data-bbox="94 254 1516 312">l. Standby inspection samples. The Government reserves the right to withdraw and hold, for inspection purposes, standby samples of components or finished products or both. Samples not used will be returned to the contractor.</p> <p data-bbox="94 344 1516 403">m. The contractor may be liable for certain inspection costs for examination or tests (for end item or components, separately) performed by the Government.</p> <p data-bbox="188 434 1268 464">n. When the contractor is liable for costs, as defined by this contract, the following will apply:</p> <p data-bbox="188 495 1523 646">The Government QAR will notify the contractor in writing when the contractor's inspection system is determined to be unreliable. A copy of this letter containing the reason(s) for such determination will be forwarded through the appropriate CQAE(s) to the Procurement Contracting Officers (PCO). During the period of unreliability, the QAR will submit weekly reports of applicable inspection costs, including travel expenses, through the CQAE(s) to the PCO for review and collection.</p> <p data-bbox="94 678 1523 766">o. Inspection costs will be computed at the rate of \$35.00 per hour. Hours will be computed based on total hours for all inspectors used to perform inspection (i.e., three inspectors at three hours each = nine hours total). Actual travel expenses will be determined in accordance with applicable travel regulations.</p> <p data-bbox="94 798 1523 903">p. Upon reestablishment of reliability the QAR will notify the contractor in writing and submit a copy of this letter, along with a final report of examination costs, through the CQAE(s) to the PCO. The contractor may appeal the assessment of examination costs in writing to the PCO stating full justification to refuse these costs. The PCO will provide a written decision on the appeal to the contractor. Assessment of examination costs will be based upon the dates of QAR notification to the contractor.</p> <p data-bbox="188 934 1403 1022">i. The Contracting Officer will notify the contractor in writing when the contractor's test system is determined to be unreliable. The Government QAR and DLA Troop Support-FTR will report applicable costs/charges related to Government sampling and testing to the Contracting Officer for collection.</p> <p data-bbox="188 1054 1516 1113">ii. Costs devoted to actual travel time will be computed at the current authorized hourly rate, computed to the nearest quarterly hour increment.</p> <p data-bbox="282 1144 1159 1173">iii. Laboratory testing costs will be assessed at the rate of \$25.00 per hour.</p> <p data-bbox="282 1205 1403 1234">iv. Warehouse cost. Warehouse labor costs as reported by destination will be assessed at cost.</p> <p data-bbox="188 1266 1487 1325">v. Miscellaneous expenses. Related expenses which can be reasonably computed will be assessed at actual cost.</p> <p data-bbox="188 1356 1523 1444">vi. Administrative costs. To the direct costs which are considered assessable, additional assessments will be added, based on the following charges to cover administrative costs which have been incurred by the Government in the review and assessment of actual costs.</p> <ol data-bbox="188 1476 1523 1753" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="282 1476 1523 1505">1. An administrative charge of \$10.00 if actual charges do not exceed \$25.00 per reliability determination. <li data-bbox="188 1537 1463 1596">2. An administrative charge of \$10.00 if actual charges exceed \$25.00 but do not exceed \$50.00 per reliability determination. <li data-bbox="188 1627 1463 1686">3. An administrative charge of \$15.00 if actual charges exceed \$50.00 but do not exceed \$75.00 per reliability determination. <li data-bbox="282 1717 1442 1747">4. An administrative charge of \$20.00 if actual charges exceed \$75.00 per reliability determination. <p data-bbox="282 1778 1500 1808">NOTE: The above administrative charges do not include the cost for processing a contract modification.</p> <p data-bbox="1016 1944 1346 1974" style="text-align: right;">CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE</p>		

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5. The contractor shall be liable for Government costs (i.e., man- hours, travel, per diem, administration, etc.) incurred as a result of the failure of the contractor to notify the inspection service of change(s) in production schedule. Costs will be computed and reported by the QAR as detailed above.

MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS

Compliance with the provisions contained in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations Part 110 "Current Good Manufacturing Practice in Manufacturing, Packaging or Holding Human Food," and all regulations referenced herein, is required. In addition, the contractor is required to comply with all the provisions contained within specific parts of the Code of Federal Regulations. For example, low-acid canned food manufacturers, Part 110 and 113 are applicable.

ENTRY INTO PLANT:

The Contracting Officer or any Government personnel designated by him shall be permitted entry into the Contractor's and Subcontractor's plants at any time during the effective period of the contract. Except for inspection services, the Contracting Officer shall give prior notice of the purpose of the meeting and shall furnish dates of the visit.

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE

- a The offeror must stipulate in its proposal to this solicitation information pertinent to the place of performance.
- b. Any change in place(s) of performance cited in this offer and in any resulting contract is prohibited unless it is specifically approved in advance by the Contracting Officer.

L. QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR POLYMERIC TRAY ITEMS

1. The Quality Assurance Provisions of this solicitation and Quality Assurance Provisions and Packaging Requirements of component Prime Documents cited in this solicitation are required for contractor and USDA inspection.

2. For all Operational Rations food components (MRE, MCW/LRP, Polymeric Tray Items, UGR, etc.), inspection shall be Contractor Paid USDA, AMS, FV, PPB inspection in accordance with DLAD Clause 52.246-9023, General Inspection Requirements, unless otherwise specified by this solicitation/contract. The regulations, file codes, etc. of the respective agency are applicable to the contract in conjunction with the quality assurance requirements of the contract. Optional contractor testing provided by DLAD Clause 52.246-9024, Alternative Inspection Requirements for Selected Items. DLAD Clause 52.246-9024 is applicable, unless otherwise specified by this solicitation/contract. When permitted by the applicable food component specification, a Certificate of Conformance (COC) for ingredients shall be provided in accordance with FAR Clause 52.246-15 Certificate of Conformance.

3. FAR Clauses 52.246-2, Inspection of Supplies – Fixed Price and 52.246-11, Higher Level Contract Quality Requirement, are applicable to properly enforce the Higher Level Contract Quality requirements.

4. In addition to any inspection requirements cited in contract and/or prime documents, for entrees, starches and soups, and fruits, inspection for packaging, labeling and packing, and marking shall be in accordance with the Quality Assurance Provisions and Packaging Requirements for MIL-PRF-32004B, Packaging of Food in Polymeric Trays, and the Quality Assurance Provisions contained in this solicitation.

5. Higher Level Quality Requirements - Documented Quality Systems Plan (QSP)
The contractor shall model the documented QSP after ISO/ANSI/ASQC Q9001, a system that meets other recognized industry quality standards, or a process control system that is equivalent to or better than ISO/ANSI/ASQC Q9001. The contractor shall identify the quality standard used to model their QSP. If the contractor proposes an alternate (i.e., non-standard) process control system, this shall be clearly stated in the QSP. Some contractors may have third party certification of their quality system, which the private sector devised to administer the ISO series standards. However, third party certification by any third parties, to include Government certifications, is not required. Whether or not contractors want to use third party certification is completely optional on their part. Although certification information may

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be provided as documentation and evidence to support the system proposed by the contractor, third party certification/registration documentation is not a substitute for Government quality assurance with regard to components used in the operational ration programs. Regardless of the standard or non-standard document used to model the documented QSP, the documented QSP shall address, at a minimum, the following elements (within each section of the element the contractor shall provide the information and address the questions, as applicable, listed in Operational Rations Quality Systems Audit Workbook I: Documented QSP Evaluation Guideline)

QSP GENERAL OUTLINE

I. MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY AND QUALITY SYSTEM DESIGN

II. TRAINING

III. DOCUMENT AND DATA CONTROL AND CONTROL OF QUALITY RECORDS

IV. CONTROL OF INSPECTION, MEASURING, AND TEST EQUIPMENT

(In accordance with ANSI/NCSL Z540-1 or ISO 10012-1)

V. CONTROL AND PROTECTION OF PRODUCT

1. Handling, Storage, Packaging, Preservation, and Delivery Program
2. Product Identification and Traceability Program
3. Inspection and Test Status and Records
4. Control of Nonconforming Product

VI. CONTRACT REVIEW, PURCHASING AND CONTROL OF CUSTOMER SUPPLIED PRODUCT (Government-furnished material)

VII. RECEIPT INSPECTION AND TESTING

VIII. IN-PROCESS AND PROCESS INSPECTION AND TESTING:

1. Manufacturing Process Controls Techniques (DLAR MPC Clause)
2. Statistical Process Control Techniques (SPC QAP)

IX. REGULATORY CONTROLS

1. General Regulatory Requirements (as applicable to the plant USDA-FSIS, FDA, GMP, HACCP, SSOP, USDA-Dairy, etc.).
2. Integrated Pest Management and Sanitation Programs

X. END ITEM INSPECTION AND TESTING (In accordance with product/material specifications/documents and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4)

XI. INTERNAL AUDITS

XII. CORRECTIVE AND PREVENTIVE ACTION PROGRAM

XIII. IMPROVEMENT

M. FOOD DEFENSE/SECURITY/FORCE PROTECTION PLAN (Operational Rations, Prime Vendor, and others).

Currently, all DLA Troop Support Subsistence contracts have a requirement for the submission and implementation of some type of Product Protection at each contractor facility. Areas of concern listed in this checklist must be addressed in the plan. As a result of increased risk for the potential of intentional food tampering the plan shall describe (in general terms) the type of preventive measures that are taken or will be taken to reduce Food Defense vulnerabilities and to protect the food intended for DLA Troop Support's customers at CONUS and OCONUS locations. The plan must include preventive steps taken to safeguard product from intentional tampering / contamination during all stages of receipt, production, storage, assembly, delivery, and shipment. The following information may be covered in the Product Protection Plan or under other pertinent areas of the QSP, if a QSP is required for the facility. If some of the Product Protection information is covered in the QSP (e.g., receipt inspection, storage, warehousing, training, traceability, mock recalls, etc.) cross-reference the applicable Section/Area of the QSP. If the plan is submitted with the QSP, a rating (separate from the QSP) of acceptable or unacceptable will be assigned to the Product Protection/Security/Force Protection Plan. Note: Points will be deducted for not responding to a question with a YES, No, N/A or for not providing the information requested (e.g., establishment registration information). To download a copy of the DLA Troop Support Product Protection Checklist go to http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/fs_check.pdf or contact the applicable DLA Troop Support Contracting Officer or the Quality Audits & Product Protection Branch (DLA Troop Support-FTSB). Integrated Pest Management Plan: The IPM Plan is not required to be submitted but the questions concerning the facility's IPM in Section IX Regulatory Controls, Area 2, of the QSP must be addressed.

The documented QSP will be evaluated by the Operational Rations Quality System Audit Team (composed of DLA Troop Support-FTSB and USDA-AMS, Quality Systems Auditors), USDA-AMS

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Operational Rations Program Coordinator, and the Government In-Plant Quality Assurance Representatives (QAR) assigned to perform Government QA functions at contractors' facilities. Government personnel will use the Operational Rations Quality Systems Audit Workbook I: Documented QSP Evaluation Guideline (in conjunction with the standard or other document identified in the contractor's QSP) as the basic framework against which they will evaluate QSPs. Workbook I was developed to standardize the evaluations of documented QSPs (developed using ISO/ANSI/ASQC Q9001, other recognized industry quality standards, or a non-standard contractor's specific process control system) submitted by contractors for the purpose of demonstrating their capability to meet the higher-level contract quality requirements using any of the aforementioned documents and for the Contracting Officer to assess a contractor's capability to meet the contract requirements.

Although Government inspection personnel (USDA-AMS) are required to evaluate the contractors' QSPs, the QSP rating will be determined and assigned by DLA Troop Support-FTSB's Quality Systems Auditors.

Offerors/Contractors can request a copy of Workbook I by contacting the applicable Contracting Officer or DLA Troop Support-FTSB. Workbook I is also available online in PDF format at the following website <http://www.troopsupport.dla.mil/subs/support/quality/qsp.pdf> DLA Troop Support will recognize a contractor's quality system whenever it meets the contract requirements, whether the quality system is modeled on military, commercial, national or international quality systems standards. The design and implementation of a QSP will be influenced by the varying needs of a company, its particular goals and objectives, the products produced, and the processes and specific practices employed in the operation. The intent of the requirement is for contractors to improve process capability, process control which, when used effectively, can result in a prevention-oriented approach rather than a detection approach that will improve product quality and lower cost through the use of a single quality system in any contractor facility.

A documented QSP is required when a contract references or requires a contractor to perform under the higher-level contract quality requirements. Contractors are responsible for complying with the quality system requirements set forth in their documented QSP in addition to all detailed requirements cited in the contract and for furnishing products that meet all requirements of the contract. Contractors are required to establish, document, submit for Government review, and maintain a quality system as a means of ensuring that product conforms to the requirements of the contract. The documented QSP shall include the quality system procedures and outline the structure of the documentation used in the quality system. When the requirements of the Statistical Process Control Quality Assurances Provision (SPC QAP) and/or the DLAD MPC Clause 52.246-9001 Manufacturing Process Controls and In-Process Inspection are applicable, these requirements must be addressed under the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing section of the documented QSP. Redundant areas/requirements (cited in the MPC Clause or the SPC QAP) need only be addressed once in the QSP. The calibration of measuring and testing equipment shall, as a minimum, adhere to the requirements of ANSI/NCCL Z540- 1 or ISO 10012. The Higher Level Contract Quality Requirements, Manufacturing Process Controls (MPC) Clause 52.246-9001, and Statistical Process Controls Quality Assurance Provision (SPC QAP) apply to all Polymeric Tray items.

TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE CONTRACT OR ITS GENERAL PROVISIONS AND A CONTRACTOR'S QSP AND OR IMPLEMENTED QUALITY SYSTEM, THE CONTRACT AND THE GENERAL PROVISIONS SHALL CONTROL.

N. MANUFACTURING PROCESS CONTROLS AND IN-PROCESS INSPECTIONS

The Contractor shall:

1. Ensure that all manufacturing operations are carried out under controlled conditions which will adequately assure that product characteristics and criteria specified by contract are achieved and maintained in the produced item. Controlled conditions include documented process control and in-process inspection procedures, adequate methods for identifying and handling material, and adequate production equipment and working environments.
2. As a minimum, perform inspections, examinations and/or tests, during manufacturing on those product characteristics which cannot be inspected at a later stage, and ensure that process controls are implemented and effective.

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a. Manufacturing processes shall be evaluated to determine which process characteristics have an effect on the quality of the produced item. These manufacturing processes shall be identified and requirements for their control shall be specified in written process control procedures.

b. When in-process inspection of material is not practical, control by monitoring processing methods, equipment, and personnel shall be provided. Both in-process inspection and process monitoring shall be provided when control is inadequate without both.

c. Prompt corrective action shall be taken when noncompliance or out of control conditions occur.

3. Clearly identify each in-process inspection and process control point at appropriate locations in the manufacturing operation.

4. Prepare clear, complete, and current written procedures for:

a. Each in-process inspection. Identify: the type, frequency, and amount (sampling plan/100 percent) of inspection; product characteristics to be inspected; criteria for approving and rejecting product; the record for documenting inspection results; and the method for identifying the inspection status of approved and rejected product.

b. Each process control. Identify the criteria, frequency, and records used verifying control of the process.

c. Assessing the adequacy of in-process inspections and process controls. The Contractor's quality organization shall assure by periodic surveillance that procedures are followed and are effective. Records of this surveillance will be maintained.

5. Make the documented inspection system available for review by the Government Quality Assurance Representative prior to the initiation of production and throughout the life of the contract. The Government is under no obligation to perform verification inspection or to accept product produced under the contract until the Government has received acceptable written procedures, and has been afforded the opportunity to evaluate the inspection system. Acceptance of the Contractor's inspection system by the Government does not bind the Government to accept any nonconforming supplies that may be produced by the Contractor. Periodic evaluations of the system may be made by the Government throughout the life of the contract.

AFTER CONTRACT AWARD ONE COPY OF THE CONTRACT AWARD SHALL BE MAILED BY THE AWARDEE PRIOR TO THE INITIATION OF PRODUCTION TO EACH OF THE FOLLOWING USDA-AMS OFFICES as applicable:

1. **USDA-AMS OFFICES:** When USDA-AMS is responsible for performing Government source inspection at a ration facility one copy shall be mailed to each of the following USDA-AMS offices:

a. Chief, Contract Services Branch
USDA/AMS, FV, SCI Division (202-720-5021)
1400 INDEPENDENCE AVE. SW
STOP 0247, ROOM 0726, SOUTH BLDG.
WASHINGTON, DC 20250-0247

b. **USDA-AMS INSPECTION AREA OFFICE:** The contractor/subcontractor shall contact USDA-Contract Services Branch for the applicable area office address (San Antonio, TX; College Park, GA; North Brunswick, NJ; South Bend, IN; Richmond, VA; etc.).

2. **USDA-AMS IN-PLANT INSPECTOR/GQAR:** When a Government (USDA-AMS) inspector is assigned to perform Government source inspection at a contractor/ subcontractor facility, one copy shall be **personally delivered to the Government inspector prior to the initiation of production.** Aforementioned Government inspection personnel and In-Plant Government QARs shall fax, e-mail, or mail (via priority mail) their evaluations and comments to the contractor's QSPs and/or QSP's revisions, **within 20 calendar days** from the day of receipt of the QSP/revision.

Failure to submit comments within the suspense date may result in DLA Troop Support-FTSB Quality Systems Auditors not including the applicable inspection agency's comments in Government QSP joint evaluations. In-Plant Government QARs are also required to report quality systems noncompliances **within one working day** using the Corrective Action Request (CAR) Form. QSP evaluations and CARs shall be faxed to the DLA Troop Support-FTSB Operational Rations Quality Systems Audit Team at fax number (215) 737-0379, the current DLA Troop Support-FTSB's personnel E-mail addresses or mailed to the following address **(the preferred and most expeditious method is via Email or fax):**

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DLA TROOP SUPPORT
ATTN: DLA TROOP SUPPORT-FTSB (Quality Systems Audit Team)
700 ROBBINS AVENUE, Bldg. 6
SUBSISTENCE DIRECTORATE
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19111-5092

During the Acquisition Phase: During the acquisition phase (prior to contract award), the documented QSP will only be considered acceptable or unacceptable. If a plan as presented is determined to be unacceptable for production (which would occur if it does not address the aforementioned minimum elements and include documents/procedures indicated in Workbook I as applicable, or if it is determined that the plan as presented will result in an increase in the consumer's risk, production of nonconforming products or does not meet specification requirements/acquisition needs), the Contracting Officer, at his/her discretion, may provide the contractor with DLA Troop Support-FTSB's QSP evaluation comments as to cause(s) of why the plan was considered unacceptable for production and with the opportunity to resubmit a revised QSP. **If a contractor has previously submitted a QSP and the rating was acceptable, the contractor may reference this QSP by date and only changes (if deemed necessary) need to be submitted at time of bid submittal for this or for future contracts. NOTE: If a contractor/subcontractor is producing under a current contract requiring a QSP and the QSP is still rated UNACCEPTABLE, the Contracting Officer reserves the right not to consider the prospective contractor/subcontractor for award of an item that requires a QSP.**

DLA Troop Support-FTSB Quality Systems Auditors evaluate, assign QSP ratings, and approve or disapprove changes to the QSP. **QSP procedures or changes to a QSP that may involve a change to a specific contractual requirement (cited in the contract TDP(Technical Data Package)/ items specification/CID) must be coordinated and approved by the Contracting Officer.** To expedite the evaluation process, all QSP changes **(that do not involve a specific contractual change) shall be simultaneously** provided to the In-Plant GQAR and a copy faxed, E-mailed, or mailed to DLA Troop Support-FTSB and each applicable office for their review. The GQAR's in-plant evaluation will be considered sufficient for production, unless specifically rejected by DLA Troop Support-FTSB after the contractor submits the change to DLA Troop Support. The contractor's documented QSP is considered a living document and continuous improvements are highly encouraged.

Implementation, compliance, effectiveness, and continuous improvement of the QSP and the implemented quality system and the Product Protection Plan will be monitored by on-site quality systems compliance audits conducted throughout the life of the contract by the Operational Rations Quality Systems Audit Team and evaluations/internal audits conducted by the In-Plant Government QARs.

If a contractor fails to submit an acceptable QSP or copies of their QSP's revisions to the Government for review or does not comply with other requirements of the contract, the Government may decline to perform verification acceptance inspection at that time and/or refuse to accept any product produced in accordance with FAR 46.102 and 46.407. Additionally, the Government may also withdraw the acceptance of a QSP during the contract period if it is determined that the contractor has not implemented, complied with the documented QSP, or the implemented quality system is not sufficient to meet minimum contractual requirements.

DLA Troop Support-FTSB and/or the Government QARs shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer of **ALL** noncompliance to specific contractual requirements. DLA Troop Support-FTSB will notify and/or obtain Contracting Officer's support/involvement when a contractor fails to comply with the approved documented QSP requirements or fails to respond to quality systems deficiencies noted during an on-site compliance audit or evaluations/audits conducted by In-Plant Government QARs.

The offeror/contractor agrees to maintain current, and make available, all documents/records required by the documented QSP for Government review at any time throughout the life of the contract and for three years after final delivery on the contract (to include any documents/records maintained by any subcontractor used by the prime contractor to fulfill a Government contract).

The procedures of how a contractor intends to comply with the requirements of the MPC Clause or the

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SPC QAP, as applicable, shall be covered in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section of the contractors' documented QSP/Quality Manual. If the contractor uses a different/numbering system than the Section/Element number cited in the TDP(Technical Data Package), the contractor's should cross-reference each applicable section of their QSP.

The following Statistical Process Control Quality Assurance Provision (SPC QAP) applies to this contract: QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS Statistical Process Controls DLA Troop Support-H-94-001

The requirements of this QAP shall be addressed in the Documented Quality System Plan (QSP) when applicable. Redundant areas/requirements cited in this QAP or the MPC Clause need only be addressed once in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section and/or other applicable section of the contractors' documented QSP/Quality Manual. The characteristics requiring control will be those characteristics providing the best assurance of product conformance to end item contractual requirements. Therefore, the techniques (SPC/MPC) selected to control the processes shall be those that can best and most effectively/efficiently control the characteristics identified and provide the best assurance that the system implemented will consistently produce product conforming to contractual requirements. If the contractor uses a different/numbering system than the Section/Element number cited in the TDP(Technical Data Package), the contractor's QSP should cross-reference each applicable section/element of their QSP.

O. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. The offeror /contractor agrees to manage and improve process performance through the evaluation of the quality of the product at the prime contractor and, when required by contract, at subcontractor facilities, using SPC techniques or MPC techniques.
2. Minimum criteria are established in the American Society of Quality Control (ASQC) standards B.1, B.2 and B.3 (formerly the ANSI standards Z1.1, Z1.2, and Z1.3). Alternate SPC techniques such as short run methods are also allowed where applicable.
3. This QAP applies to all work performed at the prime contractor and, when required by contract, at subcontractor facilities. However, in those instances where it is not required of the subcontractor by contract it does not prohibit the prime contractor from requiring it from their subcontractor of their own accord.
4. The implementation of SPC techniques (or alternate MPC techniques) and procedures shall be prepared in accordance with this provision and included in the documented QSP. Each offeror shall address the requirements of this QAP in their documented QSP (Section/Element VIII) and included with the proposal, when applicable. Failure to do so may result in rejection of the offer.
5. **Exclusion of documented QSP submission: If a contractor has previously submitted a QSP and the rating was acceptable, the contractor may reference their QSP by date and only changes (if deemed necessary) need to be submitted at time of bid submittal for this or for future contracts.**
 - a. Offerors who consider themselves eligible for exclusion of the documented QSP at bid submittal, based on satisfactory utilization of a previously approved QSP for identical or similar supplies, are to submit a written Request For Exclusion (RFE) to the Procuring Contracting Officer (PCO).

The offeror shall identify in the RFE the contract number(s) under which the supplies were previously furnished by them and accepted by the Government; and the applicable item nomenclature and National Stock Number(s); and the date of the documented QSP. QSP changes/revisions/updates, if applicable, need to be submitted along with the RFE at time of proposal. NOTE: Changes/revisions/updates must be well identified, dated and organized to facilitate posting to the QSP.

- b. If techniques selected (MPC, SPC, or combination of both) were determined to be adequate (in a QSP previously submitted and approved by DLA Troop Support-FTSB), the offeror shall certify that these techniques are still adequate to effectively control the processes and that the system implemented is still capable of consistently producing conforming product.

P. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS:

1. The offeror shall identify the characteristics to be controlled using SPC techniques (or the alternate MPC techniques). Application of SPC techniques shall be considered for all characteristics identified by performing Pareto analysis on the defects from previous production, or projection of potential defects in future production, to discern the vital few and repetitive type failures from the trivial many. Additionally, offerors are encouraged to calculate quality costs to assist in determining what characteristics or processes to control statistically (QSP Element XIII). These defects, and all

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other characteristics identified by the offeror from process capability studies on current production, shall be subject to the application of SPC techniques or other analyses. The characteristics requiring control will be those characteristics providing the best assurance of product conformance to end item contractual requirements. In addition to the characteristics identified by the offeror, the following characteristics will be controlled using SPC techniques, MPC techniques, or other alternate controls methods deemed appropriate and effective in controlling the processes. Alternate controls to SPC and MPC must be clearly identified and explained in detail in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section of the contractors' documented QSP/Quality Manual. **The description of SPC or MPC techniques shall be sufficient to allow a reviewer unfamiliar with the item or the contractor's production operation to properly assess the applicability of the control measures/techniques being proposed.**

a. **For Thermostabilized or Hot Filled Items:** (1) Polymeric tray integrity (absence of tears, cuts, holes, delamination, abrasions, leakage, and non-fusion bonded seals, etc.) and (2) All thermostabilized items - the critical control points of the process schedule as determined by the contractor's Processing Authority and critical control points of the retort process schedule. The critical control points, other control points, and the contractor's Processing Authority shall be clearly identified in the Regulatory Controls Section and/or the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section of the contractor's QSP, as applicable.

b. **For Water Activity Stabilized Items:** (1) Polymeric tray integrity (absence of tears, cuts, holes, delamination, abrasions, leakage, and non-fusion bonded seals, etc.) and (2) All water activity stabilized items - control of water activity, and oxygen scavenger placement. The control points shall be clearly identified in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section of the contractor's QSP.

2. The SPC and MPC techniques (or combination of both) will be evaluated as part of the documented QSP for the firm or firms eligible for award.

3. A documented QSP determined to be Insufficient for Production during the acquisition phase or seriously deficient may preclude the offeror from receiving an award. However, the PCO has the final authority and he/she may permit an offeror to revise a deficient QSP provided it is reasonably capable of being made sufficient for production or acceptable. Failure to negotiate a sufficient for production and/or acceptable QSP, as applicable, may also preclude the offeror from receiving an award.

4. **SPC Program:** The information requested in Workbook I, In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section (Area 1 and 2 as applicable) shall be covered in the applicable section of the contractor's QSP. For characteristics as designated by the Offeror and/or the Government to be controlled using SPC or MPC techniques as indicated above, the QSP, as a minimum, must address the following: The QSP must identify and define each In-Process Control Point (IPCP) and/or process control point (PCP) in sequence in relation to the production, subassembly/assembly flow or chain of events (from weighing/mixing/batching of ingredients/materials, packaging, to final product); clearly identify the control technique selected (SPC/MPC or combination) to control each process identified; the number of samples selected, location of sample selection, and frequency of sampling at each IPCP and PCP identified; include procedures that describe the production/assembly operations and how the contractor ensures these are carried out under control conditions to assure that product characteristics and criteria specified in the contract are achieved and maintained in the finished product (end item); and identify documents that are the basis for the SPC/MPC program including internal audits, textbooks, standards, and/ or Government documents.

5. **Structure (policy/scope):** The QSP shall identify the contractor's policy for applying SPC and the contractor's goals and commitments regarding SPC and continuous process improvement. The contractor may also discuss alternatives to SPC techniques (MPC techniques or other control technique) that have successfully reduced/prevented the production of defects. Information must be covered in the Management Responsibility and Quality System Design Section I of the QSP or other applicable section of the contractor's QSP.

6. **SPC Training:** Information must be covered in the Training Section of the QSP or other applicable section of the contractor's QSP.

7. **Vendor/Subcontractor/Purchase Controls:** Information must be covered in the Contract

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Review, Purchasing, and Customer-Supplied Product of the QSP or other applicable section of the contractor's QSP.

8. Manufacturing Controls: IAW DLAD Clause 52.246-9001 Manufacturing Process Controls and In-Process Inspection as applicable. The information requested in Workbook I, In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section (Area 1 and 2 as applicable) should be covered in the applicable section of the contractor's QSP (for characteristics as designated by the Offeror and/or the Government to be controlled using SPC or MPC techniques as indicated above): The QSP must clearly identify the control technique selected (SPC/MPC or combination) to control each process identified. Must include procedures that describe the production/assembly operations and how the contractor ensures these are carried out under control conditions to assure that product characteristics and criteria specified in the contract are achieved and maintained in the finished product (end item).

9. Statistical Process Control Procedures (General): The information requested in Workbook I, In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section (Area 1 and 2 as applicable) should be covered in the applicable section of the contractor's QSP (for characteristics as designated by the Offeror and/or the Government to be controlled using SPC or MPC techniques as indicated above):

a. **Criteria for Using SPC Techniques:** How the contractor determined which processes were appropriate for use of SPC or MPC techniques; process capability studies (application); types of charts used and rationale for use; and computer hardware/software used for SPC (if applicable).

b. **SPC Auditing and Review Procedures:** This information must be covered under the Internal Audit Section or other applicable section of the contractor's QSP.

c. **SPC Records.** How the following records apply/correlate to the SPC program: Incoming inspection, manufacturing inspection, subcontractor inspection, internal and external failure reports, corrective action reports, control charts, scrap and rework reports, lessons learned, recommendations and feedback, etc. The information must be included in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section (Area 1 and 2 as applicable), the Document and Data Control and Control of Quality Records Section of the QSP or in the applicable section of the contractor's QSP.

10. When the documented QSP is rated acceptable and the system implemented is effective in consistently producing conforming product, the contractor may qualify for Government verification skip-lot inspection (Procedures for Alternative Skip-Lot End Item Inspection Requirements for Government Verification Inspections for Operational Rations). The Government reserves the right to return to the original acceptance sampling requirements if Government source inspection is waived, skip-lot is not in the best interest of the Government or for other causes as indicated in the procedure.

The documented QSP shall be documented, dated, and signed by a responsible company official, and will be distributed under company letterhead as indicated in preceding paragraph "Higher Level Requirement - Quality Systems Plan (QSP)". The contractor is required to incorporate the requirements of this SPC QAP in the In-Process and Process Inspection and Testing Section (Area 1 and 2 as applicable) of the QSP or other applicable sections of the contractor's QSP.

11. The contractor's documented QSP and implemented Quality Systems are to be verified by the in-plant Government QARs/inspectors, when Government source inspection is required, in accordance with the Operational Rations Documented QSP Evaluation Workbook I, the regulation/file code of the respective inspection agency, and the particular requirements detailed in the contract.

SOLICITATION PROVISIONS

Note: 52.212-1, Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items (APR 2014) is incorporated in this solicitation by reference. Its full text may be accessed electronically at <https://www.acquisition.gov/far/index.html>. Text is available for viewing in Subpart 52.2 Text of Provisions and Clauses, through either the HTML or PDF Format links.

Addendum to 52.212-1:

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The following paragraphs of 52.212-1 are amended as indicated below:

Paragraph (b), Submission of Offers, is amended as follows:

(1) See Standard Form 1449 (Continuation Sheet), on page 3, for any specific instructions on how to submit your offer if mailed, hand carried, or faxed (when authorized).

(2) ☒ Faxed offers are **NOT** authorized for this solicitation.

(3) SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS:

(i) Product Demonstration Model (PDM): Offerors are required to submit Product Demonstration Models (PDMs) for each item as part of their proposals. The PDMs must be received no later than the time set for closing of offers. Offers will be evaluated to determine compliance with all characteristics listed for evaluation under FAR 52.212-2, as provided later in this solicitation. Failure to furnish and PDMs by the time specified in the solicitation may be cause for rejection of the entire proposal. An offer may be rejected, as appropriate, under the late offer clause, for technical unacceptability, or because additional submissions will be tantamount to submission of new or alternate offers. A cover letter may accompany the offer to set forth any information you wish to bring to the attention of the Government.

(A) NOTE: The requirement to submit PDMs is waived for any offeror who has submitted and received an Acceptable rating on a First Article (FA) from Natick in the 12 months prior to the solicitation closing date. Documentation from Natick of the passing FA score must be submitted as part of the proposal.

(B) Product Demonstration Models (PDMs) are to be submitted at no expense to the Government and must be received prior to the time set for closing of offers. PDMs will become the property of the Government and will not be returned to the offeror. Failure to submit PDMs may result in rejection of an offer.

(C) The PDM is the standard to which all production under any contract resulting from this solicitation must conform. Offerors are cautioned that samples produced in test facilities may not be comparable to the product produced on a production line, which may result in rejection of the product. Also major changes in production methodology or packaging, such as implementation of new technology, may result in production that does not meet the production standard, which would require the submission and evaluation of new PDMs. Should the contractor at any time plan to, or actually produce the product using different raw material or process methodologies from the approved Product Standard, which results in a product non-comparable to the Product Standard, the contractor shall arrange for a Replacement PDM approval. In any event, all product produced must meet all requirements of this document including Product Standard comparability.

(D) The Government will evaluate the PDMs for compliance with the item descriptions and product specifications and will also evaluate the sensory attributes of the food product to include appearance, odor, flavor and texture using the recognized 9-point quality rating scale to determine product quality. PDMs must conform to all specification/production description characteristics. Failure of models to conform to the specification may result in rejection of an offer for technical unacceptability. Product offered shall conform to all packaging, labeling, and packing requirements as well as analytical requirements. The government shall not accept product from any resultant contract which does not conform to all requirements.

(E) PDMs must be rated as "Acceptable" to be eligible for award. Vendors will have one opportunity to correct any deficiencies found during the evaluation of PDMs that are submitted as part of the initial proposal. Revised PDMs that are submitted for a second and final evaluation shall be evaluated using the same criteria as discussed above and under FAR 52.212-2, as provided later in this solicitation. Vendors are advised that if they have any unacceptable PDMs after the second evaluation, their proposal will be found technically unacceptable with regard to those unacceptable PDMs and they will not be considered for award for those items. However, a proposal that is technically unacceptable due to unacceptable PDMs may still be considered for award for those items having acceptable PDMs, subject to technical acceptability of all other non-price factors.

(F) A total of 30 samples of PDMs shall be submitted as follows:

1. A total of 12 PDMs shall be sent to:

Department of the Army
RDNS-SEC-EMR
Natick Soldier Systems Center
10 General Greene Avenue
Natick, MA 01760

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Lab # 508-233-5653
Jill.M.Bates@us.army.mil
Jonathan.Ebert@us.army.mil

Note: The end or side of the box should have a sticker, or be printed on the box, with the following information:

Product Demonstration Model Sample
Solicitation Number
Product Identity
Lot #
Company Name and Address
Point of Contact Name and Phone Number

Inside the case, along with the samples, should be the required paperwork, fully identifying the product, solicitation number, contract number (if applicable), whether the item is an Initial, Replenishment, or Replacement PDM, USDA certification, any test results available, or any other information to assist in identifying the product and conducting the evaluation.

Offerors may direct proposed subcontractors to submit PDM samples directly to Natick on their behalf. In those instances, the offeror will send written notification of subcontractor submissions to Natick and such PDMs must be clearly labeled for which offeror they are being submitted. This documentation must also be part of their proposal. PDMs will not be evaluated until written notification from the offeror is received. This consideration does not relieve the offeror of the full responsibility for submitting all PDMs in a timely manner. Late submissions of PDMs may be the basis for rejection of the proposal.

The Offeror shall provide a complete list of its PDMs submitted, with its technical proposal, to include: item, source of supply name and address, and item lot number. Note: Offerors may submit PDMs to Natick for evaluation any time after solicitation issuance. However, PDM Samples and documentation must be submitted by the deadline for receipt of proposals to the Business Opportunities Office (BOO) at DLA TROOP SUPPORT with the aforementioned supplier and lot number information.

2. A total of 16 PDMs shall be sent to the cognizant in-plant USDA Government inspector. In this instance, the offeror shall advise the Government inspector after production of the PDMs and shall obtain a signed statement from the inspector confirming possession of the samples and identifying the samples as from the same production lot as those submitted to Natick. The offeror shall submit this statement(s) to the address indicated on Block 9 at DLA Troop Support (attn. Debra Goffman) on the first page of the solicitation.

3. The remaining 2 PDMs of the same product lot code as those submitted to Natick and the USDA government inspector shall be mailed along with your technical proposal to the address indicated on Block 9 at DLA Troop Support (attn. Debra Goffman) on the first page of the solicitation.

(G) Late submissions of PDMs may be a basis for rejection of the entire proposal.

(H) The PDMs required in this part of the solicitation, which are submitted to Natick, must have any required analytical results included as part of the offer for this technical evaluation factor. The analytical results are to be certified by the USDA (i.e., testing of official USDA samples by a USDA/AMS laboratory) for current, Government suppliers of these items or self-certified by offerors who are not currently Government suppliers of these items. Failure to submit the required certified analytical results with PDMs may result in the proposal not being considered for award due to technical unacceptability. The offeror should include applicable documentation to establish that the product has been processed to meet commercial sterility requirements, e.g. incubation sample results.

(I) Every 12 months, the Government Quality Assurance Representative (GQAR) will randomly select 12 replenishment samples for Natick and 16 replenishment samples for the government's supply at origin from a lot accepted by the government for all contractual requirements. The contractor will be responsible for shipment to Natick. This replenishment may occur earlier if necessary to ensure an adequate supply of PDM samples. The contractor will also use samples from this same lot as the production standard.

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1. Replenishment PDMs are defined as product samples used to reestablish the product standard due to depleting the current PDM stocks or as required by schedule. Replenishment PDMs will be evaluated for appearance, odor, flavor and texture, must be equal to or better than the existing product standard for all characteristics, and must meet the requirements for those characteristics in the appropriate product technical requirements document or specification(s). Upon acceptance the replenishment PDM will become the new product standard.

2. If a Replenishment PDM is rejected by Natick, the next conforming production lot will be submitted by USDA as a Resubmittal PDM Replenishment. This follow-up Resubmittal PDM Replenishment and any subsequent Resubmittal lots cannot be shipped by the manufacturer without an acceptable evaluation result from Natick.

3. The cut-off date for PDM Replenishments will be 18 months. After 18 months, USDA will submit a PDM sample to Natick as a Replacement PDM, following the PDM submittal process. The production lot that is used for the Replacement PDM submittal cannot be shipped by the manufacturer without an acceptable evaluation result from Natick.

(J) If the contractor wishes to establish a new standard, that new standard would be called a Replacement PDM. Replacement PDMs are defined as product samples that are non-comparable to the established PDM, e.g. due to different ingredients or process methodologies. Replacement PDMs are submitted by the contractor and follow the same submittal process as the initial PDM. At no time will there be two standards for the product.

(K) Periodic Review samples are required for all Polymeric Tray items. The following are the requirements and distribution of samples: The USDA Inspector shall select eight samples of each item produced during each month of Polymeric Tray production. The eight samples will be selected from four random sampling points in the lot and Natick will receive samples from each of those four sampling points. The remaining samples will be distributed to the USDA review locations. These samples shall be designated as Monthly Review Samples. The USDA Inspector will ship them monthly to the following locations at the contractor's expense:

One sample of all items to the USDA, AMS, FV, SCI Division Review Locations (Washington, DC; Oshkosh, WI; South Bend, IN and Winter Haven, FL)

AND

Four samples of all items to:

Department of the Army

RDNS-SEC-EMR

Natick Soldier Systems Center

10 General Greene Avenue

Natick, MA 01760

(L) In the event that an offeror's PDM was found technically acceptable, but not offered the award, the offeror may present the remainder of the PDM lot, to the Government for purchase at the awarded price. The Government reserves the right to purchase the remainder of the lot at the awarded price. However, the Government is not obligated to purchase the remainder of any lot offered.

(ii) Completed Solicitation and Other Submission Requirements: Offerors are also required to submit the completed solicitation, the pricing proposal, contained within the solicitation, the EPA spreadsheet, contained within the solicitation, and the Surge Plan, including the Surge instructions and Surge table, contained within the solicitation, the Subcontracting Plan (if required), Production Capability, Quality System Plan (QSP) and the completed Food Defense Checklist and Pest Management Plan. The Surge Plan, Subcontracting Plan, Production Capability, QSP, Integrated Pest Management Plan, and Food Defense Checklist must be separate documents from the completed solicitation and pricing/EPA, Surge spreadsheets. A cover letter may accompany the proposal to set forth any information an offeror wishes to bring to the attention of the Government. Offerors are required to submit one original proposal, including all documents listed above, plus two (2) complete hard copies; a total of three (3) complete copies. Alternate offers/pricing will NOT be accepted. Only one price per line item per tier will be accepted.

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(A) The Government reserves the right to verify any information presented in the Non-Price and Price Proposal. Site visits to assess the accuracy of the information provided in an offeror's proposal may be conducted during the evaluation process.

(B) As part of the Production Capability submission, offerors are required to submit the following:

1. The offeror's proposal must demonstrate it understands the Statement of Work and contract requirements, and that it has the facilities, equipment, manpower and technical expertise to successfully produce and deliver the required products and quantities within the required order lead-times. Such information should include, at a minimum, the following: a list of equipment to be used; complete illustration or description of the facilities; and the production process.
2. Production Milestones – Offerors shall provide complete production milestones. At a minimum, milestones shall begin on the estimated date of award and order and finish with the first delivery. Orders for equipment, required facility improvements, etc., shall be listed, to include dates of lease/purchase, delivery, installation completion, pre-production work and ready to use.
3. In accordance with clause 52.216-19, Order Limitations, deliveries shall be required within 30 days from date of issuance of the delivery order not to exceed 90 days from date of issuance of the delivery order. The Government reserves the right to make any part of the proposal a contractual requirement at time of award.

(C) NOTE: If a contractor has previously submitted a Food Defense Plan and/or Quality System Plan and the rating was Acceptable, the contractor may reference this Food Defense Plan and/or Quality System Plan by date and only changes(if deemed necessary) need to be submitted at time of offer submittal for this or for future contracts.

Paragraph (c), *Period for Acceptance of Offers*, is revised as follows:

Period of acceptance is 180 days.

Paragraph (e), *Multiple Offers*, is revised as follows:

- ☒ Alternative commercial items may not be considered for award on this instant acquisition, however, may be utilized for market research on future requirements.

Paragraph (i), *Availability of Requirements Documents Cited in the Solicitation*, is revised as follows:

Contact: Ramona Hemphill or Shannon Dempsey, Food Technologists for the applicable specifications described in the solicitation at:
e-mail: Ramona.Hemphill@dla.mil or telephone: 215-737-7802
e-mail: Shannon.Dempsey@dla.mil or telephone 215-737-7802

NOTE: A. Offeror shall submit their price proposals by completing the UGR H&S Entrée Pricing SPE3S115R0007 table.

B. Unit prices shall be limited to two decimal places. For evaluation and award purposes, offers containing a unit price of more than two decimal places shall be rounded off to two decimal places.

52.217-9007 SURGE AND SUSTAINMENT (S&S) INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS (DEC 2011) – ALTERNATE I (DLAD)

(a) Offerors shall provide a detailed approach for covering S&S requirements in the Capability Assessment Plan and, if required, a validation/test Plan.

(b) Capability Assessment Plan (CAP).

(1) Offerors shall submit a CAP that describes the method and capability to meet the surge requirements identified in the solicitation. The CAP must also include the supplier's investment plan, stock rotation plan, and all other information in Section 52.212-1 of the solicitation.

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(2) Offeror must complete and print the CAP summary for submittal as part of the proposal or the offer. Additionally, any attachments cited in the CAP must be submitted as part of the offer.

NOTE:

Capability Assessment Plan (CAP) – The offeror must submit a CAP indicating how surge will be supported. The vendor must address the amount of increased demands that can be handled for surge and identify the length of time the contractor would require to ramp up. The vendor must indicate the length of time this increased pace can be sustained. The CAP should describe and/or include all aspects of their supply chain management. For example, if normal resupply is 30-45 days, the offeror should state how this time would be decreased by 50% to meet ongoing surge requirements. The offeror must submit evidence, to include letters and other documentation, of the following capability: (1) agreements with suppliers and service providers to assist in meeting increased surge requirements; (2) evidence of ability to utilize additional suppliers or subcontractors, as needed; (3) ability to access additional warehouse and distribution facilities, if necessary, to include labor and transportation (delivery vehicles); (4) description of logistical technology with regard to asset visibility; and (5) evidence of past performance related to any type of surge event which necessitated accelerated production and deliveries.

The CAP submission should also include a plan of action if the vendor facility is damaged or otherwise not able to conduct normal operations. The response should include but is not limited to:

How quickly a secondary operations site is up and running and ready for re-routed shipments including adding personnel and delivery vehicles when necessary.

B. What is the estimated time needed to set up operations at the secondary site for office space, personnel, security, storage and inventory?

C. Backup communications plan to alert vendor and DLA Troop Support personnel of the activation of this Emergency Operations Plan. This communications plan should also address how shipments enroute to the facility will be re-routed to the secondary facility.

The Government reserves the right to test the surge capabilities of the vendor at any time. This may include but is not limited to supplying a spreadsheet of on-hand and due-in inventory to the contracting officer. This information will be used to test the effectiveness of surge support against a sample surge requirement.

The offeror is required to submit maximum capability for item requirements in the below table.

DO NOT SUBMIT THROUGH THE SPIDERS DATABASE.

By submission of offer, Offeror agrees to accelerate deliveries up to the quantities entered in the table below.

CAP	DAYS							Total
	0-45	46-75	76-105	106-135	136-165	166-195	196-225	
Placeables								
Pumpables								
Total								

Addendum to FAR 52.212-2 -- EVALUATION -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2014)

(a) The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror whose offer conforming to the solicitation will be most advantageous to the Government, price and other factors considered. Lowest Price Technically Acceptable (LPTA) source selection procedures will be used as the source selection method in this procurement. The following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:

(1) Pricing: Pricing is required for all items and for all five tiers. Failure to offer pricing on all five tiers may be deemed as non-acceptance of the tier(s), which could result in rejection of the entire proposal as technically unacceptable. Only one

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price per line item per tier will be accepted. Alternate offers/pricing will NOT be accepted. There will be a HUBZone price evaluation preference. Offered unit prices for all line items will be evaluated individually to determine whether each price is fair and reasonable using analytical techniques deemed appropriate by the Contracting Officer in her/his complete discretion. For award evaluation purposes, the estimated quantity for each line item will be multiplied by the unit prices offered for each of the five tiers for that respective line item. Then, the estimated prices for all five tiers will be added together to calculate the total estimated price per line item. Award(s) will be based on the lowest, total estimated price per line item.

(2) **Technical Acceptability:** A technically acceptable offer is an offer that meets all of the terms and conditions of the solicitation and meets the acceptability standards for all non-price factors. If an offer takes exception to any of the terms and conditions of the solicitation, then such exceptions must be listed and detailed on the first, separate page of the Non-Price Proposal which must be entitled, "Exceptions." **CAUTION: If such exception(s) do not meet the acceptability requirements of the solicitation, then the entire proposal may be found technically unacceptable and ineligible for award.** The rating methodology for the Non-Price Proposal will be Acceptable or Unacceptable. Failure to provide any information requested may cause an offer's proposal to be found technically unacceptable and eliminated from further consideration for award. All required submissions must be received from offerors before the time set for solicitation closing. Untimely submissions may be cause for rejection of the entire proposal under the late offers clause. The following non-price factors will be evaluated and must be found acceptable for a proposal to be eligible for award:

(i) **Completed Solicitation and Other Submission Requirements:** Offerors are required to submit a completed solicitation, the pricing proposal (contained within the solicitation), the EPA spreadsheet (contained within the solicitation), the Surge Plan, including the Surge instructions and Surge table (contained within the solicitation), the Subcontracting Plan (if required), Production Capability, Quality System Plan (QSP), Integrated Pest Management Plan, and the completed Food Defense Checklist. The Surge Plan, Subcontracting Plan, Production Capability, QSP, Integrated Pest Management Plan, and Food Defense Checklist must be separate documents from the completed solicitation and pricing, EPA, and Surge spreadsheets.

(ii) **Product Demonstration Models (PDMs):** The Government will evaluate the PDMs for compliance with the item descriptions and product specifications and will also evaluate the sensory attributes of the food product to include appearance, odor, flavor and texture using the recognized 9-point quality rating scale to determine product quality. PDMs must conform to all specification/production description characteristics. Failure of models to conform to the specification may result in rejection of the offer as technically unacceptable. Product offered shall conform to all packaging, labeling, and packing requirements as well as analytical requirements.

(A) PDMs must be rated as "Acceptable" to be eligible for award. Vendors will have one opportunity to correct any deficiencies found during the evaluation of PDMs that are submitted as part of the initial proposal. Revised PDMs that are submitted for a second and final evaluation shall be evaluated using the same criteria as discussed above. Vendors are advised that if they have any unacceptable PDMs after the second evaluation, their proposal will be found technically unacceptable with regard to those unacceptable PDMs and they will not be considered for award for those items. However, a proposal that is technically unacceptable due to unacceptable PDMs may still be considered for award for those items having acceptable PDMs, subject to technical acceptability of all other non-price factors.

(B) The requirement to submit PDMs is waived for any offeror who has submitted and received an Acceptable rating on a First Article (FA) from Natick in the 12 months prior to the solicitation closing date. Documentation from Natick of the passing FA score must be submitted as part of the proposal.

Technical and past performance, when combined, are not applicable.

(b) Options. There are no option periods under this contract.

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(c) A written notice of award or acceptance of an offer, mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time for acceptance specified in the offer, shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party. Before the offer's specified expiration time, the Government may accept an offer (or part of an offer), whether or not there are negotiations after its receipt, unless a written notice of withdrawal is received before award.

(d) If an offeror does not understand these instructions, then that offeror should write/e-mail the Contracting Officer for clarification sufficiently in advance of the deadline for the receipt of offers to get an answer in time to meet that deadline. The Government will publish the questions asked and the answers given and distribute them to all other offerors under this solicitation.

52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications -- Commercial Items (Nov 2015)

The offeror shall complete only paragraphs (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM) Web site accessed through <http://www.acquisition.gov>. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (p) of this provision.

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this provision--

"Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern" means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Highest-level owner" means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

"Immediate owner" means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: Ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

"Inverted domestic corporation," means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;

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<p>(2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;</p> <p>(3) PSG 88, Live Animals;</p> <p>(4) PSG 89, Subsistence;</p> <p>(5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;</p> <p>(6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;</p> <p>(7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;</p> <p>(8) PSC 9610, Ores;</p> <p>(9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and</p> <p>(10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.</p> <p>“Place of manufacture” means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.</p> <p>“Restricted business operations” means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—</p> <p>(1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;</p> <p>(2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;</p> <p>(3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;</p> <p>(4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;</p> <p>(5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or</p> <p>(6) Have been voluntarily suspended.</p> <p>Sensitive technology—</p> <p>(1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—</p> <p>(i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or</p> <p>(ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and</p>		
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<p>(2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).</p> <p>“Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern”—</p> <p>(1) Means a small business concern—</p> <p>(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and</p> <p>(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.</p> <p>(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).</p> <p>“Small business concern” means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.</p> <p>“Small disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002,” means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that--</p> <p>(1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by--</p> <p>(i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and</p> <p>(ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and</p> <p>(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.</p> <p>“Subsidiary” means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—</p> <p>(1) Directly by a parent corporation; or</p> <p>(2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.</p> <p>“Veteran-owned small business concern” means a small business concern—</p> <p>(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans(as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and</p> <p>(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE</p>		

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“Women-owned business concern” means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

“Women-owned small business concern” means a small business concern --

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

“Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127),” means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

(b)

(1) *Annual Representations and Certifications.* Any changes provided by the offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications posted on the SAMwebsite.

(2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically via the SAM website accessed through <https://www.acquisition.gov>. After reviewing the SAM database information, the offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representation and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs _____. *[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (p) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer. Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]*

(c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.

(1) *Small business concern.* The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business concern.

(2) *Veteran-owned small business concern.* [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

(3) *Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.* [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(4) *Small disadvantaged business concern.* [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

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(5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a women-owned small business concern.

Note: Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

(6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a women-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—

(i) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: _____.] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation.

(7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—

(i) It ☐ is, ☐ is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: _____.] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation.

(8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, a women-owned business concern.

(9) *Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns.* If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:

(10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--

(i) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and

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(ii) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [*The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: _____.*] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246 --

(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that --

(i) It ☐ has, ☐ has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and

(ii) It ☐ has, ☐ has not, filed all required compliance reports.

(2) *Affirmative Action Compliance.* The offeror represents that --

(i) It ☐ has developed and has on file, ☐ has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or

(ii) It ☐ has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

(e) *Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions* (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.

(f) *Buy American Certificate.* (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1, Buy American – Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)

(1) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of “domestic end product.” The terms “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item,” “component,” “domestic end product,” “end product,” “foreign end product,” and “United States” are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Supplies.”

(2) Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.

(g)

(1) *Buy American -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act Certificate.* (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)

(i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (g)(1)(iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The terms "Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act."

(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(iii) The offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act." The offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, *i.e.*, an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product."

Other Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

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[List as necessary]

(iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.

(2) *Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I.* If Alternate I to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:

Canadian End Products:

Line Item No.:

[List as necessary]

(3) *Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II.* If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act”:

Canadian or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(4) *Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III.* If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(5) *Trade Agreements Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)

(i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(5)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."

(ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.

(h) *Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689)*. (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals--

- (1) ☐ Are, ☐ are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (2) ☐ Have, ☐ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property; and

(3) ☐ Are, ☐ are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and

(4) ☐ Have, ☐ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,500 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

(i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

(A) *The tax liability is finally determined.* The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

(B) *The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment.* A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples.

(A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appear rights.

(B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals Contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

(C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.

(D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).

(i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]

(1) Listed End Product

Listed End Product:	Listed Countries of Origin:

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(2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]

☐ (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.

☐ (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.

(j) *Place of manufacture.* (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly—

(1) ☐ In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or

(2) ☐ Outside the United States.

(k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards. (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]

(1) ☐ Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that—

(i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and

(iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

(2) ☐ Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that—

(i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));

(iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an

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annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and

(iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

(3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—

(i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and

(ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.

(l) *Taxpayer identification number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701).* (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM database to be eligible for award.)

(1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

(2) The TIN may be used by the government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).

☐ TIN:_____.

☐ TIN has been applied for.

☐ TIN is not required because:

☐ Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;

☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government;

(4) Type of organization.

☐ Sole proprietorship;

☐ Partnership;

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

- ☐ Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
- ☐ Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
- ☐ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
- ☐ Foreign government;
- ☐ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
- ☐ Other _____.

(5) Common parent.

☐ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent:

☐ Name and TIN of common parent:

Name _____

TIN _____

(m) *Restricted business operations in Sudan.* By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

(n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—

(1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.

(2) *Representation.* The offeror represents that—

- (i) It ☐ is, ☐ is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
- (ii) It ☐ is, ☐ is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.

(o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.

(1) The offeror shall email questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.

(2) Representation and Certification. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror—

- (i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;
- (ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and

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(iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$3,500 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50(U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at <http://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/t11sdn.pdf>).

(3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if—

(i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., 52.212-3(g) or a comparable agency provision); and

(ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.

(p) *Ownership or Control of Offeror.* (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a DUNS Number in the solicitation.

(1) The Offeror represents that it ☐ has or ☐ does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.

(2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:

Immediate owner CAGE code: _____

Immediate owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity:

☐ Yes or ☐ No.

(3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

Highest level owner CAGE code: _____

Highest level owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (Oct 2014). As prescribed in [12.301](#)(b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(11) to the basic provision:

(11) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(4) of this provision.)

[The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls]:

_____ Black American.

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___ Hispanic American.

___ Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

___ Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

___ Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

___ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.

52.215-6 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (OCT 1997) – FAR

(a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, ___ intends, ___ does not intend [*check applicable block*] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.

(b) If the offeror or respondent checks “intends” in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, COUNTY, ZIP CODE)	NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER AND OPERATOR OF THE PLANT OR FACILITY IF OTHER THAN OFFEROR OR RESPONDENT
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

52.215-9023 REVERSE AUCTION (OCT 2013) – DLAD

The Contracting Officer may utilize on-line reverse auctioning as a means of conducting price discussions under this solicitation. If the Contracting Officer does not conduct a reverse auction, award may be made on the basis of initial offers or following discussions not using reverse auctioning as a pricing technique. If the Contracting Officer decides to use on-line reverse auctioning to conduct price negotiations, the Contracting Officer will notify Offerors of this decision and the following provisions will apply:

- (a) The award decision will be made in accordance with the evaluation factors as set forth in the solicitation. The reverse on-line auction will be used as a pricing technique during discussions to establish the final offered prices from each Offeror. These prices will be used in conjunction with the evaluation factors stated elsewhere in the solicitation in order to make the award decision in accordance with the basis for award stated in the solicitation.
- (b) Following the decision to conduct discussions using reverse auctioning as a pricing technique, the Contracting Officer or his/her representative will provide Offerors determined to be in the competitive range with information concerning the auction process.
- (c) Prior to conducting the reverse auction, the Contracting Officer may hold discussions with the Offerors concerning matters appropriate for discussion, such as issues involving technical proposals or unbalanced pricing.
- (d) Unless auction instructions indicate that only Offeror’s rankings will be displayed, the lowest Offeror’s price(s) for each round of the reverse auction will be disclosed to other Offerors and anyone else having authorized access to the auction. This disclosure is anonymous, meaning that each Offeror’s identity will be concealed from other Offerors (although it will be known to the Government; only a generic identifier will be used for each Offeror’s proposed pricing, such as “Offeror A” or “lowest-priced Offeror”). By submitting a proposal in response to the solicitation, Offerors agree to participate in the reverse auction and that their prices may be disclosed, including to other Offerors, during the reverse auction.
- (e) An Offeror’s final auction price at the close of the reverse auction will be considered its final price proposal revision. No price revisions will be accepted after the close of the reverse auction, unless the Contracting Officer decides that further discussions are

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needed and final price proposal revisions are again requested in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 15.307, or the Contracting Officer determines that it would be in the best interest of the Government to re-open the auction.

(f) The following requirements apply when the Government uses a commercial web-based product to conduct the reverse auction:

(1) Each Offeror identified by the Contracting Officer as a participant in the reverse auction will be contacted by Defense Logistic Agency's commercial reverse auction service provider to advise the Offeror of the event and to provide an explanation of the process.

(2) In order for an Offeror to participate in the reverse auction, such Offeror must agree with terms and conditions of the entire solicitation, including this provision, and agree to the commercial reverse auction service provider's terms and conditions for using its service. Information concerning the reverse auction process and the commercial service provider's terms and conditions is embedded within the email notification sent by the on-line reverse auction pricing tool system administrator.

(3) Offerors shall secure the passwords and other confidential materials provided by the commercial reverse auction service provider or the Government and ensure they are used only for purposes of participation in the reverse auction. Offerors shall keep their own and other Offeror's pricing in confidence until after contract award.

(4) The reverse auction system currently in use designates offers as "Lead," meaning the current low price in that auction, or "Not Lead," meaning not the current low price in that auction. In the event of a tie offer, the reverse auction provider's system designates the first offer of that price as "Lead" and the second or subsequent offer of that price as "Not Lead." Offerors shall not submit a tie offer, since this is inconsistent with the purpose of the reverse auction. If a tie offer is submitted and no evaluation factors other than price were identified in the solicitation, the "Not Lead" Offeror that submitted the tie offer must offer a changed price; otherwise its offer will be ineligible for award if their final price in the auction is the tie offer price. If evaluation factors in addition to price were listed in the solicitation, tie offers that are "Not Lead" will be considered and evaluated in accordance with those evaluation factors.

(5) Any Offerors unable to enter pricing through the commercial reverse auction service provider's system during a reverse auction must notify the Contracting Officer or designated representative immediately. The Contracting Officer may, at his/her sole discretion, extend or re-open the reverse auction if the reason for the Offeror's inability to enter pricing is determined to be without fault on the part of the Offeror and outside the Offeror's control.

(6) The reverse auction will be conducted using the commercial reverse auction service provider's website as embedded in the email notification. Offerors shall be responsible for providing their own computer and internet connection.

(7) Training:

(i) The commercial reverse auction service provider and/or a Government representative will provide familiarization training to Offerors' employees; this training may be provided through written material, the commercial reverse auction service provider's website, and/or other means.

(ii) An employee of an Offeror who successfully completes the training shall be designated as a "Trained Offeror." Only Trained Offerors may participate in a reverse auction. The Contracting Officer reserves the right to request that Offerors provide an alternate Offeror employee to become a Trained Offeror. The Contracting Officer also reserves the right to take away the Trained Offeror's designation from any Trained Offeror who fails to abide by the solicitation's or commercial reverse auction service provider's terms and conditions.

52.216-1 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984) – FAR

The Government contemplates award of a Fixed Price with EPA Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity Contract resulting from this solicitation.

52.233-9001 DISPUTES: AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR) (NOV 2011) – DLAD

(a) The parties agree to negotiate with each other to try to resolve any disputes that may arise. If unassisted negotiations are unsuccessful, the parties will use alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques to try to resolve the dispute. Litigation will only be considered as a last resort when ADR is unsuccessful or has been documented by the party rejecting ADR to be inappropriate for resolving the dispute.

(b) Before either party determines ADR inappropriate, that party must discuss the use of ADR with the other party. The documentation rejecting ADR must be signed by an official authorized to bind the contractor (see Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.233-1), or, for the Agency, by the contracting officer, and approved at a level above the contracting officer after consultation with the ADR Specialist and with legal. Contractor personnel are also encouraged to include the ADR Specialist in their discussions with the contracting officer before determining ADR to be inappropriate.

(c) The offeror should check here to opt out of this clause:

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[] Alternate wording may be negotiated with the contracting officer.

52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998) – FAR

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es): <http://farsite.hill.af.mil/>

The following additional provisions are incorporated by REFERENCE:

Provision Number	Title	Date
DFARS 252.204-7	System for Award Management	Jul 2013
DFARS 252.204-7008	Compliance with Safeguarding Covered Defense Information	Aug 2015
FAR 52.209-7	Information Regarding Responsibility Matters	Jul 2013
FAR 52.225-25	Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Sanctioned Activities Relating to Iran—Representation and Certification.	DEC 2012
FAR 52.227-1	Authorization and Consent	DEC 2007
FAR 52.227-2	Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement	DEC 2007
DLAD 52.233-9000	Agency Protests	NOV 2011

SECTION D - PACKAGING AND MARKING

52.211-9033 PACKAGING AND MARKING REQUIREMENTS (APR 2008) DLAD

52.247-9012 REQUIREMENTS FOR TREATMENT OF WOOD PACKAGING MATERIAL (WPM) (FEB 2007) DLAD

SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

252.246-7000 MATERIAL INSPECTION AND RECEIVING REPORT (MAR 2008) DFARS

SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

252.203-7000 REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (SEP 2011) DFARS

252.203-7002 REQUIREMENT TO INFORM EMPLOYEES OF WHISTLEBLOWER RIGHTS (SEP 2013) DFARS

252.204-7003 CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL WORK PRODUCT (APR 1992) DFARS

52.215-08 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE - UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT (OCT 1997) FAR

52.222-50 COMBATTING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (MAR 2015) FAR

52.223-18 ENCOURAGING CONTRACTOR POLICIES TO BAN TEXT MESSAGING WHILE DRIVING (AUG 2011) FAR

52.232-25 PROMPT PAYMENT (JUL 2013) FAR

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52.233-03 PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG 1996) FAR

52.233-04 APPLICABLE LAW FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT CLAIM (OCT 2004) FAR

52.244-06 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (APR 2015) FAR

252.222-7007 REPRESENTATION REGARDING COMBATING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (JAN 2015) DFARS

252.225-7048 EXPORT CONTROLLED ITEMS (JUN 2013) DFARS

(a) *Definition.* "Export-controlled items," as used in this clause, means items subject to the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) (15 CFR Parts 730-774) or the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) (22 CFR Parts 120-130). The term includes:

- (1) "Defense items," defined in the Arms Export Control Act, 22 U.S.C. 2778(j)(4)(A), as defense articles, defense services, and related technical data, and further defined in the ITAR, 22 CFR Part 120.
- (2) "Items," defined in the EAR as "commodities", "software", and "technology," terms that are also defined in the EAR, 15 CFR 772.1.

(b) The Contractor shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding export-controlled items, including, but not limited to, the requirement for contractors to register with the Department of State in accordance with the ITAR. The Contractor shall consult with the Department of State regarding any questions relating to compliance with the ITAR and shall consult with the Department of Commerce regarding any questions relating to compliance with the EAR.

(c) The Contractor's responsibility to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding export-controlled items exists independent of, and is not established or limited by, the information provided by this clause.

(d) Nothing in the terms of this contract adds, changes, supersedes, or waives any of the requirements of applicable Federal laws, Executive orders, and regulations, including but not limited to—

- (1) The Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2401, *et seq.*);
- (2) The Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751, *et seq.*);
- (3) The International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701, *et seq.*);
- (4) The Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR Parts 730-774);
- (5) The International Traffic in Arms Regulations (22 CFR Parts 120-130); and
- (6) Executive Order 13222, as extended.

(e) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts.

(End of clause)

SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

252.203-7005 REPRESENTATION RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (NOV 2011) DFARS

52.233-9000 AGENCY PROTESTS (NOV 2011) DLAD

SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

52.211-9011 BUSINESS SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION (BSM) DELIVERY TERMS AND EVALUATION (MAY 2006) DLAD

SPE3SI-15-R-0007, Amendment 0001
Polytray Entree Ration Items

1. Page 8, Delete:

- Complete all Supplies/Prices "Schedule" sheets (Offered Prices). Please contact the contract specialist to obtain an electronic document for pricing.

Replace with:

- Complete all Supplies/Prices "Schedule" sheets (Offered Prices).

NOTE: There is no electronic pricing spreadsheet. All pricing MUST be submitted with the offer by completing the pricing and EPA charts contained within the Solicitation.

2. Page 12, Replace EPA pricing spreadsheet with the below updated spreadsheet:

Item Description	NSN	EPA Factor	\$Dollar Portion Subject To EPA	\$FIXED PRICE PORTION				
				Tier 1 (12 months)	Tier 2(12 months)	Tier 3(12 months)	Tier 4(12 months)	Tier 5(12 months)
BLUEBERRY DESSERT	8940-01-455-1872	BLUEBERRIES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
APPLE DESSERT	8940-01-455-1876	APPLES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
SPAGHETTI W/MEATBALLS	8940-01-455-1880	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PORK SAUSAGE LINKS	8905-01-455-3547	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CORNEO BF HASH	8940-01-455-3548	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CHILI W/BEANS	8940-01-470-3190	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PASTA W/SAUSAGE	8940-01-517-9823	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF BURGUNDY	8940-01-529-6635	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TACO FILLING	8940-01-529-6637	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TURKEY CUTLETS	8940-01-529-6641	TURKEY	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PULLED PORK	8940-01-537-0620	PORK	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF, ROAST W/BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-537-0628	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CHICKEN BREAST W/GRAVY	8940-01-551-6032	CHICKEN	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
BEEF & POTATOES IN CREAM GRAVY	8940-01-572-7465	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
OATMEAL, APPLE- CINNAMON	8920-01-583-4838	APPLES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
MEATBALLS AND PASTA IN BROWN GRAVY	8940-01-615-1831	BEEF	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
SOUTHWESTERN STYLE CHICKEN CHILI	8940-01-615-1835	CHICKEN	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

3. Page 24, Delete:

In addition to the components shown above, the following are also included:

<u>TRAY PACK</u> <u>ITEM</u>	<u>EPA</u> <u>FACTOR</u>	<u>ECONOMIC</u> <u>INDICATOR</u>	<u>PUBLICATION /</u> <u>PUBLISHER</u>	<u>PUBLISHED</u>	<u>BASE</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>	<u>ADJ.</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>
(No other components are included)						

Replace With:

In addition to the components shown above, the following are also included:

<u>TRAY PACK</u> <u>ITEM</u>	<u>EPA</u> <u>FACTOR</u>	<u>ECONOMIC</u> <u>INDICATOR</u>	<u>PUBLICATION /</u> <u>PUBLISHER</u>	<u>PUBLISHED</u>	<u>BASE</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>	<u>ADJ.</u> <u>UNIT</u> <u>PRICE</u>
Beef Roast w/Brown Gravy	Beef	Cap,Wedge Meat & IM Lean Pectoral Meat, BPN U35	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report/USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52-week period
Pulled Pork	Pork	Picnics, fresh Smkr trm,RS, Combo Weighted average, BPN U50	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report/USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52-week period
SW Chick Chili	Chicken	Breasts- B/S, Georgia FOB Dock Prices	USDA Broiler Market News Report(Monday Edition)/USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52-week period
Chili w/beans	Beef	IMPS 167A round Knuckle,trimmed, Weighted average, BPN U12	Weekly National Carlot Meat Report/USDA	Weekly	52-week period	52-week period
Blueberry Dessert	Blue berries	Frozen, 30lb f.o.b. Michigan	The Food Institute Report Monthly Price Range/USDA	Monthly	12-month period	12-month period
Apple Dessert	Apples	Frozen, 30lb f.o.b. Northwest	The Food Institute Report Monthly Price Range/USDA	Monthly	12-month period	12-month period
Oatmeal Apple Cinnamon	Apples	Frozen, 30lb f.o.b. Northwest	The Food Institute Report Monthly Price Range/USDA	Monthly	12-month period	12-month period